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SPOKESMAN OF THE SERVICES
SINCE 1863

JOURNAL

VOL. LXXXI—No. 51—WHOLE No. 3231
Est. as 2nd class matter at P. O. at Washington, D. C.
Add entry Baltimore, Md., under Act of March 3, 1879

Washington, D. C., August 19, 1944

ONE YEAR SERVICE INDIVIDUALS \$4.00
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The War Program

AGO CASUALTY SECTION

THROUGH the untiring efforts of Maj. Gen. James A. Ullo, The Adjutant General, and through the faithful cooperation of the officers and civilian personnel of the Casualty Section of the Adjutant General's Office, headed by Col. George F. Herbert, a fast-working, smoothly-running system of recording casualties, notifying families and supplying subsequent information has been evolved.

Staffed by 65 officers and 2,200 civilian employees, the section operates seven days a week, 24 hours a day, receiving from overseas notification of men listed as casualties either in the form of machine punch cards brought by air in the charge of a commissioned courier or in the form of cable or radiogram messages. Of those now received, 95 per cent are machine punch cards prepared in the theater of operations.

In the case of each casualty, telegraphic notification is made to the emergency addressee shown on the individual's record card, followed during the next 24 hours by a letter of confirmation. In the case of those wounded, injured or ill, enclosed in this letter is a special "Message of Cheer" form enabling those notified to send to the man a five-word message which is enabled immediately to the hospital where he is receiving treatment. This personal message, which is probably the greatest single morale factor employed in the system, was the idea of General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, and was instituted at his specific request.

At the expiration of 15 days, and every 15 days thereafter as long as the man remains in a casualty status, progress reports are sent to the emergency addressee. Once a month these letters are accompanied with another "Message of Cheer" form. In addition to these the letter following telegraphic notification has given the APO address of the man at the hospital where he is receiving treatment.

Casualty notices as received from overseas are divided into the following categories: killed in action, wounded in action, seriously wounded, slightly wounded, seriously injured, slightly injured, missing in action, missing and seriously ill. The extent of wound or injury is indicated by three code letters appearing on each card or cablegram received from overseas. Each man, before leaving for overseas, has completed Form 43, which indicates the individual he wishes notified in case of emergency. This becomes the basis of his casualty record, should he become a casualty, and to it is added all subsequent information received. This record is maintained as long as he remains in a casualty status. His record card has followed him to the port of embarkation and immediately went back to the AGO when he embarked for overseas.

It is most difficult to obtain specific information about the missing. In 99 per cent of these cases the records are dependent on information obtained from the enemy as to their status. At 90-day intervals letters are sent emergency addressees of missing personnel, whether

(Please turn to Page 1536)

"Fight Pay" Is Opposed
By Navy Department

Recommending against enactment of legislation which would provide "fight pay" for members of the armed forces in combat areas, the Navy Department has told the Senate Military Affairs Committee that it opposes in principle granting of extra pay "for the performance of any military duty in time of war."

Secretary of the Navy Forrestal told the committee that it was recognized that extra pay is paid to air crews, to submarine crews and to divers and that "there is no desire to disturb the favorable effect of such provisions," but at the same time indicated that there should be no extension of extra pay.

The President and the War Department also are opposed to the "fight pay" principle, communications to the Senate committee revealed.

Senator Tobey, N. H., and Representative Weiss, Pa., introduced in their respective Houses bills which would provide an addition of 50 per cent to base pay for persons actually engaged in combat.

Expressing opposition to the measures, the War Department sponsored a substitute proposal providing additional pay for holders of the Combat Infantryman Badge and Expert Infantryman Badge. This proposal, which became law 30 June, gives \$10 a month to holders of the combat badge and \$5 a month to holders of the expert badge. Although the act authorizes award to members of other combat ground forces than the Infantry, the extension is not mandatory and the War Department is confining award of the badges and the accompanying pay to members of Infantry regiments and to certain other ground units that may be assigned to the Infantry.

The Navy and Marine Corps did not desire inclusion in the badge pay act.

Following the enactment of the badge pay act, the War and Navy Departments sent formal letters of disapproval of the Tobey "fight pay" bill to the Senate Military Committee.

The War Department's letter repeated the argument that the bill would be difficult to administer which the department had advanced during hearings on the badge pay bill, and declared that the Tobey-Weiss bills would be discriminatory unless they were retroactive and unless they also included those who are hospitalized for injuries in combat. All persons in the military service are equally liable for combat, the department stated, and therefore those actually so assigned should not be given additional pay. The department's letter stated that the adverse report had approval of the Bureau of the Budget.

The letter of Secretary of the Navy Forrestal said that the Navy Department opposed the bill, but suggested modifications if Congress desired to consider them. However, the letter concluded by declaring that the Bureau of the Budget had informed the Navy Department that the bill "either in its present form or if amended as suggested, should not be considered as being in ac-

(Please turn to Page 1545)

"Priority" For Discharge

There was discussion in Washington this week to the effect that President Roosevelt and the Joint Chiefs of Staff have worked out a plan under which post-war discharges will be based on a system of "priority points."

The proposal, it is said, involves a system under which a certain number of "points" would be credited to a man for service overseas, a certain number based on total length of service, points for campaigns in which he engaged, and others based on his marital status, number of dependents, etc. Those with the greatest number of points would be released from service first.

James F. Byrnes, director of the Office of War Mobilization, told the Senate Post-war committee this week that "fair standards" have been established for the discharge of service personnel as soon as the Axis is defeated. He said that service men have been interviewed to ascertain their views and that these have been taken into account in formulating the plan. He said that 90 per cent of those interviewed have urged that men who have been in combat be released first and that a priority status be given to those who have dependents at home.

Meanwhile, the *Journal of the American Medical Association*, organ of organized medicine, announced that a survey it had conducted revealed that there is a feeling that there is a necessity of improving medical school curriculums, the early release during demobilization period of physicians on medical school faculties, and provisions of further education for discharged medical officers.

Navy Selection Board

Selection panels to consider lieutenants of the line and staff corps of the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve for promotion to Lieutenant commander convened in the Navy Department on 10 Aug., and other boards, to consider officers for promotion to other grades are soon to follow.

Certified to the lieutenant-to-lieutenant commander panels for review were names of lieutenants whose date of rank in that grade was 1 October 1942, or earlier. It is expected that the panels will complete their work in about one month. The officers promoted will therefore have had about two years' service in grade at time of promotion.

Next panels to meet will review lieutenant commanders of the line and staff corps of the Naval Reserve for promotion to commander, and commanders of the line and staff corps of the Reserve for promotion to captain.

Praise Truck Drivers

In the invasion of France, "GI truck drivers carved a well-earned place for themselves in the invasion, the greatest transportation maneuver in all military history," according to Maj. Gen. Frank S. Ross, USA, Chief of Transportation in the European Theater of Operations. The "traffic manager" for the invasion explained that "without truck convoys speeding day and night to points of embarkation we could not have been ready on time."

Service Pay Revision
Bill Enactment Seen

Hopes were expressed at the Capitol this week that the Merritt Bill, which makes far-reaching changes to the service pay act, will receive final Congressional approval before Congress again recesses.

The bill, H. R. 1506, is now resting between the House and Senate, with the House having to determine whether the bill will go to conference for adjustment of amendments added by the Senate or whether the amendments will be accepted by the House without conference.

The measure, introduced early in the 78th Congress as a relatively minor amendment to the pay act of 16 June, 1942, was expanded into a vehicle for a wholesale revision of the act by the House Military Committee, and was passed by the House on 7 Feb. Many other amendments were added by the Senate Military Committee, and the measure passed the Senate on 22 June on the eve of adjournment of Congress for the political conventions.

Congress is now in session, but expects to recess again after disposal of demobilization legislation, probably until after election day.

Chairman May of the House Military Committee stated that as soon as a sufficient number of his committee was in Washington, a meeting would be called at which it would be decided whether to accept the Senate amendments or to ask for a conference.

If a conference is asked, there is a possibility—although a remote one—that a provision crediting officers with pay for their service at the Military, Naval and Coast Guard Academies will be reinserted.

This provision was added by the Senate Military Committee but was stricken out when H. R. 1503 passed the Senate on 22 June. Technically, the matter is not therefore in dispute between the House and Senate at all, but the parliamentary situation would permit its reinsertion if the conferees so desired and if the House and Senate would accept such a conference report.

This parliamentary situation results from the fact that the Senate Committee did not offer its amendments to specific parts of the Merritt Bill—in which case only those amendments could be the subject of a conference committee's compromises—but instead struck out all the Merritt Bill after the enacting clause and inserted its own text, thus giving a possible conference wide latitude.

The bill, as passed by the Senate, would, among other provisions:

Make permanent the right of officers to count prior enlisted service for pay purposes.

Give warrant officers and enlisted men the right to count all the types of service for pay purposes which officers may count.

Permit service in the old Medical Reserve Corps and Dental Reserve Corps to be counted for pay.

Raise the pay of chief engineers of the Army Mine Planter Service to equal

(Please turn to Page 1545)

Censorship of Reading Material

Washington *Star*—"The legislation to 'protect' servicemen from political propaganda, known as the Taft amendment to the soldier vote law, was intended to serve a useful purpose. But in its practical application the amendment has been reduced to an absurdity, and it is gratifying, therefore, to learn that it is to be substantially modified."

Raleigh *News and Observer*—"The men in the armed forces ought to be as free as citizens to read what they choose and see what moving pictures they like. Any restraint is un-American and contrary to the Bill of Rights."

St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*—"Merely because they now wear a uniform should not mean that they are no longer able to resist the guile of the politicians."

Baltimore *Sun*—"The cure is in correcting the law itself, so that it truly represents the intent of the Senate."

New Haven *Register*—"It should not be beyond the legislative skill of Congress to block the flow of

obvious political propaganda without banning newspapers, books and movies of general circulation."

New York *Herald Tribune*—"The trouble is not in the administration of the act but in the act itself, inspired as it was by a purely negative attempt to isolate the soldier from the normal play of American political and public life."

Chicago *Sun*—"The censorship should be repealed. Servicemen are not children. The only protection they need against political propaganda is their own good sense and self-respect."

Scranton *Tribune*—"America's fighting men don't need to have their intellectual and entertainment fare extraordinarily screened, sifted, selected and censored. What, by general standards, goes for the American public, they can take in their stride. The sooner this situation is straightened out the better."

Washington *Post*—"The agreement to modify the Taft amendment so as to ease the restrictions on reading matter and films supplied to our troops is a triumph of good judgment."

Miami *Herald*—"Imagine the panning we would

give Russia or Britain, and the dire significance we would read into such action, if they refused to permit the sale of United States newspapers and magazines at camps where their soldiers are located here."

New York *Times*—"If a 'contentious' book on politics is being widely read by the civilian population, there is no good reason why it should not be made available to our soldiers too. They are citizens as well as soldiers."

St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*—"The best way for the Senators to correct their political propaganda clause is to repeal it in its entirety."

Detroit *Free Press*—"The War and Navy Departments aren't to blame. They are simply leaning over backward to prevent any misinterpretation of the act. The basic error is in the law itself."

Memphis *Commercial Appeal*—"It is just about time to start treating the men and women in the services as adults and patriotic citizens fully capable of protecting themselves against ideas as they are of protecting the rest of us against the Germans and the Japs."

Service Nominations

President Roosevelt yesterday sent to the Senate a group of nominations to temporary general and flag ranks in the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps, as follows:

ARMY

To be Lieutenant General

Maj. Gen. Alexander McC. Patch

Brigadier Generals to be Major Generals

Donald A. Stroh Walter A. Wood
James G. Christensen Samuel E. Anderson
Ben M. Sawbridge William F. Tompkins
Clinton F. Robinson Verne D. Mudge
Paul L. Williams Sidney P. Spalding

Colonels to be Brigadier Generals

Ernest Moore Alvin R. Lueddecke
Robert S. Israel Arthur G. Trudeau
Thomas C. Darcy George W. Sliney
George D. Pence Homer Leroy Sanders
Roy C. L. Graham Joe L. Loutzenheiser
William W. Ford Truman C. Thorson
George H. Decker Evans R. Crowell
Robert M. Cannon Charles E. Hart
John F. Uncles William L. Ritter
Riley F. Ennis John Weckerling
Burdette M. Fitch Carroll O. Bickelhaupp
John P. McConnell Andrew F. McIntyre
Winslow C. Morse Edward N. Backus
Robert G. Card
Carter B. Magruder

NAVY

Captains to Rear Admiral

Frank J. Wille Carl A. Trexel
Albert M. Penn John L. McCrea
Captains to be Commodores
Virgil E. Korns Oliver O. Kessing
Edmond J. Moran

MARINE CORPS

Col. Franklin A. Hart, USMC, to be a brigadier general.

Promote Prisoners of War

Over the opposition of the War and Navy Departments the Senate Military Committee this week reported legislation providing automatic promotions for American prisoners held by the Japanese. Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard below the grade of colonel or corresponding rank in the other services, and each warrant officer and enlisted man below the grade of master sergeant or corresponding grade in the other services, who was serving in the Philippines, Wake or Guam on 8 Dec. 1941, and is now a prisoner of war. Promotion of one grade as of 8 Dec. 1942, is provided for, with an added one-grade promotion on the 8th of December of each succeeding year during imprisonment.

Personnel receiving special pay because of aviation, submarine or similar duty would have this pay continued during imprisonment.

Army Turns to Mules

The Quartermaster Corps is purchasing approximately 2,000 mules for the use of the armed forces.

The mules, of the type most suitable for use as pack animals, are of somewhat smaller stature than those required for draft purposes. They usually weigh from 1,000 to 1,150 pounds, and are capable of carrying loads weighing from 200 to 250 pounds. They will be procured mainly

through the Remount Areas Headquarters at Lexington, Ky., and San Angelo, Texas.

In making the announcement, the War Department said:

"Far from being outmoded by mobile warfare, the mule is proving more valuable than ever to the Army for supply transportation over rough terrain such as has been encountered in Sicily, Italy and Burma."

"In addition to his sure-footedness on mountain trails, the mule is seldom disturbed by the noises of battle when working under combat conditions. Once his reluctance to boarding an air transport or landing craft is overcome, he usually stands quietly and gives little trouble while being transported."

Joint Use of Airfields

An agreement has been reached between the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy governing the construction, maintenance, upkeep, and repairs of buildings, runways, grounds, etc., and the operation of utilities at jointly occupied Army-Navy airfield.

In the case of field under the Navy's jurisdiction, the agreement provides:

"The Navy shall provide for the construction of all facilities required for approved Army operations at air bases currently under the jurisdiction of the Navy, using Navy standards of construction. The Army will submit to the Navy for approval a written request for desired construction of facilities or the acquisition of necessary land and after approval, the Navy will submit to the Army a Standard Form No. 1080 for the estimated amount of the project. Plans and specifications may be prepared and bids taken but no contract will be awarded until the Army deposits with the Navy a sum equal to the estimated cost of the project. If the amount deposited with the Navy be more than the total project cost, the difference will be returned to the Army. Likewise, if the total project cost be more than the original estimated cost, the Navy will submit to the Army a supplemental Standard Form No. 1080 for an amount equal to the deficiency. Ownership of the facilities will be considered as remaining in the Navy."

The provisions for fields under Army jurisdiction are exactly the same as the above, reversing the names of the services.

The operation of utilities will be effected under the control of the Service having jurisdiction of the base. However, this does not preclude the other Service from performing its own minor maintenance and policing of those facilities exclusively used by it.

Destroyer Escort Lost

The Navy Department revealed this week that the USS Fiske was recently sunk in the Atlantic by a submarine torpedo. Lt. John A. Comly, USNR, was in command of the vessel when she was sunk. He is reported to have been among the survivors.

Interview Gen. Wainwright

The International Red Cross reported this week that its representatives recently interviewed Lt. Gen. Jonathan Wainwright and two other American officers in prison camps on Formosa. The other two were Brig. Gen. Lewis C. Beebe and Capt. George T. Schooley.

General Wainwright was quoted as saying that conditions in his camp are

"as good as can be reasonably expected." He said that Red Cross supplies have been found useful, but that more canned food and warm clothing would be welcomed. General Beebe said that one Red Cross food parcel a month is needed for each prisoner because their diet is deficient in protein and fats. Captain Schooley declared that towels, socks, raincoats and toilet articles are wanted by the prisoners.

Navy Retirements

Retirement of a long list of naval officers and warrant officers, including a rear admiral of the Medical Corps and a commodore of the line was approved by the President this week, to be effective from 1 Aug.

Delay in approval of the retirements was due to Mr. Roosevelt's absence from the country.

The officers retired, Regular Navy unless otherwise indicated, were:

For Physical Disability

Comm. L. P. Johnson	Ens. L. A. Haidt,
Capt. R. S. Crenshaw	USNR
Capt. R. H. Henkle	Ens. C. A. Johnson,
Capt. G. D. Hull	USNR
Capt. W. J. Lee,	Ens. D. O. Kringel,
USNR	USNR
Capt. T. S. McCloy	Ens. I. Nienow, USNR
Comdr. D. C. Burroughs, USNR	Ens. S. Oldick, USNR
Comdr. H. J. Meneratti	Ens. C. M. Roe, USNR
Comdr. T. A. Baldwin	Ens. K. D. Swander,
Lt. Comdr. D. H. Dalton, USNR	Jr., USNR
Lt. Comdr. W. W. Shea	Ens. E. Wellman,
Lt. E. H. Bacon, USNR	USNR
Lt. W. G. Cooper, Jr., USNR	Ens. H. B. West,
Lt. E. R. Ewer, USNR	USNR
Lt. W. G. Jackson,	Ens. J. T. Yeiser,
Lt. H. M. Marver,	USNR
Lt. O. M. Mitchell,	Ch. Elec. H. C. Boots
Lt. J. A. Ravella,	Ch. Mach. H. H. Samuel,
Lt. N. C. Sutton,	USNR
Lt. (jg) H. S. Lichtenstein, USNR	Act. Pay Clk. H. W. Baxter
Lt. (jg) D. G. Lord,	Carp. J. C. Conner
Lt. (jg) J. K. Moore,	Bots. C. C. Goodwin
Lt. (jg) H. E. Orwick,	Mach. D. Young
Lt. (jg) P. Pappas,	Rear Adm. G. C. Thomas (MC)
Lt. (jg) C. L. Reeves,	Capt. G. F. Clark
Lt. (jg) A. D. Rice,	(MC)
Ens. J. A. Bayard,	Lt. Comdr. D. G. Hamilton, SC-V(S),
USNR	USNR
Ens. J. G. Bryant,	Lt. Comdr. C. M. Longstreth, MC-V
USNR	(S), USNR
Ens. A. P. Eubank,	Lt. Comdr. C. G. Theleck, SC-V(S),
USNR	USNR
64 Year Retirements	Lt. P. C. Davis (SC)
Capt. W. J. Riddick,	Lt. (jg) J. L. Walker,
Lt. H. F. McCarty	MC-V(S), USNR
	Ens. D. G. Bartram,
	SC-V(S), USNR
	Ens. M. Jarman, CEC-
	V(S), USNR
	Ens. J. A. Tasonis,
	(HC)
	Pay Clk. R. L. Abbas,
	SC-V(G), USNR
	Carp. J. J. Linker,
	CEC-V(S), USNR

Maintenance is a war job—your war job. So make it easier for yourself. Remember that Preventive Maintenance is the easiest maintenance.

Army Forces in Northern France

Dispatches from General Dwight D. Eisenhower's forces in France this week reported that Lt. Gen. Omar N. Bradley has been placed in command of all American fighting forces there.

The First Army, which General Bradley formerly commanded, is now commanded by Lt. Gen. Courtney H. Hodges, while the Third Army, whose presence was just announced, is commanded by Lt. Gen. George S. Patton, Jr.

Two other commands also were announced: Maj. Gen. Wade H. Haislip as commander of the Fifteenth Corps, and Maj. Gen. Edward H. Brooks as commander of the Second Armored Division.

Subsequently, Supreme Headquarters emphasized that there has been no change in the status of General Sir Bernard L. Montgomery as Deputy Commander, issuing a statement as follows:

"It is officially stated at Supreme Headquarters that the announcement of General Bradley's command of the Twelfth Army Group in no way affects the position of General Montgomery as over-all commander of all Allied ground forces in France under General Eisenhower."

Compulsory Military Training

Compulsory military training of American youth in peace times was advocated by Secretary of War Stimson in a letter to Warren H. Atherton, national commander of the American Legion, which the latter made public this week.

The Secretary said that such peace time military draft would be "the strongest possible assurance to the rest of the world that in the future America will be not only willing but able and ready to take its part with the peace-loving nations in resisting lawless aggression and in assuring peaceful world order." He continued:

"If we wish to protect our nation and our democratic way of life, we must have a state of military action in shortest possible time. This means that the youth of the nation must have had the greater part of its military training before mobilization."

"The alternative to this would be a large standing army. But it is traditional to our democracy to maintain a relatively small regular army and in a major emergency to depend, in the main on the citizen in arms."

Truman Urges Single Dept.

Consolidation of the War and Navy Departments into a single department of National Security was urged this week by Senator Harry S. Truman, democratic Vice Presidential nominee and former chairman of the Senate War Investigating Committee. Writing in the current issue of *Collier's* magazine, Senator Truman presented evidence obtained by the Truman committee which he said shows division of authority between the services.

He cited instances of competition in procurement and of wastage in conflict. "The end, of course, must be the integration of every element of America's defense in one department, under one authoritative, responsible head," he wrote. He urged that cadets at the Military Academy and midshipmen at the Naval Academy should at some point in their service transfer from one academy to the other.

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Senate Confirms Gen. Patton

Acting promptly upon receipt of information that Lt. Gen. George S. Patton, Jr., as commanding general of the Third Army, had led the successful breakthrough across the Breton peninsula and on into central France, the Senate Military Affairs Committee this week reported and the Senate confirmed the nomination of General Patton, a permanent colonel of Cavalry, as a permanent major general.

The nomination had been pending in the Senate since last October, having been submitted with the nomination of 13 other officers for permanent general officer appointments. The Senate committee took no action on the nomination because of the incident in which General Patton slapped a soldier in hospital in Sicily.

In contrast to the long delay, the reporting of the nomination, its confirmation by the Senate and the notification of the confirmation to the President occurred in less than an hour, on 15 Aug.

Eight members of the Military Committee, including Senator Chandler, Ky., who previously had opposed the confirmation, voted to promote General Patton. They were: Chairman Reynolds, N. C.; Thomas, Utah; Johnson, Colo.; Hill, Ala.; Downey, Calif.; Chandler, Ky.; Murray, Mont., and Gurney, S. Dak.

Technically, two nominations were considered in promoting General Patton. One advanced Col. George S. Patton, Jr., Cav., to brigadier general with rank from 1 Sept. 1943, filling the vacancy created by the promotion of Brig. Gen. Henry H. Arnold to major general. The second advanced Brigadier General Patton to major general, with rank from 2 Sept. 1943, succeeding Maj. Gen. Philip B. Peyton, who retired.

When Senator Chandler asked consideration of the nominations by the Senate, Senator Langer, N. Dak., influenced by Mr. Chandler's earlier opposition to the promotion, objected to the proceedings.

The following colloquy occurred:

Senator Chandler: General Eisenhower has announced that since 3 Aug. General Patton has been in charge of an army which has driven roughshod over the Germans in Normandy and Brittany. When the nominations were originally sent to the Senate I opposed them for the reason that General Eisenhower had reported to the Secretary of War that General Patton had slapped an American soldier. I felt that such harsh treatment of an American soldier was unjust, unwarranted, and in the words used by General Eisenhower, indefensible and reprehensible. On the basis of that report I led the fight, if there was one, in the Military Affairs Committee against confirmation of the nomination. Since then circumstances have changed. I have never doubted the accuracy of the statements which have been made to me by soldiers all over the world to the effect that General Patton is a brave and courageous soldier. At this hour he is perhaps the greatest tank soldier in the world. His exploits in Tunisia and Sicily were magnificent. General Eisenhower weighed his services to his country and the intrepid leadership which he had displayed against what I have already referred to as his indefensible acts. He is now leading our American boys in the tanks to Paris, in what may prove to be an eventful victory of our arms. I have changed my mind, and I think on the basis of his record and what he has accomplished he is now entitled to be promoted. Other officers have been promoted to the rank of brigadier gen-

eral or major general. These nominations have been pending since some time last year. I would not wish to say to an American officer who is facing the enemy and driving forward at the head of American soldiers, and who has demonstrated great leadership and ability, that he must not be promoted. However, if circumstances had not changed from what they were when the matter was originally presented to the committee, I would not vote to promote him.

Mr. President, the members of the committee did not vote to reconsider the action because no action had ever been taken. The members had merely declined to pass upon the nominations. I have recently consulted with the majority leader and the minority leader, and they have no objection to the consideration of the nominations. If the Senator from North Dakota wishes to have consideration of the nominations postponed to a later date while General Patton is leading his forces in Europe, and debate the nomination at some future time, I am perfectly willing to engage in such debate, and it will occur at the next meeting of the Senate.

Mr. Langer. Mr. President, in view of the Senator's statement that members of the committee voted unanimously to report the nominations—

Mr. Chandler. The Senator is correct. No objection has been made by any member of the committee.

Mr. Langer. In view of the record which the Senator from Kentucky has presented to us, I gladly withdraw my objection. I had no personal feelings with regard to the situation.

Mr. Chandler. I thank the Senator.

Mr. Langer. I merely wish to explain that in view of the absence of a great many Senators it had occurred to me that we should postpone consideration of the matter until more Senators were present.

Mr. Chandler. I thank the able Senator from North Dakota.

Mr. President. I ask that the nominations be confirmed, and that the President be notified forthwith.

Mr. Langer. Before that is done, I might say that my attitude was largely influenced by the very fact that the Senator led the fight.

Mr. Chandler. I did; but the circumstances have changed and, therefore, I have changed my position.

Mr. Langer. I had much confidence in the Senator, and what he said at that time made a great impression upon my mind.

Mr. Chandler. I thank the Senator.

Mr. President, my request was that, as in executive session, the nominations be confirmed, and that the President be notified forthwith.

The Presiding Officer. Unanimous consent has been asked that action be taken immediately upon these nominations as in executive session. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Reorganize Air Surgeon's Office

Partial reorganization of the Air Surgeon's office and reassignment of key officers of the Medical Service, Army Air Force, was announced today by the War Department.

Brig. Gen. Charles R. Glenn, Surgeon of the Army Air Force Training Command, was assigned Deputy Air Surgeon on the staff of Maj. Gen. David N. W. Grant, the Air Surgeon, effective 15 Aug. He succeeded Col. Walter S. Jensen, who has been assigned to an important post overseas.

Other new assignments are: Col. Henry C. Chenaunt, Executive Officer, has been named Director of Professional Services; Col. Oliver K. Niess, Base Surgeon and Commanding Officer of the Regional State Hospital, Mitchell Field, N. Y., has been named Director of Administration, and Col. Richard L. Mellings, Special Assistant to the Air Surgeon.

The reorganization places the Director of Administration over the Operations, Personnel and Supply Divisions; while the Director of Professional Services will supervise the Professional, Aviation Medicine, Convalescent Training, Research and Statistics Division.

Two divisions have received new designations. The Medical Services Division will be called hereafter the Professional Division and the former Professional Division will be known as the Aviation Medicine Division.

The status of the division chiefs remains unchanged. The chiefs are: Col. George L. Ball, Aviation Medicine Division; Col. Howard A. Rusk, Convalescent Training Division; Col. George F. Baier, III, Operations Division; Col. E. L. Gann, Personnel Division; Col. William P. Holbrook, Professional Division; Col. Loyd E. Griffiths, Research Division; Col. Joseph Berkson, Statistics Division; Col. Gustave E. Ledfors, Supply Division, and Maj. William H. Perkins, Office Services.

Gen. Somervell Tells of Needs

Lt. Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, Commanding General, Army Service Forces, spoke recently before the Management-Labor Committee of the War Manpower Commission, following which Chairman McNutt announced that he had given "concrete evidence" of the shortages of essential war materials on the battlefields.

General Somervell, stressing the need for artillery ammunition and gun liners, declared that heavy artillery, rather than air power, broke deadlocks at Anzio, Cassino, and in Normandy. He said that last January the Army had set about increasing its program for more guns of larger caliber.

One general had to call off 100 air missions because he "didn't have the right type of bombs," General Somervell reported. "Now, although we may be long on certain types of bombs, we're short on the ones that were needed for those 100 missions," the general told the committee.

General Somervell said he had a telegram from another general stating that 3,500 heavy trucks have had to be abandoned "because he can't keep them up any longer and they have to be replaced."

In another theater of war, General Somervell said, four-ton dump trucks are badly needed. "We had to tell the general that we couldn't furnish him with the four-ton dump trucks that he wanted, because we don't have them," General Somervell said.

The General said that "on the whole" the Army is in fine shape with respect to supplies. He emphasized, however, that the Army is short in about 320 critical items and that there are about a dozen items which merit special attention from a standpoint of manpower.

The General said thousands of miles of pipe, 80,000 heavy trucks, tires, ammunition of various types, tanks, aircraft equipment, radar and radio equipment, construction equipment, tractors, artillery cranes, derricks, bulldozers and shovels are some of the war materials in which there are shortages.

Buttressing his plea for production increases of cranes, derricks and essential engineering supplies, the General said that demolition carried out by the Germans in the ports of Naples and Cherbourg were devastating.

In Naples, he said, the Germans sank a ship at every berth and toppled giant cranes on top of them. They destroyed bridges, signals, switches and whole sections of railroad beds. He said the Army engineers had to build platforms over sunken ships, repair railroads and rolling stock.

He compared the amount of shipping during the last war with that of this war, stating that during all of the other war General Pershing got a total of 8,800,000 tons. "We're shipping half of that amount every month now," he added.

Post-war Armaments

Declaring that the "prattling of our pacifists" has caused many deaths in this war and will cause many more before it is over, Rear Adm. Thomas L. Gatch, USN, Judge Advocate General of the Navy, urged that we keep up our armaments and not let them fall below par as we did prior to this war. Admiral Gatch spoke 14 Aug. at Willamette University, Salem, Oregon, when he was presented with the degree of Doctor of Laws. He said:

"The pacifists, the old ladies of both sexes, whose hearts rule their heads, are going to start another hue and cry that we must have no more war, that the Army and Navy make for war, that we of the Army and Navy are villains who are only happy when we are in war. Probably five years from now I, for instance, would not be given the opportunity to talk to anyone as I am talking to you today. If such a situation is again allowed to come about, if our armed forces are again reduced to the vanishing point, our sons will have to fight another war. We shall never find a panacea for war. In this unhappy world the only safe thing we can do is to maintain such an armament that no gangsters could have the faintest hope of getting sufficient start in an armament race."

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

Army Promotions

The following temporary promotions in the Army of the United States have been announced by the War Department:

Lt. Col. to Colonel	
R. J. Selman, MC	T. E. Terry, FA
W. D. Wise, MC	O. D. Brown, TC
H. P. Jones, GSC	C. L. Sayre, CWS
Major to Lt. Colonel	
W. F. Malloy, TC	F. M. Wallace, CE
L. W. Lundin, AGD	P. W. Holmes, MAC
E. C. Sanders, IGD	M. S. Musser, IGD
D. E. Des Rosier, Inf.	J. H. Gilmore, MC
J. L. Craig, Jr., FA	S. Lee, IGD
G. R. Parks, FA	C. H. Redman, IGD
B. P. Ramey, TC	G. E. Barham, MC
R. D. Smith, FA	F. F. Greenman, JAGD
J. B. Schmidt, TC	W. H. Lee, AUS
C. O. Hoffman, AUS	H. G. Richcreek, Sig C
J. G. Reel, TC	T. A. Timmons, MC
G. B. Bader, MC	R. C. Kimbrough, Jr., MC
M. L. Ehrmann, OD	R. H. W. Drechsel, DC
J. V. A. Easton, Inf.	M. D. Tyson, MC
K. J. Boender, AC	R. C. Youngquist, GSC
C. T. Ryan, TC	A. B. Hagner, AC
K. B. Connor, QMC	F. S. Owen, AC
D. A. Root, CE	C. E. Richardson, AGD
T. L. Deglin, GSC	F. G. Millard, AC
F. G. Schmitt, GSC	T. E. Holland, AC
C. S. Hays, Sig C	M. E. Sims, AC
J. W. Ross, Inf.	L. T. Barry, AC
E. M. Osborn, DC	A. P. Hammett, AC
C. C. Wildenstien, FD	J. W. Osborn, AC
P. M. Davis, AC	R. L. Gardner, AC
R. E. Bagby, AC	
A. I. Mader, Jr., MC	
J. Stone, FA	
A. W. Tager, Sig C	
D. A. Decker, MC	

Captain to Major

R. D. Peacock, AC	G. R. Root, AC
G. H. Connor, TC	C. E. Harris, AC
G. F. Hammer, CE	R. A. Eastwood, QMC
F. H. Jerdone, AC	K. W. Schullinger, AC
R. S. Love, FA	N. Artais, MC
D. J. Dobbs, SC	W. T. McNamara, Ch.
P. R. Ayres, AC	S. J. Mannette, AC
K. E. Bering, OD	H. A. Brooks, Inf.
W. J. Novelli, FD	F. A. Gonzalez, GSC
A. R. Cool, CE	G. A. Sweeting, CE
R. H. Dower, AC	L. W. Jordan, AC
E. J. Neaverth, DC	D. J. Freund, AC
R. N. Snow, FA	W. L. Palmer, QMC
I. M. Merritt, QMC	E. H. Driver, CWS
H. S. Adcock, Jr., AC	A. L. Butler, Jr., QMC
R. I. Hicks, AC	A. B. Klopfenstein, AC
W. E. Locke, Jr., AC	C. G. Craig, AC
G. D. Brodsky, AC	R. A. Wunsch, AC
D. A. Covone, AC	R. W. Clark, FA
S. E. Monroe, MC	E. V. Frecker, AC
H. C. Henderson, CE	J. D. Robinson, AC
W. M. Hollinger, Inf.	J. H. Wood, II, IGD
P. T. Moon, CE	D. S. McBride, AC
L. Metcalf, AC	R. M. Mennel, AC
S. P. Medbury, AC	D. C. Prater, AC
D. H. McDonald, JAGD	J. L. Chenaunt, OD
J. E. Chandler, Cav.	R. E. Avison, AC
H. E. Wedding, AC	C. F. Carney, Inf.
J. C. Suares, MC	C. E. Kelsor, AUS
J. B. Stokes, AC	J. K. Medwick, MC
C. L. Stephens, AC	F. A. Robinson, MC
C. C. Lankford, TC	L. C. Brown, AC
J. H. Ritter, TC	G. E. Hartman, AC
W. H. Foults, QMC	J. B. DuBoise, Jr., AC
C. B. Allen, AC	S. R. Chrumpton, Ch.
S. L. Rittenberg, FD	S. J. Craig, Jr., Inf.
J. D. Whittemore, FA	R. E. Sims, Inf.
R. G. Lucas, AUS	L. S. Barwick, FD
R. H. Lockwood, AC	R. H. Vaughn, AC
J. W. Faucette, CMP	S. B. Angle, QMC
P. F. Lutz, Inf.	G. R. Hill, QMC
M. K. Kellogg, QMC	J. M. Loughry, Inf.
H. H. Stanford, Jr., AC	J. W. Hunt, FA
P. J. Pernish, Inf.	L. M. Long, QMC
T. E. DeBoy, sr., AC	L. E. Derrick, AC
H. N. Welekert, DC	J. H. Gallaway, FA
R. T. Carlisle, AC	E. R. Carter, QMC
J. Haine, QMC	R. A. Flood, AC
J. Erkkila, Inf.	A. S. Hinkle, FD
C. C. Talbot, DC	C. H. Reeves, Inf.
S. W. Hawes, FA	J. T. Badger, Jr., FA
J. A. Quick, AC	J. G. Fairbank, Inf.
J. J. Strand, MAC	D. D. Randall, FD
E. M. Richardson, Inf.	W. D. Coleman, AC
K. G. Kinscherf, Jr., AC	G. R. Koona, Sig C
A. V. Granholm, AC	D. W. Smith, Inf.
H. A. Richards, FA	W. L. Sommer, CE
O. D. Hogue, Jr.	H. B. Markham, FA
A. A. Famigliotti, CE	F. B. Rector, AC
J. Hanna, AC	E. S. Hadfield, AC
R. J. Nordhaus, QMC	L. L. Littlejohn, AC
N. J. Silver, Inf.	G. R. Stortley, AC
	A. F. Gustafson, AC

(Please turn to Page 1529)

The Journal Salutes

Brig. Gen. Archie F. Howard, USMC, new commander Marine base, San Diego.

Col. Falkner Heard, USA, named deputy director War Department Bureau of Public Relations.

Lt. Alexander Vraciu, Jr., USNR, who downed 19 Jap planes, destroyed 18 others on ground.

Did You Read—

these news stories last week:

Chairman Snyder of Military Subcommittee of House Appropriations Committee discusses post-war military establishments?

Text of Secretary of War's statement on troop rotation to Rep. Ludlow, Ind.?

Navy JAG rules retired officers on active duty may not hold membership in Retired Officers Association if the association engages in influencing of legislation?

Steps by which personnel may speed delivery of newspapers, magazines outlined by Navy Department?

Enlisted, warrant personnel applying for temporary Navy warrants and commissions must state all prior duties performed?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this data from any other source.

Questions Army Morale

Concerned over reports from the China-Burma-India theater that there had been a breakdown in the morale of the famed Merrill's Marauders, Senator Reynolds, chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, this week directed a letter to the Secretary of War asking for information on the subject. His letter follows:

The reports of some of the tragic circumstances leading to the admitted breakdown of morale among the valiant volunteers of Merrill's Marauders have been brought to my attention as Chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee.

It would be of valuable assistance if your department could have prepared for me a documentation of the facts leading to the situation which inspired the news reports in the papers of Sunday, 6 August, as I feel my committee should be fully informed.

I should particularly welcome information on the following points:

1. The question of unauthorized promises of promotions, leaves of absence, and early relief for those who would volunteer for special duty in the jungles, and what action the Army expects to take or has taken to prevent and discourage future use of such "bait" to induce men to volunteer for exceptionally dangerous assignment.

2. What has now been done with the volunteers of Merrill's Marauders who volunteered for a reported "three months" special duty.

3. What has been done to improve the reported breakdown in morale and the restoration of the confidence and faith these men should have in their leaders, but which they apparently lack?

4. What fatalities, casualties, etc., were suffered by the unit as a result of the error in ordering sick men to the defense of the airport?

5. Some of the press articles spoke of officers' reports giving full details of the history of the Merrill's Marauders incident, and if these are available I am sure they would be most helpful to my committee in obtaining a clear and authentic picture of just what occurred.

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UNITED STATES ARMY

Malaria Treatment Center

A special treatment center for malaria and other tropical diseases encountered by American troops in the various theaters of operations will be opened 1 September by the Army Medical Department at the Moore General Hospital, Swannanoa, N. C.

The Moore General Hospital is being designated a medical center for the study and treatment of tropical diseases under the command of Lt. Col. Joseph M. Hayman, of Cleveland, Ohio, who has spent two years in the South Pacific studying tropical diseases, Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, The Surgeon General, said.

There will be 350 beds in the center for patients undergoing active treatment and barracks facilities for 1,100 men for the reconditioning program. It is proposed to concentrate at the new center, as far as possible, all tropical disease patients in the Army, with particular attention being paid to malaria and filariasis. Facilities are being provided for expansion of the bed capacities as required.

The new center will be under the supervision of Lt. Col. Francis R. Dieulaide, Chief of the Tropical Disease Branch of the Medicine Division of The Surgeon General's Office, headed by Brig. Gen. Hugh J. Morgan.

Sherman Tanks Use 105's

Some of the General Sherman tanks in action in France are armed with 105-mm howitzers, the War Department announced this week. The new tank is known as the M4, and this is the first time that a field artillery piece of the punching power of a 105-mm howitzer has been successfully installed in a medium tank.

Today's tank howitzer is mounted in a combination gun mount with a .30 caliber machine gun and has a 360-degree traverse. Additional armament includes another .30 caliber machinegun, a .50 caliber machinegun, a mortar, a .45 caliber sub-machinegun, hand grenades and smoke bombs.

Establish Rest Stations

Redistribution station are in the process of establishment at five selected locations in the United States for the purpose of processing personnel of the Army Ground and Service Forces returning from overseas and at the same time to give them opportunity and facilities for relaxation and diversion.

Stations are located at Miami Beach, Fla., Lake Placid, N. Y., Asheville, N. C., Hot Springs, Ark., and Santa Barbara, Calif.

The processing carried on at these stations will include complete physical examinations and evaluation of the most suitable new assignments for personnel both from the standpoint of military necessity and the physical and mental capacity of the individual. In order that this processing be conducted in surroundings conducive to rest, relaxation and diversion, about 48 resort hotels at the five named locations are being utilized. All are suitable for year-round occupancy. The system of processing will fol-

low a furlough period in which the men will have an opportunity to visit their homes.

The Miami Beach and Lake Placid stations will probably be occupied during the present month. All stations will be in operation during the month of September. It is expected that by that time a considerable number of Ground and Service Force personnel will be returned to this country under the rotation plan.

A similar project already has been established for Army Air Forces personnel and has been strikingly successful.

Status of Promotion

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) and Promotions on the Non-Promotion List Since 11 Aug. 1944

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Richard W. Cooksey, Cav. No. 54. Vacancies—None. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—Horace L. McBride, FA No. 72. Senior Lt. Col.—Daniel A. Connor, FA No. 55. Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Burwell B. Wilkes, Jr., Inf. No. 12. Last promotion to the grade of Maj.—Joseph G. Hopkins, AC No. 203. Last promotion to the grade of Capt.—John B. Richardson, Jr., Inf. No. 216. Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Thomas B. Mechling, CAC No. 575.

AAF Mep From Combat

Personnel of the Army Air Forces in all categories are being returned to the United States from overseas assignments at a rate of 5,000 a month, and each returnee is "processed" by the newly-created AAF Personnel Distribution Command, under Maj. Gen. Hubert R. Harmon, USA.

Ninety-four per cent of the rated returning officers, including pilots, bombardiers and navigators, and 82 per cent of air crew returning enlisted men, including aerial gunners and radio operators, are found to be physically fit for flying duty and are so assigned by the command's Redistribution Stations at Miami Beach, Fla.; Atlantic City, N. J.; and Santa Monica, Calif.

The announcement said that the new duty to which the returnee is assigned does not always involve the high amount of flying he had done previously. A variety of assignments awaits the returnee in the AAF, depending upon qualifications other than pilot skill. For example, the returnee pilot might become an engineering officer, operations officer, weather officer, photographic officer or serve in some other post which involves less flying but utilizes his flying experience and develops his administrative ability, thus making him a well-rounded air forces officer.

Third Service Command

Size of the Third Service Command as a military establishment was disclosed this week in a report to Maj. Gen. Philip Hayes, its commander showing that after two years of operation the Command is worth more than a billion dollars as a physical plant and costs some \$36,000,000 a year to keep in running order.

The report was submitted by Col. Earl E. Gesler, Command Engineer, who is responsible for repairs and maintenance in the tri-state network whose 850 installations range in size from an office in a leased building to a camp housing 45,000 troops.

Army Casualties

The War Department this week announced the names of 8,363 officers and enlisted men wounded in action and 1,382 missing.

A late correction by the War Department deletes the following names from those listed last week as missing in action:

1st Lt. Charles D. Heller, 2d Lt. Norman E. Howe, 1st Lt. Leonard E. Weiss, 2d Lt. Edward C. Buckley, 1st Lt. Clyde R. Tidrick, 2d Lt. Richard F. Dean, 2d Lt. Kenneth W. Verhagen, 2d Lt. Albert M. Haffenden, 2d Lt. Arthur B. Tilley, 1st Lt. Richard D. Hale, 3rd, 1st Lt. Billy B. Hollingshead.

The names of officers listed as wounded and missing are as follows:

WOUNDED IN ASIATIC AREA

1st Lt. R. E. Knudsen 2d Lt. J. J. Lynch

2d Lt. J. H. Apple-

WOUNDED IN CENTRAL PACIFIC AREA

1st Lt. A. C. Ferriera 1st Lt. R. C. McCoy

2d Lt. T. W. Slattery 2d Lt. M. A. Olsen

2d Lt. W. W. Water-

ous 1st Lt. M. Levine

2d Lt. S. L. Amato 2d Lt. C. F. Lewis

Capt. D. M. Neuman 1st Lt. R. L. Ranck

2d Lt. B. W. Hawkins 1st Lt. W. Hancock

WO F. L. Clark 1st Lt. M. J. Banck

2d Lt. A. Peck 2d Lt. M. Francisco

WOUNDED IN EUROPEAN AREA

2d Lt. W. B. Smith 1st Lt. W. H. Horan

2d Lt. O. C. Fink-

belder 1st Lt. G. E. Miles

2d Lt. H. L. Stewart

2d Lt. W. C. Beck-

with 1st Lt. E. Bernstein

Lt. Col. J. E. Casey

2d Lt. G. W. Knudson

2d Lt. J. H. Krause

2d Lt. B. L. Lackey

2d Lt. D. A. Wendt

2d Lt. W. P. Chap-

man 1st Lt. W. Ko

2d Lt. F. J. Doty

2d Lt. J. L. Goodman

2d Lt. H. R. Labrie

1st Lt. L. E. Waters

2d Lt. L. D. Bowers

2d Lt. R. H. Brown-

lee 1st Lt. B. H. Booker

1st Lt. P. F. Sanchez

2d Lt. E. F. Wilcox

1st Lt. S. E. Yuskos

1st Lt. P. E. Meneg

Capt. H. E. Clary, Jr.

1st Lt. O. A. Cowan,

Jr. 2d Lt. R. C. Jordan

Capt. H. T. Coffman

2d Lt. R. F. Daly

1st Lt. W. M. Barnum

1st Lt. T. Cortright

1st Lt. H. H. Eaton

2d Lt. B. S. Kudla

2d Lt. C. Sterba, Jr.

2d Lt. D. W. Torley

2d Lt. G. A. Bailey

FO R. L. Bastian

Lt. Col. C. T. Hulet

FO L. E. Jarboe

1st Lt. L. Monkton

FO F. L. Cotropia

1st Lt. E. F. Koehler

1st Lt. G. R. Reeves

1st Lt. C. B. Smith,

Jr. 2d Lt. G. J. Dvorak

1st Lt. J. E. Lazara

2d Lt. W. W. Lechnir

FO L. V. McKinney

1st Lt. H. K. Porter

2d Lt. R. C. Sonoff

Capt. A. M. Stefanich

Capt. W. J. Voller

2d Lt. I. E. Dutton

2d Lt. R. Lintelman

Maj. H. F. Salee

Capt. K. M. Corbin

2d Lt. F. H. Reising

2d Lt. G. L. Crowell

2d Lt. H. G. Darling

1st Lt. J. J. Dayah

1st Lt. W. L. Fox

1st Lt. J. T. Healy

1st Lt. R. W. Eisey

1st Lt. S. A. Karas

2d Lt. G. Carlo

1st Lt. W. E. Pooley

2d Lt. W. R. Forse

(Please turn to Page 1529)

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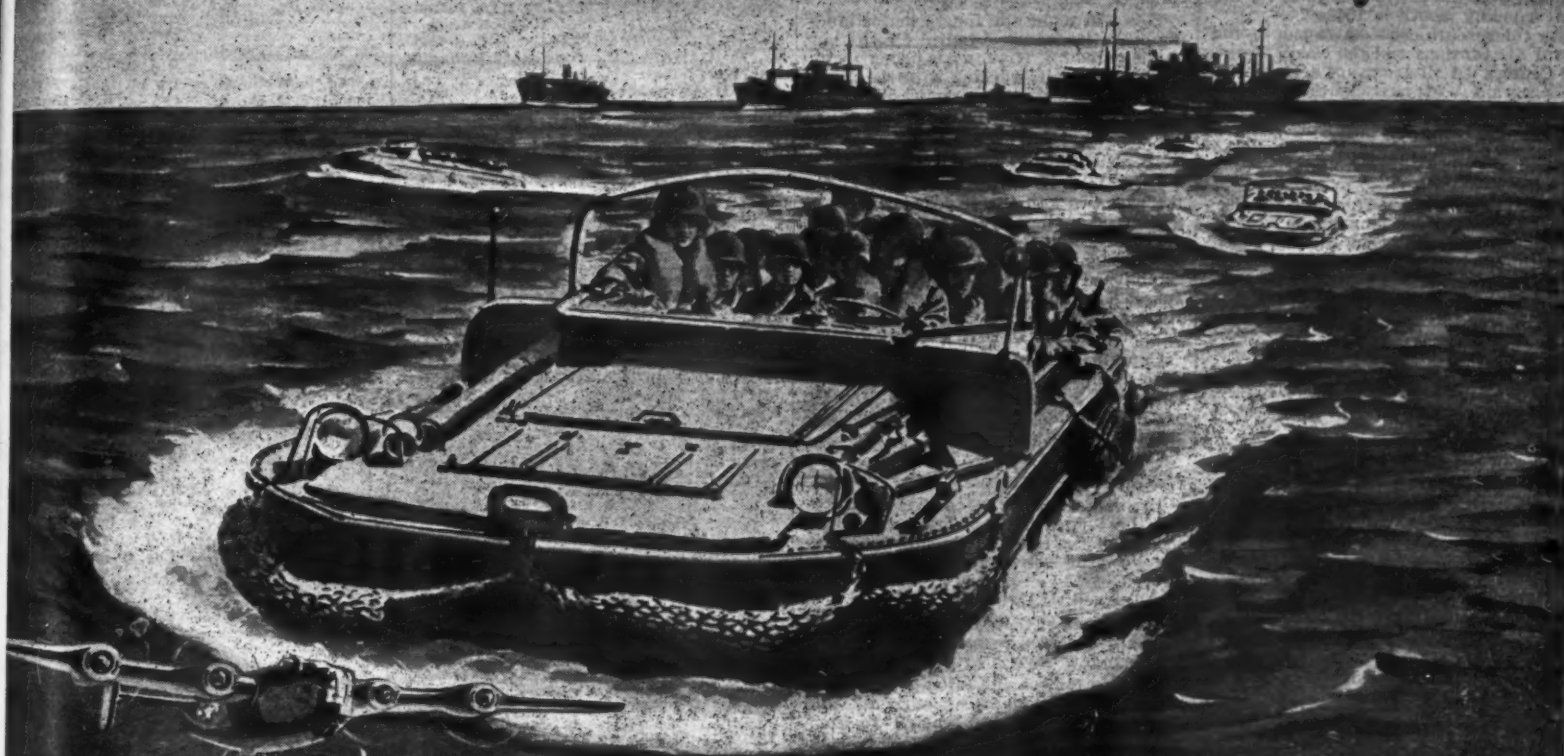
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and 1,382

Depart-
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Lt. Nor-
C. Wells,
Lt. Clyde
Dean, 2d
Lt. Albert
Tilley,
1st Lt.

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EA
Lynch

C AREA
McCoy
Olsen
Crocker
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Lewis
Ranck
Hancock
Ranck
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EA
Horan
Kwak,
Miles

Jepsen
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Navy War Bond Purchases

Breaking all previous records, War Bond purchases by Navy personnel during July totaled \$78,587,569. This figure topped by a considerable margin the former high level of \$57,021,654, set last December, and brought the grand total, since the inauguration of the Navy bond program in October, 1941, to \$703,002,352. The July total was an increase of 186.7 per cent over the \$27,783,065 total for the corresponding month in 1943.

For the seventh consecutive month, the Naval Air Stations and the Naval Training Centers led all groups of activities in the program, with participation percentages of 95.9 and 95.3, respectively. For the entire Naval establishment, 93.1 per cent of the civilian personnel invested 34.8 per cent of their gross payroll during July in bonds.

The New York Navy Yard won the Secretary's War Bond Honor flag in July by securing over 90 per cent employee participation and at least 10 per cent payroll participation, while U. S. Naval Drydocks, Terminal Island, Calif., won the first "leg" on the flag.

Marine Corps Changes

The following changes affecting the status of Marine Corps officers have been announced by Headquarters:

Col. Raymond A. Anderson, from San Francisco, Calif., to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Albert J. Keller, to Headquarters. Lt. Col. Robert E. Stannah's previous orders to duty at Camp Pendleton, Calif., modified; on expiration current delay, he is ordered to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Earle S. Davis, from Kodiak, Alaska, to Camp Pendleton, Calif.

Lt. Col. Robert J. Johnson, to Division of Aviation, HQMC.

Lt. Col. Bennet G. Powers' previous orders to duty in the San Diego Area modified; ordered to temp. duty at Quantico, Va., on completion of which ordered to Camp Pendleton, Calif.

Lt. Col. Robert E. Hommel, temp. duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Lt. Col. Gallais E. Matheny, to Camp Pendleton, Calif.

Lt. Col. Julian F. Walters, from MarFair-West, to MCAS, Cherry Point, N. C.

Remove WAVES Handbags' Tax

The Navy Department this week requested Congress to enact legislation to exempt from taxation handbags or similar articles and accessories prescribed as part of the uniform of members of the Women's Reserve organizations of all the services. At present, handbags, prescribed for the WAVES, are subject to a 20 per cent luxury tax. The Navy Department argues that they are not luxuries because their use is compulsory. In addition, the Department points out that similar bags used by the WACs are issued in the Army, whereas the Navy cannot issue them.



CHECK INFECTION

Dixie Cups help prevent colds passing along, from mouth to mouth.

DIXIE CUPS

DIXIE CUP CO. • EASTON, PA., CHICAGO, ILL.

U. S. NAVY & MARINE CORPS

Adm. Hewitt Commands Invasion Fleet

The Eighth Fleet of the U. S. Navy which participated in the battle for Salerno and the successful occupation of Sicily is the unit which safely landed our troops on the Southern French Coast this week. The unit is commanded by Vice Adm. H. Kent Hewitt, USN.

This will make the fourth major landing operation which Admiral Hewitt has participated in. His force is primarily an amphibious unit, working with the Army in landing troops and carrying out an invasion with success and efficiency.

Commands Training Center

Capt. John K. Richards, USN-Ret., for the past two and a half years commanding officer of the Naval Reserve Midshipmen's School at Columbia University, has been designated commander of the newly established United States Naval Reserve Officer Training Center, New York, N. Y., Rear Adm. William R. Munroe, Commandant, Third Naval District, announced.

Captain Richards, in assuming his new duties, relinquished command of the Midshipmen's School to Capt. Alex Murray, Jr., USNR, who will serve as Acting Commanding Officer.

Approve Retired Promotions

Recommendations of selection panels for the temporary promotion of retired officers of the line and staff of the Regular Navy on active duty have been approved by the Secretary of the Navy, it was learned this week.

The names of those selected for promotion are expected to be available within the next few days.

Eligible for consideration by the selection panels were all officers of the line and staff, in grades from ensign to commander, inclusive, who met the usual service-in-grade eligibility requirements.

In accordance with Navy Department policy, the names of commanders selected for promotion to captain will not be made generally public.

Few retired personnel on active duty have heretofore been promoted since the beginning of the war, except for "spot" or out-of-line promotions given to individuals because of the posts held.

Buper Manual

The Navy has issued several Manual Circular Letters which change the Bureau of Personnel Manual. The changes deal primarily with retirement for physical disability or discharge for reasons of unsuitability and others. The changes govern the use of civilian clothes and uniform by those discharged, including what parts of their equipment the individual will be permitted to keep upon discharge or retirement. These changes will be incorporated into a supplement called Change No. 1, which will soon be distributed by the Bureau of Personnel.

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Motor Yachts • Cruisers • Marine Engines
Designs • Construction • Repair and Storage
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Sea Service Casualties

Casualties in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard announced from 14 to 19 August, include the following:

DEAD

OFFICER PERSONNEL

Rear Adm. C. P. Cecil Capt. H. G. Sickel, IV

U. S. Naval Reserve

*Ens. D. H. Ballard Lt. (jg) R. A. Patten

Lt. J. E. Ogle, III *AO2c J. S. Curley

Ens. C. H. Garrett *Lt. (jg) J. C. Kessel

Lt. W. M. McAfee *Ens. R. E. Holloran

Ens. E. L. Friedt Lt. J. G. Boyd

*Ens. H. E. Spears *Ens. W. F. Webb, jr.

*Lt. (jg) C. R. Dolan

U. S. Marine Corps

Maj. W. L. Crouch 1st Lt. J. C. Younglove

Capt. L. A. O. Nelson

2nd Lt. A. Sacker, jr.

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. J. W. Pritchett, jr.

2nd Lt. C. C. Derouen, jr.

x2nd Lt. L. B. Larsen

1st Lt. R. L. Ramsey

2nd Lt. G. S. Rees

1st Lt. R. O. Sloat xCapt. S. C. Turner

2nd Lt. W. F. Lynch

1st Lt. M. L. Minnick

1st Lt. L. F. Kruse

1st Lt. J. A. Casey

2nd Lt. W. J. Carroll

2nd Lt. J. P. Hartigan

1st Lt. J. L. Brandt

2nd Lt. W. J. King

1st Lt. S. W. Lane

1st Lt. J. N. Freeman

*1st Lt. C. P. Brice

2nd Lt. I. F. Workhoven

*1st Lt. J. E. Keese

1st Lt. J. F. Salome, jr.

Capt. F. E. Phillips

1st Lt. W. C. Lewis

1st Lt. L. I. Johnson

1st Lt. R. F. Jones, jr.

2nd Lt. H. M. Stewart

1st Lt. C. F. Hight

2nd Lt. G. A. Phillips

ENLISTED PERSONNEL

U. S. Navy

AO1c O. P. Stenson *MMM2c R. R. Lau

GM2c H. L. Dick *CPM G. C. Mahan

U. S. Naval Reserve

EM2c G. F. Marks *SM1c J. Byas

*GM1c W. Baranick PM2c H. P. Gresham, jr.

*M1c Carl Maier

*AR2c O. M. Collingwood

*BM2c E. J. Palin

*QM1c R. W. Struvs

*CMMJ J. W. Brazzell

*SM1c W. S. Coles

*AR1c C. B. Newcombe

AR2c R. Erichson

WOUNDED

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (jg) E. J. Wolf Ens. J. P. Birdson

Lt. (jg) L. D. McPhall, jr.

Ens. A. W. Berg

Ens. J. A. Prather

U. S. Marine Corps

1st Lt. M. E. Flynn Lt. Col. J. J. Cosgrove, jr.

1st Lt. T. M. Kerr, jr.

2nd Lt. L. R. Dale

1st Lt. A. M. Jones, jr.

1st Lt. P. M. Dodd

Capt. C. O. J. Grusendorf

W O W. J. Shipman

1st Lt. C. A. Dunagin

W O C. E. Lewis

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve

1st Lt. S. C. McDaniel

1st Lt. G. Heiden

2nd Lt. J. Nelson

1st Lt. P. M. Morlarity

1st Lt. W. E. Mahan

1st Lt. G. M. Randall

2nd Lt. J. S. Radway

1st Lt. J. D. Wleters

2nd Lt. A. C. Stanfield, jr.

1st Lt. E. Osgood

Capt. A. H. Tully

1st Lt. E. R. McCarthy

1st Lt. J. Stevens

Capt. H. Post

2nd Lt. C. E. Hixson

1st Lt. J. B. Dulcich

2nd Lt. F. F. Hester

2nd Lt. B. H. Brunn

1st Lt. F. T. Morrow

1st Lt. H. V. Chaney

Capt. E. L. Katzenbach, jr.

1st Lt. W. M. Sumner

1st Lt. M. B. Doyle

1st Lt. C. F. McKeen

2nd Lt. R. B. Reynolds

1st Lt. L. E. Brown

2nd Lt. G. C. Lang

1st Lt. M. M. Drake

1st Lt. J. E. Stauffer
1st Lt. R. B. Steele
Maj. R. G. B. Broome
1st Lt. A. Santilli
Capt. E. J. Schofield
1st Lt. J. B. Heater
1st Lt. W. J. Smolka
Capt. J. R. Miller
1st Lt. K. Davis, jr.
1st Lt. J. C. Chapin
1st Lt. F. F. Collins
Capt. H. Brzezinski
Capt. R. J. Haehl
1st Lt. A. W. Zimmermann

1st Lt. M. S. Hagler
2nd Lt. B. W. Ebbing
1st Lt. F. J. Donovan
1st Lt. R. J. Carroll
1st Lt. S. Gordon
Capt. P. E. Smith
1st Lt. H. F. Finney
Maj. S. E. Larsen
1st Lt. V. W. Shapiro
1st Lt. C. M. Kessler
2nd Lt. W. E. Herber
2nd Lt. A. W. Carley, jr.
1st Lt. B. Musick
1st Lt. H. A. Roblison
2nd Lt. M. Suchena
2nd Lt. R. O. Skelton
1st Lt. R. E. Ford
Maj. T. Gaines
1st Lt. H. S. Taylor
2nd Lt. F. P. Urso
1st Lt. R. J. Hanson
2nd Lt. S. H. Goodwin, jr.
Capt. H. E. Nelson
1st Lt. H. A. Lane, jr.
Capt. L. V. Brooks
Capt. J. W. Crain

MISSING

U. S. Navy

Comdr. C. F. Brindupke
Lt. Comdr. G. A. Duncan, jr.
Lt. (jg) R. H. Peterseu
Ens. M. H. Keltner
Ens. D. Butler
Ens. P. Saterfield
Lt. (jg) R. E. Carrioco
Lt. Comdr. A. H. Clark
Ens. R. R. Perry
Ens. E. F. Crain, jr.

U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (jg) J. B. Wiles
Ens. V. Yarashes
Ens. R. G. Huskisson
Ens. P. B. Blair
Lt. (jg) J. V. Bruno
Ens. J. D. O'Malley, jr.
Lt. (jg) M. D. Scott
Ens. C. E. Brady
Lt. W. D. Cauthan
Ens. R. J. Moots
Lt. W. H. Gaylord
Lt. W. A. Evans
Ens. R. J. S. Taylor
Lt. L. De Bonis
Lt. L. E. Myers, jr.
Lt. Comdr. H. T. Irwin, jr.
Ens. E. P. Simonsen
Ens. T. J. Kosowicz
Ens. D. Sherman

U. S. Marine Corps Reserve
1st Lt. R. F. Spranger

*Previously reported missing.
xPreviously reported wounded.

Navy Chaplains Graduation

Class 14-44 of naval chaplains held its graduation exercises at the College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Va., on 13 Aug. The following were the graduates:

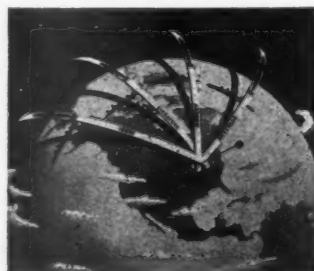
Henry G. Birky
Richard F. Crawley
Edward C. Derr
Leon A. Dickinson, jr.
Wm. Greenburg
Edwin R. Hartz
Wm. F. Judge
Benj. Kretzman
John A. O'Toole
K. C. Seawright
Simon A. Talman
Wm. K. Weaver, jr.
Wm. C. Wright

Specialists (w), Chaplains Assistants
Jeanne H. Andrews
P. E. L. Burgoyne, sr.
A. B. Dickson, jr.
John A. Dowd
E. E. Gaskill
Mavis Green
David H. Kimball
Donald E. Large
Kathryn L. Long
R. L. McKain
A. P. Porter, jr.
R. McK. Renfro
J. W. Robbins, jr.
Bennie G. Rode
E. J. Rodenburg
Cherokee L. Seiler
Edwin B. Skinner
Beryl Smith
David W. Thornton
Floy E. Von Hofe

Navy Needs Tankers

The Navy Department revealed this week that due to the increased Naval operations and size of the fleets, additional tankers are needed. There have been tankers lost which require replacing in addition to the expansion.

No spot on earth is more than



60 hours flying time from your local airport

CONSOLIDATED VULTEE
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TODAY... AND IN THE DAYS TO COME



Out of the war's testing cauldron has come no finer life saving device than the Switlik, American-designed and thoroughly proven **SAFE-T-CHUTE**. ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ Born of the many years of practical experience to Stanley Switlik and developed to its present high standards through the genius of Switlik Engineers, there can be no better testimony to the efficiency of **SAFE-T-CHUTE** than the praise of the famous Caterpillars, that group of airmen who have bailed out but who go back "upstairs" with confidence, because of their faith in their **SAFE-T-CHUTE**. ☆ And when the war is won, rest assured that Switlik resources will be ready for other needs. Just as our output today goes to meet War's demands so will the Switlik Safety Products tomorrow play an important part in keeping the peace. ☆ ☆ ☆ Wear a **SAFE-T-CHUTE** whenever you take to the air. It is truly the "Lifeline of the Skies." ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆

NEW educational air-safety film available for colleges—training schools—high schools. ☆ ☆

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JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
President and Publisher

LEROY WHITMAN,
Editor

Advertising Rates on Request
Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation
Foreign postage \$1 additional per year

Published Every Saturday by the

Army and Navy Journal, Inc.

1701 Connecticut Avenue Northwest
Washington 9, D. C.

Representatives:

Hill F. Best
131 W. Lafayette St.
Detroit 26, Mich., R.A.
7298, and 540 North
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Chicago 11, Ill.—Sup
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way, New York City
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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of the Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1944

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Victory.
2. Assurance now that personnel and equipment for our land, sea, and air forces will be maintained after the present war at such strength as the responsible heads of those Services determine necessary to assure this nation against future aggressors.
3. Protection of Service personnel, active and retired, against undue reductions in their pay through imposition of the Victory tax and income taxes.
4. Institution of studies looking toward the protection and development of just post-war systems of promotion for personnel of the permanent establishments.
5. Strengthening of the post war status of the National Guard and Reserves to assure their efficiency and permanency with continuance of full training facilities after the war.
6. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.

A long step toward the establishment of harmony with reference to operations in the vast Pacific Ocean was taken at the historic Hawaiian conference the last of July participated in by the President as Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Leahy, his Chief of Staff, General MacArthur, Allied Commander-in-Chief, Southwest Pacific Area; Admiral Nimitz, Commander-in-Chief of the Pacific Fleet and of Pacific Ocean Areas; Lt. Gen. Richardson, Commanding General of Army Forces in Pacific Ocean Areas, and Admiral Halsey, Commander of the Third Fleet. To quote the President, "We talked about Pacific problems and the best methods of conducting the Pacific campaign in the future," and he added that "the discussions developed complete accord both in the understanding of the problem that confronts us and in the opinion as to the best methods for its solution." It other words, there were determined not only the long range strategy to be employed against Japan and the logistics essential for its execution, but the manner in which all operations shall be integrated in the overall campaign. The latter involved the question of command, which, it will be recalled, caused friction over the dividing line between General MacArthur's area and that of the Navy's South Pacific Command, and the reported higher priority which the Southeast Asia Command under Lord Mountbatten, was to receive under the decision of the Quebec Conference, than that of MacArthur. Fortunately both being level-headed men, there was never any conflict between Admiral Nimitz and General MacArthur, and the coordination between them has been shown by the naval support given the latter in his advance toward the Philippines, and the air attacks from the Southwest Pacific which have accompanied the reduction of the Marshall and Mariana Islands. But now with Guam in our possession and being developed as a base from which to move on to the Philippines, and General MacArthur frog leaping toward Mindanao, it was obviously necessary to make decisions which would assure continuing cooperation. One of those decisions was whether that General would return to the Archipelago, and the President announced he would do so, taking part in the operations. It is assumed the part he is to play will relate to the military advance from the south with the Fleet cooperating, and, therefore, his plan of reoccupying Luzon and then invading Formosa has been integrated with that of Admiral Nimitz, who announced some time ago that the coast of China was his ultimate destination. In order to execute the combined plan, large reinforcements of troops, planes and supplies must be furnished to the MacArthur command, a prospect that will gratify the General in view of the woeful lack of support he received prior to last winter when only his superb professional skill prevented the overrunning of Australia by the Japanese. It follows that the Hawaiian conferences assure harmonious cooperation throughout the wide reaches of the Pacific, and spell more bad news for the War Lords of Tokyo.

WE are continuing to wonder how workers in essential war industries justify to themselves their action in fomenting and participating in strikes. They presumably are Americans, and imbued with American patriotism. They have sons and brothers in the Armed Forces. They know the battle going is tough, and that it will be tougher as we approach nearer to the climax of the war. If by idleness there is failure of delivery of necessary arms our soldiers and sailors and airmen cannot pursue the offensive, and will be weakened and on the defensive. The awful responsibility of disaster then would rest squarely upon the shoulders not of the fighting men whose discipline and bravery are in accord with American tradition, but upon the workers at home who stop production because of grievances over pay and hours which the Front, compared with its own pay and hours, regards with terrible contempt. We are moved to stress anew Service scorn for strike leaders and their followers by the shut-down imposed this week upon the Electric Boat Company. That Company for 45 years has been building submarines for the Navy, and in their construction has put all the genius it could find thereby delivering ships up to date with the lessons the experience of war has established. The magnificent performance they have given, especially against Japanese shipping is a matter of national pride. Only a few days ago Admiral Nimitz lauded their service and dwelt upon the role they will play in bringing Japan to her knees. We have lost 27 submarines by accident or enemy action to date. These have been replaced. But we must increase this underwater fleet, certainly to the limit of the cut-back program—it is an urgent need. The workers in the Electric Boat plant were so advised by President Spear before the strike occurred, and yet they struck. There are ample means for adjusting differences which could be used while the men are at work. The war is not yet won in spite of gratifying prospects, which the War Production Board has seized upon to initiate a reconversion program, and thereby to cause workers to believe that production delays are unimportant. The contrary is, of course, the truth. To gain complete victory the men in battle on sea and land and in the air will continue to need our maximum output of munitions. The workers must not let them down.

Service Humor

Misunderstood

MP: I'm sorry, lady, but I can't let you through the gate.

Woman: But I'm one of the sergeants' wives.

MP: I couldn't let you in if you were the sergeant's only wife.

—Lu Komunique

"Lines of the Times"

"South of Minsk German formations fought their way further backwards."—German communiqué.

"We have succeeded in drawing the enemy closer to us."—Tokio broadcast.

—Prairie Schooner.

"For beating your wife I will fine you \$1.10," said the judge.

"I don't object to the dollar," said the prisoner, "but what is the 10c for?"

"That," said the judge, "is the Federal tax on amusements."

—Hawk's Cry

A pinch of salt may be improved by dropping it in a stein of beer.

Low Trick

Neighbor: "Why is it that your automobile is painted red on one side and blue on the other?"

Speed Demon: "Oh, it's a fine idea. You should hear the witnesses contradicting one another."

—Trade Winds

"Their topkick was so hard they said he wasn't born—he was quarried."

Camouflage Needed

Widower: "You are the sixth girl to whom I have proposed without avail."

Girl: "Well, maybe if you wear one when making your seventh proposal, you'll have better luck."

—Armored News

G-I Story

Civilian: "Can you lend me a dollar? I don't get paid until tomorrow."

G.I.: "Sorry, I haven't a cent . . . I was paid yesterday."

—Buckley Armorer

Old Mother Hubbard

Went to the cupboard
Her son was just home from the fleet
But when she got there
The cupboard was bare—

Lord! How those sailors can eat!

—Skyscrapers.

Ultior Motive

A young lady oyster had just returned from her first date with a lobster and was telling her oyster girl friend about it.

"He was simply marvelous," she said. "First he looked deep into my eyes. Then he took my hand. Then he put his arms around me. Then he—"

Suddenly she stopped and a look of startled dismay came into her eyes as she clutched at her throat and screamed:

"Oh-h-h-h!—my pearls!"

—Armored News.

And That IS Bad

"This army life," complained a GI recently, "is beginning to tell on me. Every day I look more and more like my identification photo!"

—Depot Doings.

ASK THE JOURNAL

Please send return postage for direct reply.

M. P.—Lt. Gen. Ben Lear reached age 64 on 12 May, 1943, and was automatically retired at the end of that month. Many retired officers are retained on active duty. MacArthur and Craig are full generals who are on active duty after retirement.

H. A.—In the event you were retired you would be retired in your temporary rank of master sergeant, not in your permanent rank of technical sergeant. Because all permanent promotions have been suspended, retirements of enlisted men are effected in temporary grade.

H. E. B.—It is the unofficial opinion that you lost right to the enlistment allowance at the end of the third month after your discharge to accept warrant officer appointment. No direct decision has been made on this point, but, as reported at length in the JOURNAL some months ago, the Comptroller General in upholding the right of a discharged warrant officer to the allowance stressed the fact that the man returned to enlisted status before the three months were up.

H. H. C.—The question of increasing retired pay—some proposals are for a flat 15 per cent increase—has been discussed in Congress, but no action has been taken in the matter.

F. J.—Retired pay of a first sergeant with more than 24 but less than 27 years' service is \$144.90 per month. If his pay is subject to income tax, the amount withheld would vary, according to the number of dependents, whether he was having tax money withheld from other income, etc.

C. H. S.—Regardless of when you were promoted to technical sergeant or any other grade, you would be eligible to retire in such grade during the war. (Par. 5d, AR 615-295). However, if you were promoted to technical sergeant after completing 29 years' service and had not previously had two years of service in third grade or higher, you would be recalled to duty after retirement.

In The Journal

One Year Ago

Wewak: We have completed the destruction of the remnants of the Japanese air force centered at Wewak. Of 225 planes originally assembled, yesterday's surprise attack destroyed 120 on the ground, 3 in the air, and damaged 50 on the ground, leaving 52 undamaged.

10 Years Ago

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. F. D. Walker were hosts at their home in Portsmouth Thursday night at a dinner party given in honor of their son, Midshipman Francis Walker, Jr., and a group of his classmates who are members of the summer cruise.

25 Years Ago

Maj. and Mrs. Frederick W. Huntington, USA, have taken an apartment at the Wardman-Park Hotel, Washington. D. C. Major Huntington has just returned from two years' service in France and has been assigned to the Transportation Service.

50 Years Ago

Lt. James Mitchell, 14th U. S. Infantry, will spend September and part of October abroad.

80 Years Ago

U. S. Steamer Merrimac sailed last Saturday from the lower quarantine, New York, for the coast of Labrador, for the purpose of destroying the yellow fever which the crew contracted in the Gulf recently. The Merrimac is to cruise until every trace of the epidemic is completely removed.

Capt. to Major—Cont.

(We fe noitarab of depparex naitidw'f)

August 19, 1944

Write for Officers' Uniform Catalogue
ASSOCIATED MILITARY STORES
 19 W. JACKSON BLVD. CHICAGO, ILL.

**Automobile
Household & Personal Effects
Personal Automobile Accident**

San Antonio, Texas

San Antonio, Texas

Army Casualties

(Continued from Preceding Page)

2nd Lt. B. B. Ragsdale	2nd Lt. W. F. Oakes, Jr.
Maj. R. M. Strong	2nd Lt. J. W. Stone
2nd Lt. L. D. Thompson	2nd Lt. W. V. Anderson
2nd Lt. G. C. Williams	FO A. O. Harthold
2nd Lt. W. D. Yancey	1st Lt. J. P. McCarthy
Maj. T. J. Carter	1st Lt. A. E. Hoell
1st Lt. L. D. Jordan	2nd Lt. G. R. Johnson
1st Lt. A. Maples, Jr.	1st Lt. T. W. Locke
MISSING IN SOUTHWEST PACIFIC AREA	
2nd Lt. W. B. Edwards	2nd Lt. G. A. Roffe
2nd Lt. C. W. Fick	1st Lt. A. F. Burke
1st Lt. M. T. Kellum	1st Lt. E. E. Hamilton
1st Lt. H. L. Myers	1st Lt. F. M. Vosse
1st Lt. W. A. Riordan	1st Lt. W. L. Hasty
2nd Lt. H. V. Stiles	2nd Lt. J. O. Braswell
1st Lt. J. D. Mettes	
2nd Lt. R. E. Dounce	2nd Lt. E. M. Keen

U. S. War Round Up

BY THE ACTING SECRETARY OF WAR

We have landed successfully with a liberation force in the south of France against a foe which initially was able to put up only spotted opposition on the ground and none in the air. At sea there was no interference.

In the north of France, in a demonstration of swifter blitz warfare than the Germans showed at their military best, the American Armored Force helped to pull an enveloping sack around the German Army in Normandy.

Today American troops occupy Chartres, 46 miles from Paris.

The landings on the Mediterranean coast of France between Cannes and points near Toulon were a model of effective organization, cooperation of all services and vigor of action.

The way was prepared by the Mediterranean Allied Air Force of Gen. Ira Eaker, acting under the command of General Sir Henry Maitland Wilson. The coastal guns

in the hands of the enemy were a special target. It is interesting to note that the Nazis had more naval coastal batteries in this area than on similar stretches of the English Channel. Yet it is a fact that the enemy's Mediterranean guns were scarcely used during our landings, except for one spot.

During the night of 14-15 Aug. over 1,000 Allied ships converged upon the French coast. Here again was an opportunity for the Germans to use airplanes and submarines to best effect at a crucial moment. The enemy had neither, for any effective action.

By four o'clock in the morning the offshore islands of Levant and Port Cros had been taken by special Allied forces which began their work earlier. The naval guns of the American, British and French warships participating readied the beaches of the mainland for our landings. A force of 700 heavy bombers gave a final last-minute blow from the air to the German defenses. Then, under a continuous air umbrella of tactical planes, American, British and French troops went ashore. Altogether that day our air forces flew 4,285 sorties.

Parachutists and other airborne troops were landed at inland points at daylight with comparatively little trouble, according to first reports. It is sufficient to say that Allied troops are now a day ahead of their schedule.

Maj. Gen. Alexander M. Patch, Jr., commanding the Seventh Army in southern France pays a real tribute to the efficiency of the air effort. "Its aiming was excellent and its accuracy superb," a message from him to General Eaker states: "Its effectiveness gave outstanding assistance."

In the north of France in about one week after the first driving break-through the newly announced Third Army under Lt. Gen. George S. Patton, Jr., spread east and west through Brittany and into the French interior to Le Mans. Thence northward it swung to Argentan. At the same time the Canadians and British pushed south from Caen to bring the other point of the closing pincers upon Falaise. This left the 5th and 7th German Armies no alternative except to pull out from the trap and abandon the Normandy positions which they had stoutly held. Naturally, the enemy concentrated to hold open the neck of the bag long enough to withdraw the endangered men. Many of these have been able

to extricate themselves. But this kind of a withdrawal is at a demonstrated cost of a great many casualties and a great mass of tanks, trucks and other equipment which are easy targets for our air force. In two days American fighters destroyed or damaged in the general battle area or its environs over 1,000 trucks and barges, 6,000 railway cars and 594 locomotives.

French troops are now coming into their own in assuming a sizeable and growing role in the eviction of the Germans from French soil. Throughout France the French forces of the interior are blowing up bridges, demolishing Nazi trucks and trains and fighting the Germans openly as the total liberation of France gets underway.

In the fighting in the north of France the casualties have necessarily been considerable. Casualties to U. S. troops since landing and up to 6 Aug. are: Killed, 16,434; wounded, 76,535; missing, 19,704. These include casualties of the Eighth and Ninth Air Force during that period.

In Italy the Germans withdrew from Florence after destroying six of seven historic bridges and left the care of a hard-pressed population to Allied hands. The Germans have maintained their lines along the city's outskirts, endangering many thousands of civilians who are unable to get food. Any activity in the streets running at right angles from the German positions provokes German fire.

On the eastern front the Soviet armies have met increased German resistance as they approach close to German territory. Also, the long Russian advances have required that transport and supply catch up with the front lines. Now the Russian armies are splitting the remnants of Nazi armies trapped in Latvia and Estonia. Other Russian forces are hemming in the borders of East Prussia. The siege of Warsaw is being pressed. The Soviet bridgehead across the Vistula in the direction of German Silesia is being expanded.

In the Southwest Pacific, General MacArthur's forces have completed the domination of New Guinea with the inexpensive landing at Sansapor, the division and isolation of the Japanese in Vogelkopf, and the smashing of the trapped Japanese east of Aitape. Our planes have reached out to destroy enemy shipping over a wide area. The

enemy in the Philippines has been bombed. Japanese air bases on Halmahera have been blasted until they are practically useless. This was once a very important trans-shipment point for the Japanese in the South and Southwest Pacific areas.

In Southeast Asia, British troops have run the Japanese out of India. Allied Forces from North Burma have driven 20 miles south of Myitkina to take Kazi. Other Allied troops have advanced south from Mogaung along the Mandalay railway to a point near Pinbaw.

In South China, Chinese troops, after a persistent defense, lost Hengyang to the Japanese, but aggressive Chinese fighting continues to be pressed to the west of the city.

American Army casualties as reported through 29 July, 1944, are as follows: 45,491 killed, 113,977 wounded, 42,102 missing, and 43,205 taken prisoner, making a total of 244,775. Of the wounded, 57,956 have returned to duty.

BY ACTING SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

The principal Naval event of the last week was the completion of the conquest of Guam where organized enemy resistance ceased on 9 Aug.

About 11,000 enemy dead have already been counted on Guam. This brings the known total of enemy loss in the Mariana campaign to date to at least 40,000. Undoubtedly the Japanese losses considerably exceed that figure for it is known that on Guam they have themselves conducted mass burials of large numbers of their casualties. In addition, large numbers of the enemy have been sealed up in caves, pillboxes, etc., on all three of the islands that we have taken.

Our total losses in these operations including wounded as well as killed, have been very much lighter than those of the enemy. This is particularly true of the operations on Guam and Tinian, on both of which islands enemy casualties were several times our total.

We are already using the captured islands of the Marianas as effective bases for both ship and air operations against the Japanese to the west and north. Last week the successful carrier strike against the Bonins sank a considerable number of vessels the enemy can ill afford to lose, and pounded his ground installations and destroyed more of his planes. Shore-based planes operating from the captured fields in the Mariana Islands are now regularly attacking the Bonins and those islands of the Mariana group, such as Pagas and Rota, that we have not taken.

In regions farther west Naval forces, some operating under the command of Admiral Nimitz and others under the command of General MacArthur, are gradually obtaining a similar control. They continue a constant harassment of positions still occupied by the enemy. The area involved stretches from the Marshall Islands on the east through Bougainville in the Solomons, the Bismarck Islands, the north coast of New Guinea to its extreme western tip and thence north to Paramushiru in the Kuriles.

During the week Army, Navy and Marine aircraft, operating under Admiral Nimitz' command, conducted practically daily attacks upon Wotje, Mille, Maleolap, Jaluit, Truk, Wake, Ponape and Nauru. Some of these attacks were heavy bombing raids while others were light affairs calculated to keep the enemy from rest. Only at Truk was the enemy able to put any planes in the air to intercept these attacks. At that place he is still able to maintain a few fighters, but the number is small. We did not lose any aircraft whatever during this week in the course of these operations.

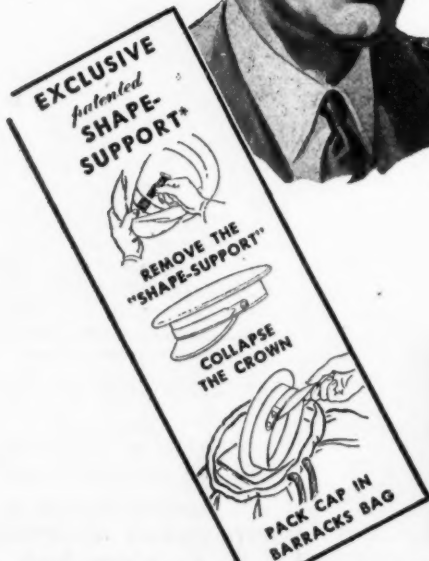
The enemy is still making some effort to keep his forces alive in the Solomons and Bismarcks. There our light Naval forces, operating under General MacArthur's command, have conducted frequent bombardments of shore positions and have assisted in the further destruction of such little barge traffic as the enemy is able to carry on. Slim-

(Please turn to Page 1532)

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Oppressors have felt the weight of raining bombs, and seen inevitable

doom in the endless flow of American power and wrath.

It is a fitting thing that one of our mightiest weapons in this war armada is a bomber named the Liberator.

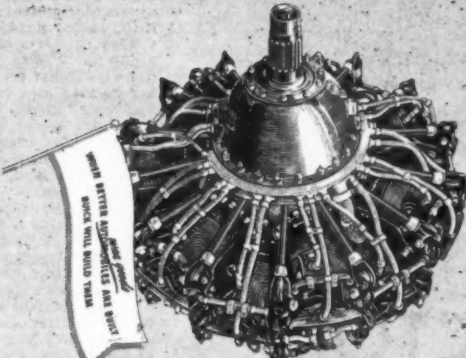
And it is a proud though sobering task to build the engines from which such planes get their power.

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So far, we are told, they have found that work good.

And good we intend to keep it till the battle song of the Liberators is heard in triumph around the world.



BUICK

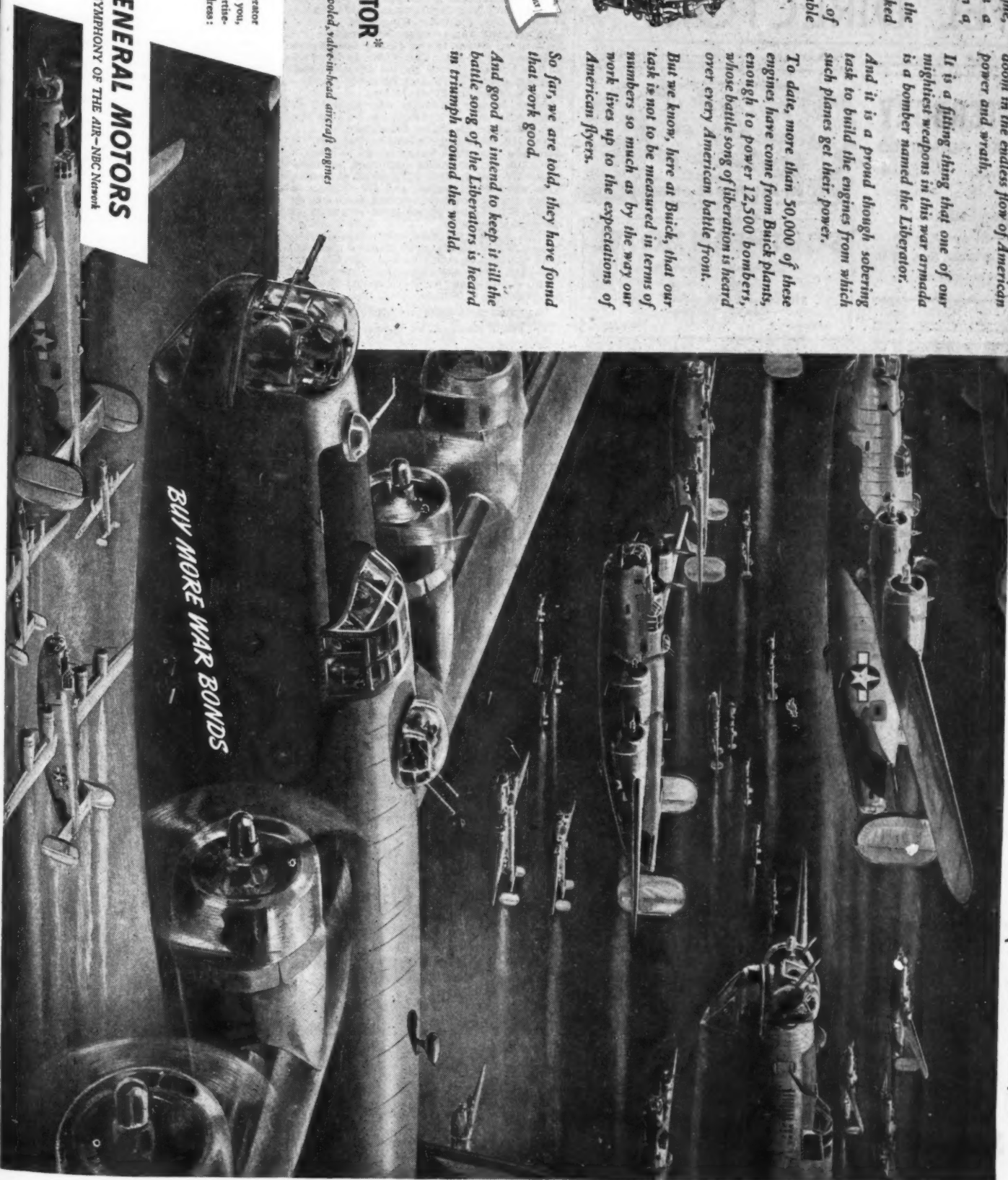
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U. S. War Round Up (Continued from Page 1530)

ilar support has been given to the operations in northern and western New Guinea. Some of the light Naval forces there have even passed clear around the extreme northwest tip of the island and have penetrated into McCluer Gulf.

In the European theater our Naval forces have continued their support of the operations in Normandy, Brittany and Italy, and, in conjunction with Naval forces of our Allies, have successfully landed large numbers of troops in southern France.

U. S. COMMUNIQUE

Highlights from U. S. Communiques:

NAVY DEPARTMENT

No. 535, 10 Aug.—Pacific and Far East: U.

S. submarines have reported sinking 16 vessels, including one combatant ship, as a result of operations against the enemy in these waters, as follows: 1 large Cargo Transport, 7 medium Cargo Vessels, 4 medium Cargo Transports, 2 small Cargo Vessels, 1 medium Tanker, 1 escort vessel.

No. 536, 10 Aug.—European Theater: The following vessels participating in the Allied operations for Europe's liberation were lost due to enemy action: USS Osprey (minesweeper) and USS PC 1261.

No. 537, 12 Aug.—Atlantic Ocean: The USS Fluke (DE 143) was sunk recently in the Atlantic by a submarine torpedo.

CINCPAC

No. 100, 8 Aug.—Rapid advances during 7 Aug. drove Japanese forces on Guam Island into the northeast corner of the island. On the west coast our troops advanced nearly six and one-half miles to Ritidian Point at the northern tip of the island. On the east coast we advanced more than three miles almost to Anao Point. The center of our line

running in a generally southeasterly direction from Ritidian Point to Anao Point curves sharply inward and is less than a mile from the shoreline at the point of deepest penetration. The Japanese defenders are thus threatened with being cut into two groups. Mount Santa Rosa, the highest elevation in Northern Guam, was occupied by our forces in the day's advances. Our troops have counted more than 10,000 enemy dead.

Navy carrier aircraft of a fast carrier task group on 7 Aug. supported ground operations on Guam by bombing, strafing and firing rockets into enemy troop concentrations and installations.

Ventura search planes of Fleet Air Wing Four attacked enemy objectives in the Northern Kuriles during daylight of 4 Aug.

No. 110, 9 Aug.—All of Guam Island with the exception of a small area inland from Pati Point on the east coast was occupied by U. S. forces on 8 Aug. A Naval patrol maintained off the northern coasts of Guam since our troops began their northward drive is believed to have prevented virtually all enemy attempts at escape.

Nauru Island was attacked several times from the afternoon of 6 Aug. to the early morning of 7 Aug. by Ventura search planes of Group One, Fleet Air Wing Two.

No. 111, 10 Aug.—Organized Japanese resistance on Guam Island ceased during the afternoon of 9 Aug. The First Provisional Marine Brigade, Third Marine Division, and Seventy-seventh Infantry Division are engaged in mopping up operations.

Nearly 60 tons of bombs were dropped on Truk Atoll during daylight on 8 Aug. by Seventh Army Air Force Liberators.

No. 112, 10 Aug.—Casualties suffered by American forces on Guam Island through 9 Aug., the day on which organized Japanese resistance ended, were 1,214 killed in action, 5,704 wounded in action, and 329 missing in action. Our troops have counted 10,971 enemy dead. Elimination of scattered remnants of the enemy continues.

Final figures covering our casualties on Tinian Island indicate 190 killed in action, 1,515 wounded in action, and 24 missing in action. On Tinian our troops have buried 5,544 enemy dead to date, and have taken more than 400 prisoners of war.

ALLIED EXPEDITIONARY FORCES

No. 123, 9 Aug.—Allied forces in Brittany are closing in on the ports of St. Malo, Brest and Lorient. Converging columns have pushed to within five miles of Lorient and other forces have engaged the enemy four miles from Brest.

The Allied drive south of Caen progressed some 7,000 yards yesterday.

No. 124, 10 Aug.—Le Mans has been liberated by the Allied forces and our troops are in the vicinity of Angers, in the Loire Valley.

ley. The city of Nantes has been reached and our columns are converging on Lorient, in Brittany Peninsula. We now are in St. Malo.

No. 125, 11 Aug.—Allied troops have entered the cities of Nantes and Angers.

In the Brittany Peninsula mopping up is proceeding in the area of Hennebont, Auray and Quiberon on the south coast.

Lorient has been completely surrounded by American troops on the land side.

No. 126, 12 Aug.—Allied troops have crossed the Loire River and have reached a point ten miles south of Nantes.

In the Brittany Peninsula a small part of the enemy's one remaining stronghold at St. Malo is still holding out.

Heavy fighting is in progress in Dinard. The situations at Brest and Lorient remain unchanged.

No. 127, 13 Aug.—South of Caen contact has been made by Allied forces converging between the Rivers Orne and Laise. A thrust from Bretteville-sur-Laise through Barbry reached Monlits, while another advance from the Orne bridgehead captured Bois-Halbout.

East of the Vire an advance of a mile was made in the face of heavy resistance.

No. 128, 14 Aug.—Further progress was made west of the River Orne, where Allied troops entered Clair-Tizon and Doumay.

Southeast of Vire ground was gained in heavy fighting. Farther south, toward Mortain, our forces, following up the German withdrawal, encountered mines and long-range artillery fire.

No. 129, 15 Aug.—Advances were made yesterday on both sides of the Falaise-Argentan gap.

Allied troops attacking towards Falaise from the north quickly gained their first objectives and, having crossed the River Laison, are now firmly established within 7,000 yards of the town.

On the other side of the gap, the thrust northward from Le Mans and Alencon has reached the vicinity of Argentan.

STRATEGIC AIR FORCE IN EUROPE

9 Aug.—A railroad marshaling yard at Saarbrücken and targets in the Stuttgart region and elsewhere in southern Germany were attacked today by strong forces of Flying Fortresses and Liberators of the United States Eighth Air Force.

12 Aug.—Railroad yards at Metz, in northeastern France, and a number of airdromes in northern France were attacked this morning by strong forces of heavy bombers of the Eighth Air Force, escorted by medium-sized forces of Mustangs of the Eighth Fighter Command.

B-17 Flying Fortresses, starting from bases in Italy, today attacked a German airdrome five miles southwest of Toulouse, in southwestern France, and proceeded to their bases in England.

13 Aug.—Eleven German Air Force targets were attacked visually with generally good results today by very strong forces of Flying Fortresses and Liberators of the Eighth Air Force.

14 Aug.—German industrial and air force targets were attacked visually today by strong forces of the United States Eighth Air Force B-17 Flying Fortresses.

The objectives, all in southern Germany, included the I. G. Farben chemical plant at Ludwigshafen and an electrical equipment factory at Mannheim, and German Air Force stations at Sandhofen near Mannheim, and Echterdingen near Stuttgart.

20TH AIR FORCE

10 Aug.—Superfortresses of the Twentieth Bomber Command today struck in two directions against strategic Japanese targets. One medium-sized force went for the third time to the Japanese mainland island of Kyushu and attacked industrial targets in the Nagasaki area.

Another medium-sized force attacked strategic targets in the vicinity of Palembang on the Japanese-occupied island Sumatra. The attack against Sumatra was carried out from bases of the Southeast Asia Command. The attack against Nagasaki was delivered from bases in China.

SOUTHWEST PACIFIC

10 Aug.—Philippine Islands: Our patrol planes bombed a 2,000-ton freighter off Davao.

11 Aug.—British New Guinea: Altipa-Wewak: All enemy resistance in the Drinimor-Afua region has ceased. Remnants of the enemy's demoralized forces which have escaped our encircling movements are fleeing south toward the Torricelli Mountains or are trying to make their way back to Wewak.

This crushing defeat has destroyed the combat effectiveness of General Adachi's Eighteenth Army. Its casualties over the past month are conservatively estimated at approximately 18,000 in dead or wounded. Due to lack of medical supplies and service, the rate of recovery of the wounded can be assumed as low. Food levels have become precarious and indications point to complete disintegration of this command into small groups seeking individual refuge in the hinterland from starvation and want.

12 Aug.—New Britain: Rabaul: Medium and light bombers dropped forty tons of bombs on defense positions at Tawul Point and other installations in the area, starting heavy fires.

13 Aug.—Bougainville: Our medium units

(Continued on Next Page)

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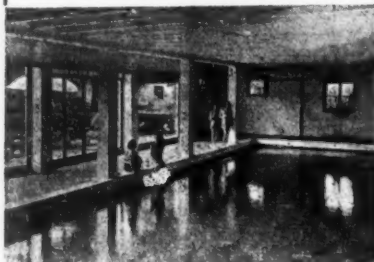
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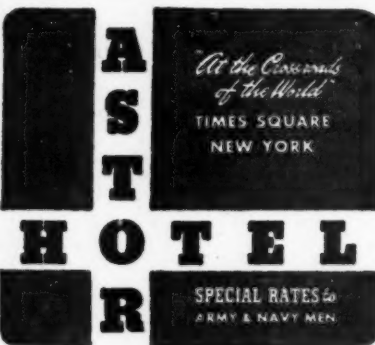
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U. S. War Round Up

(Continued from Preceding Page)

bombing enemy establishments in scattered localities around the coast and at Cholsoul Bay. Light naval patrols shelled Teop Island and attacked barge traffic in the Kahili area.

14 Aug.—Philippines: Our air patrols sank a 3,000-ton freighter in Davao Gulf and damaged a coastal vessel to the east.

15 Aug.—Halmahera: Our air attacks were continued, causing great fires and explosions. Since the seizure of Blak, Numfor and Samsapor, our effective and sustained air assaults against the enemy's positions in the Netherlands East Indies, has greatly weakened the great bastion stronghold centered at Halmahera.

16 Aug.—New Ireland: Our dive bombers and fighters dropped thirty tons on enemy bivouacs and supply installations, starting fires. Air and Naval patrols attacked shore positions.

14TH AIR FORCE, CHUNGKING

9 Aug.—Shanghai: Liberator bombers on 7 Aug. scored direct hits on the steamship Conte Verde, which was undergoing repairs in Shanghai harbor.

10 Aug.—Yangtze River Area: P-40's of Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault's Chinese-American composite wing, on a river sweep over the Yangtze between Tungting Lake and Han-wei, destroyed one large boat and damaged five others.

11 Aug.—Yellow River: P-40's of Maj. Gen. Claire L. Chennault's Chinese-American Wing attacked the Talyuan airdrome, a Japanese training center, northeast of the Yellow River bend on 10 Aug.

12 Aug.—Changsha Area: Liberators of the Fourteenth Air Force bombed Changsha 11 Aug. Ninety per cent of the bombs landed in the target area in the eastern sector of the city. There were twenty-two large explosions followed by five secondary explosions. Smoke rose 8,000 feet in the air.

13 Aug.—Hengyang-Tungting Lake: Medium and lighter bombers of the Fourteenth Army Air Force strafed and bombed enemy positions, truck movements, storage areas, a radio station, enemy-held villages and river traffic in the area. One bridge west of Hengyang was destroyed and another badly damaged.

14 Aug.—Salween River Front: Medium bombers hit the storage area at Lungting twice. P-38's and P-40's strafed Tengyueh and bombed the northeast corner and center of the town. The east bridge at Pingka was bombed.

15 Aug.—South China Coast: Heavy bombers sank three freighters in the Formosa Strait and over southwestern Formosa they bombed docks at Nakao Harbor.

Army Physical Retirements

The Senate Military Committee this week reported H.R. 3187, legislation that would make retroactive for all enlisted men of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts discharged for disability in line of duty after 20 years of active duty, the provisions of Public Law 140, 77th Congress. Present law applies the provisions only to personnel discharged under the stated conditions after the enactment of the law.

Enactment of the bill, which has already passed the House, would make the personnel of the Regular Army retired before 30 June 1941 eligible for 75 per cent of the average pay received by them during the six months preceding their retirement.

The House passed the bill in spite of the report of the War Department that the Director of the Budget had said that the bill is not in accord with the program of the President.

Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

1st Lt. W. R. Lawley, Jr., AAF—Conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action.

*Pfc. R. B. Anderson, USMC—Threw himself on hand grenade to save his comrades.

Distinguished Service Cross

Capt. Ralph C. Fisher, FA—Italy.

Pfc. J. P. Gomes, Inf.—Italy.

Distinguished Service Medal

Rear Adm. A. W. Radford, USN—Comdr. of carrier force in Pacific.

Maj. Gen. C. F. Thompson, USA, (OLC)—South Pacific.

Brig. Gen. R. H. Tate, USA—Asst. Chief of Staff, HQ. 5th Army, during Italian Invasion.

Brig. Gen. F. A. Keating, USA—Amphibious Training Center.

Brig. Gen. Paul F. Yount, USA—Persian Gulf Command.

Col. C. B. Magruder, GSC—Planning Div., CG, ASF.

Navy Cross

Comdr. T. A. Christopher, USN—Aircraft action against enemy Japanese forces.

Legion of Merit

Col. W. J. Clinch, AAF—Asst. in office of Chief of Air Corps.

Lt. Comdr. W. A. Sessions, USNR—Submarine War.

Brig. Gen. L. M. Kreber, USA, (GS)—Bougainville.

Maj. Gen. R. S. Beightler, USA—Solomon Islands Area.

Col. F. D. Weir, USMC—Guadalcanal.

Capt. Vernon Huber, USN—Comdr. of Destroyer Division in invasion of Morocco.

Comdr. R. C. Williams, USN—Sicily.

Capt. A. R. McCann, USN—Southwest Pacific.

Capt. R. S. Riggs, USN—Ch. of Staff Comdr. Destroyers, Pacific Fleet.

Capt. J. S. McClure, USN—Asst. Ch. of Staff and Planning Officer, Staff, Comdr. Air Force, Atlantic Fleet.

Brig. Gen. F. L. Whitaker, USA, (OLC)—Asst. Ch. of Staff, Western Defense Command and Fourth Army.

Brig. Gen. R. M. Bathurst, USA—Hawaiian Dept. (Deputy Ch. of Staff).

Brig. Gen. Charles Hines, Ex-Secy. Army and Navy Munitions Board.

Brig. Gen. W. O. Reeder, USA—Commandant Eastern Signal School.

Brig. Gen. F. J. Tate, USA—Art. Comdr. 75th Inf. Div.

Col. G. A. A. Jones, GSC—Outstanding service.

Col. G. P. Lynch, Inf.—Amphibious training.

Col. J. A. Rogers, MC—European theater.

Col. J. V. Rowan, QMC—Drt. of Supply, ASFTC, Camp Lee, Va.

Col. W. E. Waters, FA—European theater. Lt. Col. Chester B. Degavre, Inf.—Ch. Airborne Center and Parachute Officer.

Lt. Col. R. E. Kintner, GSC—Ex. of War Dept., Bu. Public Relations.

Lt. Col. T. S. Lighthouse, CE—Company Comdr. in combat regiment.

Maj. V. C. Bartig, SC—European theater.

Maj. S. A. Bethune, QMC—Instr. at Quartermaster Replacement Training Center, Camp Lee, Va.

CWO Morris Bander, USA—Constructed a recording unit for gun pointers.

M.Sgt. W. H. Hower, jr., CE—European theater.

M.Sgt. T. S. Jones, CE—European theater.

M.Sgt. C. W. Mohr, CAC—Invented various devices of value in artillery.

Rear Adm. W. B. Young, (SC) USN—Fleet Supply Officer, Atlantic Fleet, from April, 1941, to May, 1942.

Capt. Paul F. Lee, USN—Services during destroyer escort program.

Col. Antonio Segarra, Inf.—CO of Infantry Regt. and CO of Replacement Tr. Center for Puerto Rican troops.

The Legion of Merit was awarded to the following officers of the Army for meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding

(Please turn to Page 1536)

Army and Navy Journal

August 19, 1944

1533

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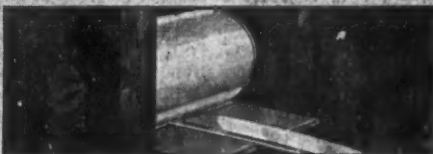
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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Foreign Affairs—As their armed forces bore down with increasing pressure on the enemies, diplomatic, and military and naval, representatives of the four great powers of the United Nations are gathering in Washington for the conference they will have next week to make out plans for world security in the post-war period. Already put forward for public discussion are President Roosevelt's general outline for international cooperation and Russia's International Organization of Safety—Sir Alexander Cadogan, Permanent Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs of Great Britain and head of the British delegation, disclosed that both his government and Russia have submitted suggestions for world organization machinery. "We are here," Sir Alexander said, "as a sort of advance working party to try to find what our points of agreement are. It would be impolitic to state our position before we get down to work, but I am personally optimistic as to the outcome of our conversations." The British delegate said that "there is nothing in President Roosevelt's statement" of last June "with which we would want to take exception." It was his view that considerable agreement exists even before the meetings begin.

President Roosevelt's plan embraced a "fully representative" body of peaceful nations together with a council, to be elected by the group and to include representatives of the four major powers together with some representatives of other nations. There also would be an international court of justice. Each nation would be required to maintain adequate armed forces to put down "deliberate preparations for war." The Russian plan also would create an assembly of the peace-loving nations in a security league which they are calling the International Organization of Safety, the executive authority of which would be vested in the four signatories to the Moscow Declaration—the United States, Britain, Russia, and China. The heart of the Soviet plan is an "International Military Air Corps" to which the nations would contribute and which would carry out the will of the executive council of the new league. At the same time, however, the four great powers should be ready to oppose any aggression with their own individual forces. Under the proposal peace would be preserved by those nations which have the desire for peace and the might to enforce it. Both the Russian and the United States' plans require a unanimous vote by all the great powers prior to the application of sanctions upon aggressors. However, the Russians would send the International Air Corps against the aggressor immediately upon vote of the council, while the American peace plan would necessitate action by Congress before American armed force could be applied.

Meanwhile, Governor Dewey served notice that the Republican party believes that in world organization "all nations, great and small, must be assured of their full rights." "The American people," the Republican nominee said, "are agreed upon the need for world organization. It is a bipartisan objective. It has been repeatedly urged by the Republican party and its leaders." However, he said, "In some of these proposals there appears to be a cynical intention that the four great Allied powers should continue for all time to dominate the world by force and through individual agreements as to spheres of influence. I hope that no such reactionary purpose will be allowed to dominate the conferences, else the peace of the world will as surely as night follows day again be destroyed. * * * It would be a tragedy if the coming conference should be distracted from the task of planning for a genuine world organization for peace by proposals which amount merely to a permanent four-power military alliance to control the world."

Subsequently, Secretary of State Hull issued a statement telling Governor Dewey that he "can rest assured that the fears which he expressed are utterly and completely unfounded." Mr. Hull added that no such arrangement as Mr. Dewey described "is contemplated or has ever been contemplated by this Government or, as far as we know, by any of the other governments." The Secretary revealed that next week's conference probably will be followed this Fall by a "full dress" conference of the United Nations to review the decisions and proposals. Mr. Hull completely disavowed any thought of establishing a four-power military alliance to coerce the smaller nations. He invited the Republican nominee to come to Washington "in a non-partisan spirit" to discuss the security problems with him.

Upon his return to Washington Thursday, President Roosevelt said that the Allied Armies will move in and occupy Germany and Japan even should resistance collapse before we have fought our way into those countries. This recalls the statement earlier in the week by Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Pacific Area commander, that while we might be able to force Japan to surrender without an invasion of her homeland islands, he does believe that occupation is necessary.

Island bases in the Pacific and their influence upon the security both of North and South America was discussed by President Roosevelt 12 Aug. in his speech from Brementon, Wash. After stressing the importance of the Hawaiian Islands, the President said, "It is important that we have other bases—forward bases nearer to Japan than they lie. The same thing is true in regard to the defense of all the American republics from Mexico past the Panama Canal and all the way down to Chile. There are hundreds of islands in the South Pacific which bear the same relation to South America and the Panama Canal as Hawaii bears to North America. These islands are possessions of the British Empire and the French. They are important commercially just as they are from the defense point of view for they lead to New Zealand, Australia, the Dutch Indies, and the Southern Philippines." He said America has no desire to seek the possessions of the United Nations which we are helping to liberate, but obviously this would not apply to the mandated islands turned over to Japan after the first World War. Subsequently, Senator McKellar, Tennessee Democrat, introduced a resolution calling on this country to aim for permanent possession of all the Jap owned and mandated islands between the Thirtieth parallel of latitude north, including Formosa and the Ryuku Islands. Senator McKellar, however, went further and urged acquisition of Bermuda and the islands of the West Indies now held by European nations, and proposed that we negotiate with Ecuador for the possession of the Galapagos Islands. From Melbourne came word that the Australian and New Zealand press took a favorable attitude toward the President's discussion of post-war plans for the Southwest Pacific. The *Argus* stated that "it is safe to say that his views are in accord with those of the British people over the world over."

Tightening the economic sanctions around the Farrell-Peron government of Argentina, it became known this week that the Federal Government has frozen Argentine gold stocks in the United States under the trading with the enemy act of 1917. This may be considered as a forerunner of other economic moves against the Argentine government.

Marine Corps—Granting of organizational warrants to enlisted men in the Marine Corps will be terminated effective 1 Sept. After 1 Sept. all promotion of noncommissioned officers will be authorized by the commandant of the Marine Corps, centralizing issuance of warrants in headquarters, and all such warrants will be temporary.

Men holding organizational warrants on 1 Sept. will hold such warrants until the appointment is terminated due to transfer to a command other than the appointing power, or because of change to a temporary warrant in the same or a higher grade with the unit's quota, as authorized by the commandant. All men holding organizational warrants automatically will be given temporary warrants when evacuated or transferred from the organization of the appointing power because of injury or disease received in line of duty.

All advancements of privates to private first class will be in accordance with Letter of Instruction No. 786, of 20 June 1944, which provides for advancement of definite percentages of privates assigned to ships' detachments and to other units.

Nomination of Col. William A. Eddy, USMC, as minister to Saudi Arabia was confirmed by the Senate this week. Colonel Eddy, after a brilliant World War I record, was retired. His last assignment was with the Office of Strategic Services.

Because a number of requests for transfer have been received from enlisted women of the Marine Corps Reserve, headquarters has warned that assignment of Women Reservists is for the convenience of the government, and as a general rule transfers will not be authorized unless an individual's skills are not utilized at her present station, she is physically unable to perform her present assignment, or personal reasons, such as illness or financial need of her family, not existing at time of enlistment, indicate a transfer is desirable.

Army Air Forces—Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay, USA, has been assigned as commanding general of the 20th Bomber Command of the 20th Air Force. He will take over operations of the B-29 Superfortresses in the China-Burma-India theater. Until recently General LeMay was commanding general of a heavy bombardment division of the 8th Air Force in England. He succeeds Brig. Gen. Kenneth B. Wolfe, who has become commanding general of the Materiel Section of the Materiel and Service Command at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio.

A new air command in Northern France was revealed this week by Maj. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg, commander of the 9th Air Force, when he disclosed that the 19th Tactical Air Command has been operating with the 9th Tactical Air Command. The 19th Tactical Air Command is under the direction of Gen. Otto P. Weyland.

The War Department has reported to the Production Executive Committee of WPB that the shifting emphasis in the air war, as illustrated by the growing need for B-29 and B-32 bombers, compared to the shorter range bombers, and the readjustment of transport types for longer range and capacity, has resulted in a shift in future aircraft production schedules. According to official estimates the shift will result in the immediate release of some 20,000 aircraft workers and the gradual release of an additional 100,000.

Brig. Gen. R. C. Coupland, Air Ordnance Officer, states that our logistical requirements for aerial bombs have been greatly revised during the last few months. These revisions are due, he said, to less fighter opposition than originally expected, and successful attacks on German aircraft industry.

Through personal interviews, the wishes and qualifications of the majority of the 6,895 civilian instructors who became unemployed upon termination of various phases of AAF pilot training, have been determined by the AAF. On 5 August disposition records showed that 1,807 non-members of the Air Corps Enlisted Reserves had elected not to serve but to remain civilians subject to selective service. 779 Reservists had elected discharge and will remain subject to selective service. 1,407 of those interviewed had not yet voiced their decision as to discharge or service in the AAF. 50 had been reported to the Adjutant General for call to active duty or option of discharge because they had refused to express a preference for any type of training. 571 were service pilot officers with the ATC, in training to become flight officers, or awaiting entry into such training. 422 were in Aviation Cadet Pilot training to become commissioned pilots, or were awaiting such training. 37 were training to become flight officers with Glider Pilot ratings or were awaiting training. 40 were in combat crew training to become gunners or were awaiting training. 78 had elected to be called to active duty for normal active enlisted classification.

AIR TRANSPORT COMMAND—Safety devices have greatly reduced the danger of the route from Assam to China, once the most dangerous airway in the world. Less than a year ago an average of a plane a day was being lost on the route. Today losses compare favorably with those on non-military air routes. One safety factor is the completion of an elaborate system of radio communication. Another is greater pilot experience and still another is the improved weather forecasting and warning system.

Army Ground Forces—Cash purchases and allotments by officers, enlisted men and civilians of AGF headquarters in the Fifth War Loan Drive amounted to \$87,140.69. Of this sum \$15,883.85 was cash purchases, with officers and warrant officers leading the list in buying \$55,750.10 worth of bonds and stamps. All allotments amounted to \$11,256.74.

A 45-minute lecture on the Kwajalein and Eniwetok operations was given by Col. C. H. Roberts, Inf., in the Army War College auditorium the afternoon of Wednesday, 9 August. Colonel Roberts served as special observer for the War Department Chief of Staff. Motion pictures of the operations were shown in conjunction with the speech.

Newly assigned officers include Lt. Col. Walter L. Weinaug, CE, Ground G-4 Section; Maj. Thomas R. Scheffer, FD, Ground Fiscal Section; and Maj. John B. Boyle, GSC, who is serving as aide-de-camp to General Lear.

Present for conferences on three days of the past week was Col. Marion A. Carson, Cav., former observer in the Southwest Pacific Area. Numbered among Colonel Carson's front-line experiences on his AGF mission was considerable service with the 1st Cavalry Division, on Admiralty Island, during his stay of eight and a half months in that sector.

ANTI-AIRCRAFT COMMAND—Col. Walter R. Goodrich, CAC, who formerly served as a member of the Army Ground Forces Board in the European Theater, has returned to the United States and is now assigned to duty at this headquarters.

Other recent assignments include Lt. Col. William M. Vestal, CAC, Development Section; Lt. Col. Michael Blenski, AGD, Adjutant General's Section; Capt. E. T. Curtis, CAC, and Capt. W. H. Marvin, jr., CAC, G-4 Section; and 2nd Lt. W. L. Lucas, Ord., Ordnance Section.

ARMORED CENTER—A plan for a world series of top-ranking service baseball teams as a highlight of the forthcoming Sixth War Loan Drive, proposed by the Army.

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red News, has received the enthusiastic backing of several of the nation's top flight sports writers. Hailed by one sports columnist as "the finest sports suggestion since Pearl Harbor," the service world series idea is being presented to Treasury and War Department officials for consideration. As top candidate to represent the Army, the *Armored News* suggested the 20th Armored Division, due to its record of 40 wins in 43 starts.

Eighth Armored Division soldiers are practicing a new belt carry for evacuation of wounded which is said to entail less fatigue than the traditional fireman's carry, and which leaves the bearer with both arms free to negotiate difficult terrain. The new belt carry utilizes two pistol belts hooked together to form a loop by means of which the patient is hoisted onto the bearer's back and carried like a pack. It was devised by Capt. Norman H. Mellor and T/3 Owen McSpaaden, of the 398th Armored Field Artillery's medical detachment.

ARMORED SCHOOL—Col. Stephen Boon, Jr., first head of the Armored School Motorcycle Department, returned to the school recently as director of the Wheeled Vehicle Department. Colonel Boon, who has commanded both combat commands of the 12th Armored Division, left Fort Knox two years ago to join the 12th at time of activation. He commanded the 43d Armored Regiment until the division was reorganized, then took over Combat Command B. In March of this year he became Combat Command A commander.

ARMORED REPLACEMENT TRAINING CENTER—Maj. Leonard M. Campbell, classification officer of the ARTC, has been transferred to a new post.

CAVALRY SCHOOL—Lt. Col. Edward J. Drinkert, who recently joined the staff and faculty, has been assigned as S-3 of the school.

Other new members of the staff and faculty include Maj. Arthur K. Whitehead, who served with the 28th Cavalry Philippine Scouts at the beginning of the war, assigned to the Department of Horsemanship; Maj. Chester Gratz, Department of Tactics; Capt. James E. Boothe, Department of Tactics; and 1st Lt. Arthur W. Gutjahr, assistant S-3.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts—Bureau employees, naval and civilian, received recognition for their war bond purchases at ceremonies in the Department of the Interior auditorium 14 Aug. Rear Adm. William Brent Young, (SC) USN, Chief of the Bureau, accepted the Bureau's citation certifying that "ninety per cent of the civilian personnel of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts is enrolled in the Navy Payroll Savings Plan, and ten per cent of the monthly payroll is being invested in War Savings Bonds." Rear Adm. Young and Rear Adm. W. J. Carter (SC) USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau, were presented citations from Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau for their support of the War Bond Program since its inception. The presentations were made by Under Secretary of the Treasury Bell.

During July the Bureau's Field Branch at Cleveland issued 1,318,450 Navy and Coast Guard family allowance checks with a total value of \$88,902,388. Of this amount \$27,378,524 was contributed by the allottees, and \$61,523,864 by the Government. The following figures for the fiscal year ending 30 June 1944 indicate the volume of work handled at the Field Branch: Total Allotment Payments, \$896,699,000; Total Family Allowance payments, \$601,804,000; Maturity Value of War Savings Bonds by Allotments, \$133,287,000; Total Mustering-out Payments (5 months) \$173,068; Number of Pay Accounts Examined 12,581,000 and Number of Pieces of First Class Mail Dispatched, 27,980,000.

"The Last Word on Life Insurance," a publication of the Bureau, has been distributed to district insurance officers. The booklet contains information regarding National Service Life Insurance and U. S. Government Life Insurance for the guidance of men discharged from the Navy.

New Weapons of Warfare—Marines on Salpan combined two old weapons to produce a new one with devastating effect. Light tanks equipped with flame throwers preceded infantry advances against fortified positions with much less risk than troop-borne flame throwers. Against this weapon the Japanese were able to offer little resistance. Cannon bearing tanks frequently covered the flame-throwing tanks when advancing against fortifications to knock out anti-tank guns.

A time-interval counter at use at arsenals registers the flight of ammunition with the greatest accuracy. The device measures muzzle velocity to 1/100,000 of a second. The device was made available through RCA and consists of three essential parts, an oscillator, a gate, and a counter proper. The extraordinary speed and accuracy of the electronic device are possible because there are no moving parts.

Bureau of Ships—Three launchings are scheduled 20 August at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. The 27,000-ton aircraft carrier Antietam, first carrier to be launched at the yard, will be sponsored by Mrs. Millard E. Tydings, wife of the Senator from Maryland. The other launchings are the cruisers Chicago and Los Angeles.

The LSM 223, a landing ship, was launched 15 August at the yards of the Dravo Corp., Wilmington, Del. Miss Louise Leahy, granddaughter of Admiral William D. Leahy, chief of staff to the President, was sponsor.

The fleet minesweeper Reprof was launched 8 August at the Engineering and

Drydock Co., Alameda, Calif. Mrs. Eleanore Clifford, wife of Comdr. Lloyd E. Clifford, USN-Ret., planning officer of the Western Sea Frontier, sponsored the vessel.

Vital in controlling fire hazards at sea, a new liquid foam fire extinguisher, with a special nozzle attachment, perfected by the Bureau of Ships, Navy Department, promises to play an important part in industrial fire-protection requirements in the post-war world. This improved type of liquid foam for fighting fires is basically mechanical in action, rather than chemical. It saves about 30 per cent of the stowage weight and 40 per cent of the space of other types.

The new foam is more fluid and so flows around objects better, retaining its consistency for more than two hours. It eliminates danger to property and fire fighter alike by reducing the hazard of re-ignition and flash back—the flames retracing their steps. It does not affect clothing or equipment with which it may come into contact and can be easily washed off by flushing with water. It consists of a foam-forming and a foam-stabilizing chemical in solution. The foaming charge now used consists of soy-bean meal or other protein base. It mixes in the proportion of about six per cent foaming agent to 94 per cent water. The mechanical mixing, which produces the foam blanket, takes place in the special nozzle where air is introduced into the water-foaming agent mixture to produce a large quantity of fluid foam.

The USS Texas—An excellent example of good reporting was the dispatch of 1st Lt. Weldon James, Marine Corps Public Relations officer, describing the D day bombardment of the Cherbourg coast by the combined American-British naval force commanded by Rear Admiral Morton L. Deyo. Stationed on the Texas, it was natural for Lt. James to devote most of his observations to the experience of that battleship which has seen so much service as flagship of the Commander, Battleships, Atlantic Fleet. The Texas participated in the action in North Africa and has engaged in convoy duty on many trips to the Mediterranean and to the United Kingdom.

It was a gripping story Lieutenant James told, a story of a powerful moving fortress that by the professional skill of her commander, Capt. Charles A. Baker, while accurately laying her guns upon German shore batteries, eluded destruction although straddled and near missed sixty-five times. This combat reporter claimed that the engagement was of a type rare in the history of the Navy, and unthinkable save for the magic of modern naval gunnery or the Army's desperate need.

With due regard to his enthusiasm, be it noted that at Casablanca, Salerno, and in the Pacific, the Navy without regard for danger, bombarded enemy installations and by so doing facilitated the landing of troops. But he is correct in speaking of the magic gunnery of our well trained men, of the discipline which pervades the ships, and of the skill with which they navigated unfamiliar waters, and the way in which they anticipate enemy bombs and shells and avert to avoid them. The Texas sustained two direct hits, some damage from near misses, and had to fight two fires and get rid of some exploding ammunition. But she emerged from the operations able fully to operate. Reports from other vessels of the Fleet doubtless will tell of like experience, but those already received show that the same efficiency which marked the Texas was displayed by them. Not surprising that an admiring destroyer signalled "Come on Texas," nor that the Army flashed "well done."

Naval Aeronautics—Admiral Ernest J. King, commander in chief of the United States Fleet and Chief of Naval Operations, has commended the Naval Air Transport Service for flying heavy equipment from this country to the Panama Canal Zone for repair of a damaged fleet tanker. The commendation stated that the fast dispatch of the equipment saved a total of 14 days in the delivery of the tanker's cargo to Task Force 58 operating in the forward areas of the Central Pacific.

Navy Air Group is now home from the Pacific with what is believed to be a record for sustained combat flying by carrier-based aviation. The group flew for ten months from the deck of a light carrier of the Independence class. A total of 120 Japanese aircraft were destroyed by the group and another 30 were damaged.

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Another group recently returned, Air Group 10, has had six months of carrier service in the Central Pacific. Home for the second time since it was commissioned in 1942, the group became the first carrier group to complete two long tours of duty in the Pacific Ocean area.

Much Japanese night shipping has been destroyed by "Rankin's Night Raiders," flying Catalina flying boats painted black. These planes contacted 186 barges and five merchant ships at night destroying 34 of the former and two of the latter.

Navy Register To Press—Preparation of the 1944 edition of the *Navy Register* of commissioned and warrant officers of the Navy and Marine Corps Reserve has been begun by the Bureau of Naval Personnel. As in the case of the 1 July 1943 edition, the data for each officer will be condensed on a line on a single page, instead of a line across two pages, as was customary in the *Registers* before 1943. The new *Register* probably will be ready for distribution about the first of the year.

Army Chaplains Corps—Added to the list of casualties among Army chaplains there have been reported this week the names of James Richard Shaw and Arthur J. Diefenbacher. Chaplain Shaw was killed in action 3 July 1944 on the island of Biak in the South Pacific. As an infantry trainee he had been a chaplain's assistant. Having been a graduate of the Los Angeles Theological Seminary, he was then commissioned as an Army Chaplain. His sister is the "Vivian" who is a soloist on "The Hour of Charm" broadcast, and is the wife of Maj. C. Turner Foster.

Chaplain Diefenbacher was killed in action in France on 5 July 1944. Before entering the chaplaincy he had been a missionary in Manchukuo for 8 years and was widely known for his knowledge of Chinese and for translations into that language.

Predicting that after the war there will be an army of civilian chaplains ministering to workers in mine, mill and factory, Chaplain Harry C. Fraser of the Office of the Chief of Chaplains said in a sermon at the Rhode Island Methodist Church, Washington, on 13 Aug., that "the country will be chaplain-conscious as never before after the war." He believes that chaplains' work on the battlefields will lead service personnel to want to continue the kind of spiritual relationship they have had with chaplains.

Navy Chaplains Corps—Comdr. Emil H. Groth, a chaplain of the Regular Navy since 1917, has received a letter of commendation from Admiral Chester W. Nimitz "For meritorious and efficient performance of duty while serving with a Marine Division during the preparation for and the establishment of our beachhead at Bougainville, British Solomon Islands, from 10 September 1943 to 4 January 1944." Chaplain Groth was on duty as Division Chaplain.

Lt. Douglas Vernon (ChC) USNR, the first chaplain ashore at Tarawa, has succeeded Lt. Comdr. F. J. Loungway (ChC) USNR, as executive secretary of the New York Auxiliary of the Navy Relief Society. Lt. Comdr. Loungway has been ordered to sea duty on a new cruiser.

Army Medical Department—Completing his work on his fifth anniversary as Chief of the Professional Service of the Office of The Surgeon General, Brig. Gen. Charles C. Hillman left Washington on 7 Aug. to take up his new post on or about 20 Aug. as the Commanding General of Letterman General Hospital in San Francisco. This institution—containing 2,500 beds—has been designated as the principal debarkation hospital for casualties from the Pacific area. General Hillman succeeds Brig. Gen. Frank W. Weed, who will soon retire.

Twenty-three Army Medical Department officers who had completed the indoctrination course in civil affairs at the School of Military Government, Charlottesville, Va., attended a conference recently in the Office of The Surgeon General. These officers have been assigned recently for Far East background and public health training in the Civil Affairs Training School at Yale University, New Haven, Conn. The conference in Washington, under auspices of the Civil Public Health Division, consisted of an address of welcome by Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk and talks by Brig. Gen. James S. Simmons, Brig. Gen. Stanhope Bayne-Jones, Brig. Gen. Leon Fox, Lt. Col. P. T. Knies, Col. Ira V. Hiscock, Col. George M. Powell and Col. T. B. Turner.

The preliminary meeting of the Advisory Board on Clinical Psychology of the Office of The Adjutant General was held recently, under the auspices of the Chief Psychologist, Walter V. Bingham, who called the meeting and presided over it. Lt. Col. Morton A. Seldenfeld has recently been appointed Chief Clinical Psychologist, and his Assistant is Capt. Jon Elsenon. The meeting was attended by Col. W. C. Menninger, Director of Neuro-psychiatry Division, Lt. Col. M. J. Farrell, Maj. N. Q. Brill and Maj. Walter E. Barton, of the Office of The Surgeon General. Those present also included Col. A. P. Sullivan, Director of the Operations and Training Division of the Adjutant General's Office, Col. George R. Evans, Chief of the Classification and Replacement Branch of the Adjutant General's Office, Lt. Col. Edward M. Alkire, Coordinator of War Department Personnel Audit Teams, and Lt. Col. M. W. Richardson, Chief of the Personnel Research Section of the Classification and Replacement Branch, Adjutant General's Office.

New techniques for the conquest of contagious diseases, ranging from a method of oiling floors and blankets to trap the germs of air-borne infections, to the use of a protein substance separated from blood plasma to check epidemics of measles, are coming out of the work of the Army's Board for the Investigation and Control of Influenza and Other Epidemic Diseases in the Army.

Other recent achievements of the Board include the perfection of a technique to check the spread of meningococcal meningitis by the use of sulfadiazine and the development of vaccines which give indication of being effective against two types of influenza, so-called Influenza A and B.

Organized under the Preventive Medicine Service of the Office of The Surgeon General, the Board has been the means of mobilizing the Nation's leading authorities on contagious diseases to protect the health of the Army.

The Board constitutes one activity of the Preventive Medicine Service whose plans and program have enabled the Army to set a new health record in the history of wars.

At the present time, the death rate from disease in the Army is not only lower than it was in the World War but lower than it was in any of the last ten peacetime years.

Army Signal Corps—Lt. Col. T. H. Mitchell, who has been serving as Chief of the Traffic Operational Engineering Branch of the Signal Corps Army Communications Service, has been released from the Army at the request of RCA Communications to

assume office as Vice President and General Manager of that company, succeeding William Arthur Winterbottom, recently deceased.

Officers of the Army Communications Service gave a farewell dinner in Washington. Brig. Gen. Frank E. Stoner, Chief, Army Communications Service delivered the principal address in appreciation of Colonel Mitchell's important contribution, stating that he had played a large part in making the Army's world-wide communications networks the finest in existence. Other speakers included Col. E. F. French, Col. Carl H. Hatch, Lt. Col. Orla St. Clair, and Lt. Col. Perry C. Maynard, all of Army Communications Service. Maj. M. H. Embury was toastmaster.

Col. Mitchell was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy in 1925 but later resigned from the Navy to take up work with the Radio Corporation of America.

Among the recent changes in assignments at Fort Monmouth, N. J., was the designation of Col. Walter C. Ellis as Executive Officer of the Eastern Signal Corps Unit Training Center. He was formerly Commanding Officer of the 803rd Signal Training Regiment, in which post his successor is Lt. Col. Horace G. Rice. Col. James R. Philbrook, who has held posts as Commanding Officer of Camp Edison and Camp Wood (N. J.), has been appointed Commanding Officer of the 309th Italian Quartermaster Battalion at Fort Monmouth.

A new school for training Civilian Personnel Officers has been opened at Camp Holabird (Md.) according to a recent announcement by Col. Charles N. Sawyer, Chief of the Camp Holabird Training Division. Approximately sixty officers and civilians who are chiefs of personnel divisions at posts and installations throughout the United States have arrived to take a two weeks' course. Formerly located at Fort Washington, Md., this school is now to be a permanent part of Holabird's training program. The director is Lt. Col. Guy W. Wadsworth, Maj. John J. McGrath is assistant director, and Lt. Irving Sokolow is executive officer.

A new telephone switching unit weighing only one ounce, makes it possible for Army communications men to set up emergency field switchboards in the hottest combat areas. The Adapter Plug U-4/GT is so small that the operator can carry a dozen or two of them in his pocket or in a pouch attached to his cartridge belt. This enables him to take the "makings" to many a place where he could not carry a battery switchboard. This plug may be used for terminating a local battery telephone line, and several plugs used together, along with a field telephone, provide a workable switchboard substitute which may be set up on a branch of a tree or on any support that presents itself.

AGO Casualty Section

(Continued from First Page)

additional information has been obtained or not. In the event such information is obtained the emergency addressee is notified at once.

One section of the branch is devoted exclusively to the application of Public Law 490, which directs the Secretary of War or his delegated representative (in this case the chief of the Casualty Branch) to make death findings on missing in action personnel. Examination is made at the end of a year and the individual is carried in a missing status if possibility of his being alive is established by the corps of experts who scrutinize the case. If at any subsequent time evidence justifying a death finding is discovered, such a finding can and must be made. All of the officers in this section and many of the civilian employees have been chosen with regard to their qualifications for this work.

In each section every possible method and means is employed to speed up search of records and the passing on of the vital information. Room after room of file cases, broken down into alphabetical subdivisions, and hundreds of typists answering inquiries are supplemented by batteries of telephones which handle 600 to 700 phone inquiries each day. Special sections handle calls and inquiries from Senators, Members of Congress, members of the General Staff and other officials. But in all cases the family receives information first and with all the speed possible. A telephone call to War Department extension 79111 immediately puts into motion for parties concerned an up-to-the-minute check on any type of casualty.

In the notification of emergency addressees of deaths the telegram of notification from the Adjutant General is followed by a letter of condolence by that official with which is inclosed information as to disposition of remains and other pertinent information. When notification is made that a man is a prisoner of war a letter from the Provost Marshal General follows, giving instructions for communicating with him.

Most serious delay is sometimes caused by the removal of families without notification or change of post office address. Under the system now in effect the telegraph company, if unable to make delivery of the telegraphic notification, contacts the local postmaster in order that a search may be instituted without any additional delay.

The spirit of those who devote their time and energy to this work is typified in the creed of the branch, which hangs surrounded by the signatures of these workers, and reads as follows:

"We, the officers and civilian employees of the Casualty Branch, are dealing with the results of war. Our problems are those

of life and death. As such they are as widespread as the borders of our country and reach out to all our people regardless of creed, race or station. They concern the wounded, the missing and those who have given their very lives that the institutions of our country, of which we are all so proud, might live. It is necessary, therefore, that all of us realize that this is not just another assignment or just another job but rather a singular opportunity to render a service, excelling all others, to distraught and grief-stricken relatives. The privilege of rendering this service is our reward: There is no greater."

Awards and Decorations

(Continued from Page 1533)

service:

Brig. Gen. L. A. Daugherty, USA.
Brig. Gen. W. E. Dunkelberg, USA.
Brig. Gen. E. W. Jones, USA.
Brig. Gen. H. Linden, USA.
Brig. Gen. Elwyn D. Post, USA.
Brig. Gen. H. F. Thompson, USA.
Col. Frank E. Bonney, Inf.
Col. Irwin L. Kaufman, SC.
Col. J. A. Klein, AGD.
Col. L. E. Schick, GSC.
Col. F. S. Skinner, GSC.
Col. Wm. A. Swift, IGD.
Col. Edward J. Walsh, JAGD.
Lt. Col. John T. Carlton, Cav.
Lt. Col. Harvey D. Geyer, CWS.
Lt. Col. Herbert G. Hahn, Inf.
Lt. Col. Jack D. Huncutt, CAC.
Lt. Col. E. M. Parker, GSC.
MSgt. Edwin R. Mickelson, TC.

Silver Star

CGM W. J. Carr, USN—Submarine war.
Lt. R. N. Henderson, USN—Torpedo and Diving Officer on submarine.
Lt. Comdr. D. M. Swift, USN—As CO of USS Lansdale repelled enemy approach.
Brig. Gen. A. C. McAniff, USA—Comdr. of 101st Airborne Div.
The award of the Silver Star, or Oak Leaf Cluster in lieu of second Silver Star to 194 members of Infantry units was announced by the War Department this week.

Bronze Star

Capt. F. J. Bell, USN—Heroism during Japanese attack on convoy his ship was guarding.
Capt. C. R. Will, USN—Staff of Comdr. of Fourth Fleet.
CMMM D. C. Keeter, USN—Submarine war.
RM 2c J. E. Carter, USN—Submarine war.
S Sgt. F. A. Rice, Inf.—Solomon Islands.
The award of the Bronze Star, or Oak Leaf Cluster in lieu of second Bronze Star to 100 members of the Army has been announced by the War Department this week.

Distinguished Flying Cross

Lt. Comdr. T. D. Davis, USN—Submarine war.
The award of the Distinguished Flying Cross to 44 members of the U. S. Army Fifth Air Force and 246 members of the U. S. Army Eighth Air Force was announced this week.

Air Medal

ACMM John Vasu, USN—Submarine war.
ACMM K. A. Mattingly, USNR—Submarine war.
(Please turn to Page 1546)

President Discusses Pacific

President Roosevelt, in an address delivered 12 Aug. from Bremerton, Wash., discussed the importance of the Hawaiian Islands, the Aleutians, and the Islands of the South Pacific to the defense of the United States and to the republics of South America. He said:

On the afternoon of my arrival my old friend, General Douglas MacArthur, arrived by air from New Guinea, and we began a series of interesting and useful conferences, accompanied by Admiral Nimitz and my own chief of staff, Admiral Leahy, and General Richardson, the commanding general of the Army forces in the Hawaiian area, and Admiral Halsey, commander of the 3d Fleet.

In these three days we talked about Pacific problems and the best method of conducting the Pacific campaign in the future. The discussions developed complete accord, both in the understanding of the problem that confronts us and in the opinion as to the best methods for its solution.

The Hawaiian Islands used to be considered an outpost. We were not allowed to fortify Guam nor did we fortify Wake or Midway or Samoa.

The Hawaiian Islands have helped to make possible the victories at Guadalcanal and New Guinea and the Marshalls and the Marianas. The islands will make possible future operations in China—make possible the recapture and independence of the Philippines, and make possible the carrying of war into the home islands of Japan itself and its capital city of Tokyo.

The climate at Adak is not the most inviting in the world, but I want to say a word of appreciation to the thousands of officers and men of all the services who have built up this base and other bases in the extreme northwest in such a short time to a point where the people of our Pacific Coast, of British Columbia, and of Alaska can feel certain that we are safe against Japanese invasion on any large scale.

Delayed by fog and rain, we had to give up putting in at Dutch Harbor, but we did stop at Kodiak, a large island off the end of the Alaskan peninsula. Here, also, the three services have completed a very excellent, though smaller, base.

We understand at last the importance of the Hawaiian Islands. It is important that we have other bases—forward bases nearer to Japan than they lie. The same thing is true in regard to the defense of all the American republics from Mexico past the Panama Canal and all the way down to Chile. There are hundreds of islands in the South Pacific which bear the same relation to South America and

the Panama Canal as Hawaii bears to North America. These islands are possessions of the British Empire and the French. They are important commercially just as they are from the defense point of view for they lead to New Zealand, Australia, the Dutch Indies and the southern Philippines. With all these places we shall undoubtedly have a growing trade.

We have no desire to ask for any possessions of the United Nations. But the United Nations who are working so well with us in the winning of the war will, I am confident, be glad to join with us in protection against aggression and in machinery to prevent aggression. With them and with their help I am sure that we can agree completely so that Central and South America will be as safe against attack from the South Pacific as North America is going to be from the North Pacific itself.

Japs Execute U. S. Prisoners

The Navy Department has been informed by a report from the International Red Cross, which was sent to the State Department from Switzerland, that Frank Meringolo, Seaman, First Class, United States Navy; Sergeant Joe B. Chastain, United States Marine Corps, and Corporal Victor Pallotti, United States Marine Corps, were condemned to death and executed by the Japanese. The date of the executions was given as July 31, 1943.

According to the Japanese Foreign Office, the three American prisoners of war were being held in a prisoners of war camp in Manchuria. The night of June 21, 1943, the prisoners escaped camp, and fled in the direction of Russia. On July 2, 1943, they accosted a police inspector and endeavored to obtain food, stating that they were starving. The inspector questioned them and they tried to pass as German aviators, explaining that their plane had crashed.

The inspector and two Mongols went

Luxenberg
CIVILIAN & MILITARY TAILORS
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OFFICERS' UNIFORMS—Hand Tailored to Order
NSIGNIA—Army-Navy Marines—ACCESSORIES
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with the men to the scene of supposed accident. En route, according to the Japanese version, one of the prisoners killed the inspector with a kitchen knife and another seriously wounded one of the Mongols. The other Mongol fled and later succeeded in arresting the prisoners with the aid of local inhabitants. The three prisoners were tried before a military court and were condemned to death.

Rule in Hawaii

(From the Honolulu Advertiser)

While Hawaii remains the control center of the war in the Pacific, the fighting has moved westward and the acute emergency has passed. In evidence of this comes the announcement of General Richardson that he will no longer serve as military governor, relying upon his authority as commanding general of the Central Pacific Area for any civilian control that occasion may necessitate.

This action by General Richardson is in keeping with the considerate attitude he has always maintained toward Hawaii's civilian population. His concern has been that military requirements should interfere just as little as possible with the normal affairs of the community. Now that the form of an

Army and Navy Journal 1537 August 19, 1944

Office of the Military Governor is no longer needed, he has set it aside.

Under these conditions there appears to be no logical reason why the territorial civil government should not recognize that the time has come to restore their liberties to the people of Hawaii. The Hawaii Defense Act, constitutional or not, was designed for use only under the stress of great emergency and dire peril. It was not intended to perpetuate one-man rule in Hawaii's civil affairs.

The governor has cried loudly from the house tops for the restoration of civil rights here ever since he took office. He made much of this point both at home and in Washington. It is not consistent that he should be the one to deny these rights.

AG School Moved

The Adjutant General's School, Fort Washington, has been relocated and established at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Control of the school passes to the Commanding General of the Eighth Service Command at Dallas, Texas.

From The USA

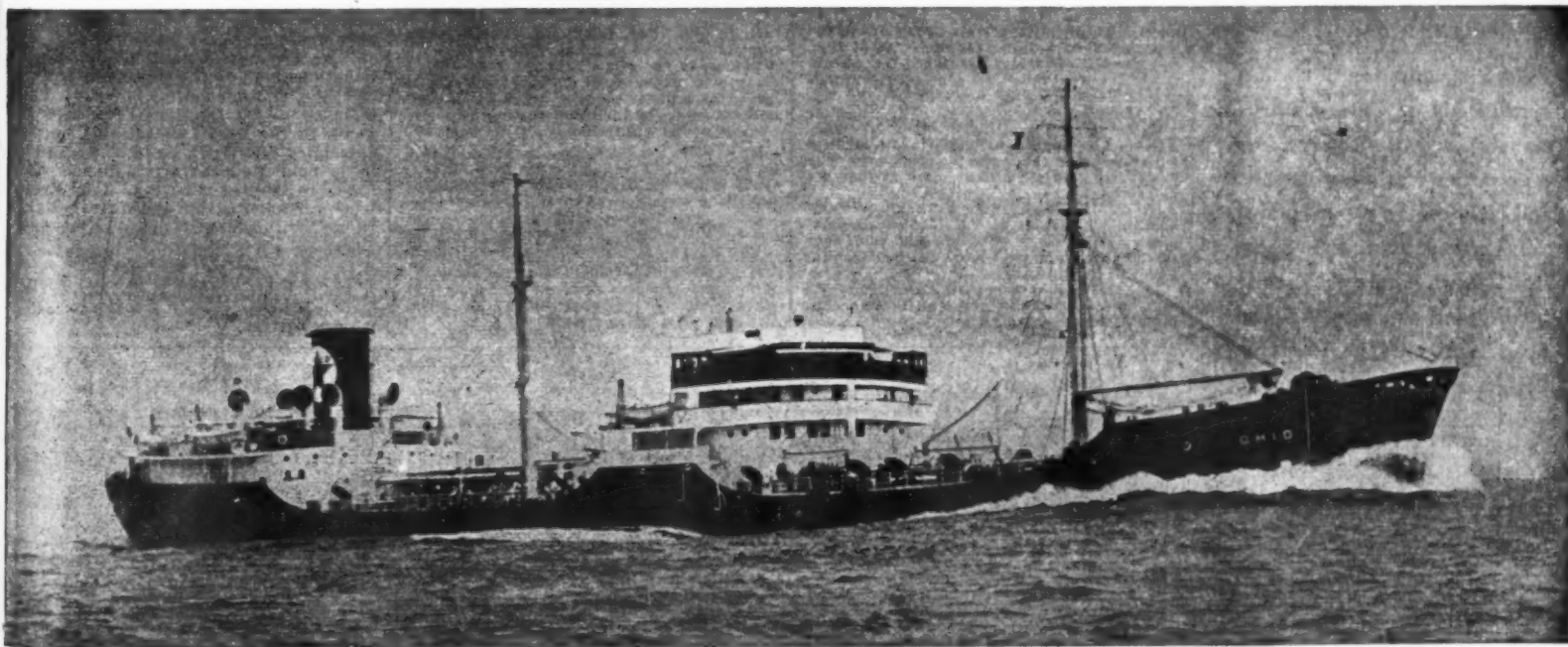
85% of the 100 octane aviation gas used by the air forces of the United Nations comes from this country. This super-fuel, credited with helping the R.A.F. win the Battle of Britain, is supplied in ever-increasing quantities by American oil companies.



AMERICAN OIL COMPANY

and its affiliate

PAN AMERICAN REFINING CORP.



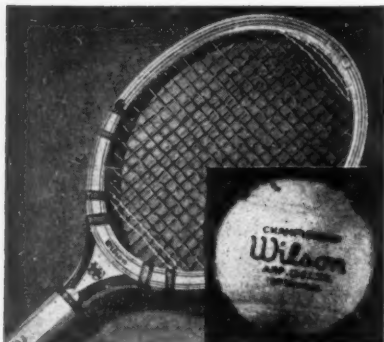
The Tanker "Ohio" withstood Axis torpedoes and bombs to deliver desperately needed cargo to Malta.

Today the employees and management of The Sun Ship Organization are continuing to build more and more ships and equipment for the Army and Navy and are regularly purchasing more War Bonds

SUN SHIPBUILDING AND DRY DOCK CO.
CHESTER, PA.

"WILSON" is short for "Best in the World"

Our fighting equipment is the best in the world. It's the kind of equipment America's fighting men expect. When you specify "WILSON" sports equipment for the men in training—men in rest billets—men on deck or ashore, you automatically specify what thousands of players and sporting-goods dealers agree is "the best in the world."



Wilson's standards of quality in materials, design and workmanship are the highest, but even under war's obligations and restrictions we are maintaining these standards. Specify "Wilson" and you specify quality—all the way. Wilson Sporting Goods Co., Chicago, New York and other leading cities.



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SPORTS EQUIPMENT



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IT'S Wilson TODAY
IN SPORTS EQUIPMENT

U. S. COAST GUARD

CHIEF of Coast Guard Personnel, Rear Adm. Robert Donohue announced in a directive that there have been repeated reports of serious misbehavior of Coast Guard personnel while in transit. Commands effecting the transfer of personnel, singly or in drafts, have been directed to take immediate action to require strict compliance with the provisions of Personnel Bulletin No. 15-44.

Orders of Coast Guard Personnel from now on will contain a separate paragraph specifically covering the use of intoxicating beverages, and the discussion of Naval affairs while enroute from one station of duty to another.

Marine Hearing Units

Headquarters of the Coast Guard has requested applications for a five week course preparing for assignment to Merchant Marine Hearing Units. Regular or reserve officers of rank of commander and below who have had twelve months or more sea service are eligible.

Reporting Personnel Changes

Blanket reporting of changes in the status of Coast Guard Personnel on Forms 2590 is no longer authorized. The form will be prepared for each person and

a copy placed in the individuals service record.

Excess Equipment

All equipage and supplies, machinery and apparatus with spare parts for such equipment, peculiar to the requirements of the Coast Guard which are not essential to the operation of the acquired boats, should be removed prior to the return of such craft to the War Shipping Administration for disposal by them under the present law.

Certificates of Enrollment

Two types of Certificates of Enrollment are now available for distribution to temporary members of the Coast Guard Reserve who have performed duties as volunteers without pay. The two forms, the larger for warrant and commissioned officers and the smaller for enlisted personnel, have been prepared and may be distributed through District Coast Guard Officers.

Opportunity will be given to former temporary members of the Reserve, who have been disenrolled under honorable conditions, to obtain an appropriate certificate of enrollment should they so desire.

Calendar of Legislation

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

S. 2050. Amends existing law to remove certain limitations upon the dissemination of news to the armed forces. Reported by Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections and passed by Senate and House. To President.

S. 1374. To provide for the promotion of certain American prisoners of war. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

H. R. 3187. Amends Army's 20-year physical retirement set to make its provisions retroactive to apply to all former enlisted men of the Regular Army and Philippine Scouts who have served for 20 years or more and who were honorably discharged for disability in line of duty. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

BILLS INTRODUCED

H. R. 5195. Rep. Rankin, Miss. (By request). To liberalize certain provisions of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940, as amended. Provides insurance for certain personnel who failed to continue insurance granted under Public Laws 97, 99 and 638, 77th Congress.

H. R. 5171. Rep. Dingell, Mich. To commission as second lieutenants in the Medical Department of the Army enlisted men who have served three years or more in that department.

H. R. 5172. Rep. Dingell, Mich. To commission as ensigns in the Medical Department of the Navy enlisted men who have served three years or more in the Hospital Corps of the Navy.

H. R. 5174. Rep. Sheppard, Calif. To create an office of Naval Research and Development in the Navy Department.

H. R. 5182. Rep. Snyder, Pa. To create an office of Military Research and Development in the War Department.

S. 2073. Sen. Walsh, Mass. Authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to convey to the Oahu Railway and Land Company an easement for railway purposes on the island of Oahu.

S. 2076. Sen. Walsh, Mass. Provides that personnel on an active duty status in World Wars I and II shall be entitled to 50 per cent of their highest duty pay if retired after 20 years of service, and 75 per cent of their highest duty pay if retired after 30 years' service. All service, regular or reserve, enlisted, warrant or commissioned, active and inactive status, to be included.

H. R. 5185. Rep. Ludlow, Ind. To provide disability benefits for discharged veterans who were inducted after having reported a personal history of a certain ailment or disability, and who are discharged later because of aggravation of the ailment or disability.

H. R. 5196. Rep. Lea, Calif. To authorize common carriers to grant reduced fares to personnel of the armed services, traveling at their own expense, in uniform, on official leave, furlough or pass, or when discharged and traveling to their home or prospective place of abode within 30 days of discharge.

H. R. 5194. Rep. McGehee, Miss. To provide for settlement of claims for damages for personal injury or death or for damage to or loss or destruction of property caused by service personnel or civilian employees or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the Navy.

H. R. 5201. Rep. Lane, Mass. To abate the income tax of members of the armed services for the year of their entrance into service any time after 27 Aug. 1940.

H. R. 5202. Rep. Lemke, N. Dak. Provides for an additional income tax exemption of \$2,000 from gross income for any veteran discharged or released from the services under other than dishonorable conditions after active service of 90 days or more.

Cleaning Small Arms

A new rifle bore cleaner and a new lubricating, preservative oil, both in containers small enough to fit in a cartridge belt, are now being made available for issue to soldiers. They are designed to replace everything formerly used to clean and preserve small arms under average field conditions.

In military nomenclature they are Cleaner, Rifle Bore USA 2-117 (formerly RIXS-205) and Oil, Lubricating, Preservative, Special USA 2-120 (formerly AXS-777).

The containers in which they are being issued are smaller than a pack of cigarettes. To insure identification at night, the rifle bore cleaner comes in an oval-shaped can, and the preservative oil in a rectangular can.

A characteristic of the rifle bore cleaner is its marked ability to absorb water. The lubricating and preservative oil, under most conditions, is effective for a week.

Both cans are plainly marked "Poison." This was made necessary by the lead with which the cans are lined. Their handy size would suggest to many soldiers a secondary use as containers for food or drinking water. If used in this way, the lining may be expected to cause lead poisoning.

The cans for individual issue hold two ounces of liquid each. Larger size cans are provided for shop use.

Navy Honors RCA

For development of radio devices, which "at first checked and then started the enemy down the road to total defeat," RCA Laboratories at Princeton, N. J., were honored 14 Aug. by the Industrial Incentive Division of the U. S. Navy, in cooperation with radio station WCAU, Philadelphia, in the broadcast of "A Salute to Uncle Sam's Industries," dedicated to men and women on the production line.

Guests of the Navy and WCAU in the salute ceremony in honor of "RCA's notable achievements" and "invaluable contributions both to the prosecution of the war and to life in the post-war world," included E. W. Engstrom, Research Director of the RCA Laboratories, and his associates, Dr. W. D. Hersherberger, active in the field of short-wave radio and radar for more than 10 years, and John Evans, who participated in the first tests of radar equipment which were made in 1938.

VITAL INFORMATION is in every issue of the Army and Navy Journal. Prompt renewal of your subscription will insure you against missing copies.

Burma-Shave
NO BRUSH - NO LATHER

"Come back soon
old smoothie!"

Marine Officers Promoted

Temporary promotion to next higher grades of several hundred Marine officers in grades of lieutenant colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and appointment of a number of warrant officers was approved by the President on 1 Aug.

The promotions and appointments were announced to the service by Marine Corps Headquarters on 8 Aug., in Letter of Instruction No. 822.

Those promoted to field grades follow, Regulars being indicated by (R), and those who previously held "spot" appointments in the grade to which promoted being indicated by asterisks (*):

Promoted to Colonel

John R. Lanigan (R) Charles G. Meints (R)
E. E. Shaughnessy H. J. Withers (R)
(R) C. B. Graham (R)

Promoted to Lieutenant Colonel

M. C. Sodano H. L. Torgerson
A. J. Beall L. E. Haffner
E. L. Hemling T. E. Williams
J. F. Sherman Martin Fenton
J. S. Reynaud H. W. Fuller
Grant Crane J. H. Augustin
Lewellyn Powell, jr. J. A. Moreau
H. M. Hoyer J. A. Saxton, (R)
William A. Culpepper R. W. Shaw (R)
Virgil Max Davis C. A. Rovetta (R)
C. W. Kelly, jr. A. L. Booth (R)
M. J. Green C. E. Emrich (R)
W. R. Lytz D. S. Radcliffe (R)
L. N. Samuelsen C. M. de Hority (R)
E. G. Ruby H. B. Bengt (R)
A. V. Jorgensen W. P. Spencer (R)
F. L. Mossburg, jr. R. B. Church (R)
G. F. Verbeck, jr. C. J. Bennett (R)
J. H. Tinsley D. C. Pollock (R)
E. F. Noyes, jr. H. B. Atkins (R)

Promoted to Major

J. DaC. Humphrey W. G. Fleissner (R)
(Ret.) (R) R. H. Gray (R)
C. C. Roberts (Ret.) E. V. Boro (R)
(R) L. N. Casey (R)
C. M. Cappelmann J. B. Wallen (R)
P. B. McNicol (R) J. S. Hartz (R)
J. J. Coleman W. T. Bray (R)
E. W. Whipple R. L. Powell (R)
J. J. Delahanty Q. A. Bradley (R)
S. E. Bailey, jr. S. L. Leonard (R)
W. R. Day C. P. McAuliffe, jr.,
(R)
J. G. McIntosh E. T. Shoenfelder
(R)
N. E. Lineweaver (R) J. T. Klagen (R)
F. J. Weeman H. C. Parks (R)
J. R. Tucker (R) C. R. Rogers, jr., (R)
F. Dykstra (R) C. T. Young, III (R)
H. K. Jackson (R) J. H. Daniel (R)
A. T. Castagna C. L. Christenson (R)
W. E. Anderson (R) R. L. Sherrill, jr., (R)
L. A. Haakenstad (R) G. S. Baze (R)
G. L. Owens (R) E. B. Wheeler (R)
I. N. Kelly (R) H. E. Knapp, jr., (R)
Lee Moberly (R) S. C. Munson, jr., (R)
W. R. Barnes (R) J. L. Frothingham
(R)
M. L. Ross (R) J. W. Wade, jr., (R)
F. C. Maner (R)
J. W. Russell (R)
J. L. Jones

R. D. Wilt (R)
C. M. Johnson (R)
J. B. Sweeney (R)
G. H. Dole (R)
B. W. McLean (R)
H. M. Conner (R)
M. J. Dilbeck (R)
R. H. Haggerty (R)
H. H. Reichner, jr.,
(R)

R. P. Neuffer (R)
O. W. Jones, jr., (R)
R. W. Sullivan (R)
K. N. Smith (R)
G. D. Webster (R)
V. J. Scully, jr., (R)
L. E. Haenel (R)
B. H. Reed
E. O. Cerf
G. F. Vaughan (R)
H. S. Campbell
C. E. Brissenden
R. A. Downing (R)
D. A. Stout
W. M. Tracy
J. W. Hutchinson
W. G. Winters, jr.,
(R)

W. C. Givens
S. W. Gillespie
R. C. Henley (R)
G. L. Sheard (R)
W. T. Box
G. K. Dunn
C. C. Boyer
C. S. Roberts
J. G. Brady
R. N. Barrett, jr.
J. I. Warner, jr., (R)
H. W. Edwards (R)
H. L. Rogers (R)
L. D. Reid
H. S. Nelson
J. P. Rathbun (R)
A. J. Rauchle

W. R. Helmer
H. C. England
M. M. Cardwell, jr.
G. B. Nelson
G. W. Smith
P. H. Millichap (R)
W. H. Kennedy, jr.,
(R)

J. D. Hayes (R)
G. E. Koutelas
J. T. Pritchard, jr.
R. O. Brown
O. H. Ramlo
R. V. Reilly
R. B. Fleener
W. C. Cox, jr.
C. L. Bright
W. J. Sims
P. E. Sweeney
E. A. Trowbridge
T. Levandowski
D. L. Klas
T. A. Todd
G. D. Wolverton
J. E. Sperzel
T. W. Furlow
H. A. Peters
H. LeR. Walter
L. S. Butler, jr.
J. H. McEniry, jr.
H. R. Jaeger
L. F. Tatro, jr.
S. Richards, jr.
M. E. Boehner
R. E. Maulsby (R)
A. W. Rider
J. H. Stock
M. S. Ober, jr.
W. K. Snyder
G. L. Hollowell
J. A. O. Stub, jr.
Jack Cosley
J. W. Beebe
S. B. Folsom, jr.

West Point Football Schedule

Lt. Col. Earl Blaik, coach of the Army football team has announced the following schedule of games for this year:

30 Sept.—North Carolina
7 Oct.—Brown
14 Oct.—Pittsburgh
21 Oct.—C. G. Academy
28 Oct.—Duke
4 Nov.—Villanova
11 Nov.—Notre Dame
18 Nov.—Penn
2 Dec.—Navy

The Duke game will be at the Polo Grounds, New York; Notre Dame at the Yankee Stadium, N. Y.; Penn at Philadelphia, the other games at West Point. The site of the game with the Navy is yet to be announced.

In the Army, maintenance of equipment is primarily a matter of life and death. If a hunter's gun misfires, he can try his luck another day—if a soldier's rifle fails, his hunting days may be over.

G.E. Salutes

THE MEN IN THE SERVICES

NEW PRESSURIZED CABINS . . .



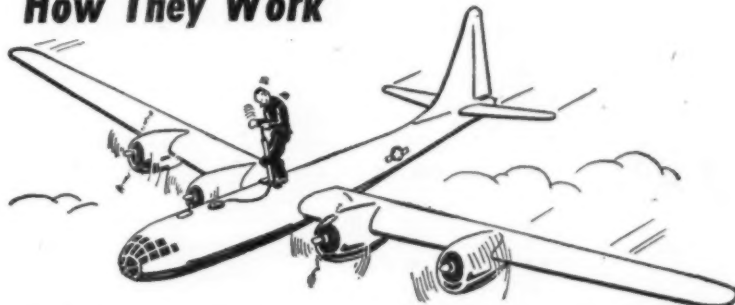
What They Do

SOME kinds of fighting—going ashore to establish a beachhead, or advancing on land by foxholes—can't be made comfortable for all the ingenuity of modern science and research. A foxhole is a foxhole, and the chances of supplying one with air-conditioning or a bathtub are pretty slim.

But occasionally industry has a chance to help fighting men with equipment which is not only better, but also more comfortable than its predecessors. The cabin on the new B-29 Superfortress is like that. It's been designed with a thought to the long hours the crew must stay aloft.

G-E turbosuperchargers keep crew members warm, and provide them with sufficient oxygen even at such altitudes as 40,000 feet, eliminating the use of oxygen masks or electric flying suits except during the brief period of the actual bombing run. Consequently airmen can relax more comfortably on their long flights.

How They Work



THE turbosuperchargers which maintain near-normal atmospheric conditions in the cabin at high altitudes were originally developed by General Electric to provide compressed air for airplane engines.

On the B-29 there are two turbosuperchargers to supply each of the four 2200-horsepower engines at high altitudes. The ones attached to two of the motors not only supply compressed air for the engines, but also feed air at regulated temperatures to the sealed cabin.

No development can make air war a cinch. Only wiping out the enemy's planes and his antiaircraft equipment can do that. But this is one effort to bring the comforts of normal living to our fighting airmen who fight in the upper regions where the air is cold and thin. General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Hear the General Electric radio programs: "The G-E All-girl Orchestra" Sunday 10 p.m. EWT, NBC—"The World Today" news, every weekday 6:45 p.m. EWT, CBS.

The best investment in the world is in this country's future. Keep all the Bonds you Buy.

GENERAL ELECTRIC

AN ADVERTISEMENT OF PEPSI-COLA COMPANY



"Shux, Sarge, with a dream like that, I ain't got th' heart to 'wake him!"

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

MRS. James V. Forrestal, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, who is in Newport, R. I., for the remainder of the summer, went to Wianno, Cape Cod, yesterday, 18 Aug., to be guest of Mrs. Gilbert Hitchcock, who is at the Wianno Club during the summer season.

Mrs. Ralph A. Bard, wife of the Under Secretary of the Navy, was hostess on Wednesday to the monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Navy Relief Society. The meeting was followed by luncheon.

Her guests were Mrs. P. L. Carroll, Miss Sophie Casey, Mrs. Theodore E. Chandler, Mrs. William D. Chandler, Mrs. E. L. Cochran, Mrs. E. J. Foy, Mrs. J. C. Furer, Mrs. George Hussey, Mrs. Ralph Jennings, Mrs. Willard Kitts, Mrs. Emory S. Land, Mrs. G. J. Rowcliffe and Mrs. Theodore Wilkinson.

The Commandant of Fort Myer, Va., and Mrs. Howard Donnelly entertained at a swimming party and supper 13 Aug., in compliment to their house guest, Miss Madeline McCoy of Manassas, who visited them over the week-end.

Col. and Mrs. Donnelly, with their small son, Howard Cravens Donnelly, will leave Washington the week-end of 24 Aug. for Connecticut. They will spend some time in Naugatuck and Greenwich before returning to Fort Myer after Labor Day.

Rear Adm. Harold C. Train, USN, who returned to Washington in June after service as Commandant of the Panama Sea Frontier and Commander of the Fifteenth Naval District, was guest of honor at a party the afternoon of 12 Aug. at the Panama Embassy. The Ambassador of Panama, Dr. Enrique Jimenez, presented him with the order of Grand Officer of the Vasco Nunez de Balboa Medal.

Also present at the ceremony and party were: Rear Adm. and Mrs. W. O. Spears, Rear Adm. and Mrs. H. E. Bowen, Rear Adm. and Mrs. William W. Smith, Vice Adm. and Mrs. Royal Ingersoll, Vice Adm. and Mrs. Russell Wilson, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Glen E. Edgerton, Maj. Gen. and



MRS. EDWARD E. LAUGHLIN, 2ND

who before her recent marriage to Ens. Laughlin was Miss Barbara Ann Paine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gordon Paine of Charles River Square, Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Julian Schley and Maj. Gen. and Mrs. George V. Strong.

The many friends of General and Mrs. George Forster will be glad to know of the definite progress in recovery of their two young sons—Joe Alec and George, Jr.—who were critically burned early last February.

Since that time, the children have been in both Lawrence Hospital, Mooresville, N. C., and for the past three months patients in Moore General, Swannanoa, near Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. Forster and her four young children have been making their home for the past two years with Mrs. Forster's mother, Mrs. J. A. McAndrew, in Davidson, N. C.

Mrs. Forster plans to leave for Kansas City in the near future.

Col. Edward V. Macatee, USA, and Mrs. Macatee and son Charles, are now at 2800 Greenvale Street, Chevy Chase, Md. Col. Macatee has recently returned from eighteen months duty overseas.

Col. A. F. Dannemiller, Inf., after more than forty-two years of active service in the United States Army, has recently been placed on the retired list. His last detail was at the New York Port of Embarkation, where he served as Inspector General.

Colonel and Mrs. Dannemiller are now residing at 2740 Elmwood Avenue, Berkeley, Calif., and they have found many service friends also located in the San Francisco Bay area.

With Colonel and Mrs. Dannemiller are their daughter, Mrs. William A. Todd, Jr., and her two children, Billy and Anne Lee, who expect to remain in Berkeley while Colonel Todd, MC, is overseas.

Maj. Edward Dannemiller, son of Colonel and Mrs. Dannemiller, and a graduate of West Point in 1939, is a Cavalry officer, now on foreign duty.

The Commandant of the Washington, D. C., Navy Yard and Mrs. Ferdinand L. Reichmuth have as their guests in their quarters the latter's brother and sister-in-law, Comdr. and Mrs. Frederick Stevenson of Westchester, Pa.

Continuing in the path followed by his forebears, Rene Amedee deRussy was commissioned a Second Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers, Army of the United States, on 9 Aug., having completed the course at the Engineer Officers' Candidate School at Fort Belvoir, Va. Lieut. deRussy thus follows in a direct line the military serv-

(Continued on Next Page)

Weddings and Engagements

COL. and Mrs. Leo B. Conner, of Fort Leavenworth, Kan., announce the engagement of their daughter Ruth Elleen, to Maj. Michael J. L. Greene, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Douglass T. Greene.

For the past year Miss Conner has been attending the Saint Mary College, Xavier, Kans., where she is in her senior year. Major Greene was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1941, and is at present stationed with the 11th Armored Division, Camp Cooke, Calif.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bailey, of Elmira, N. Y., announce the marriage of their daughter, Marie, to Harry Wallis Anderson, Jr., son of Col. Harry Wallis Anderson, on 8 August in Elmira, N. Y.

The bride attended Elmira College, Mr. Anderson, Jr., attended Perkiomen Preparatory School and Lehigh University.

Colonel Anderson commands an Engineer Combat Group and is now overseas.

Miss Alice Lalor Molten, daughter of Mrs. Robert Potter Molten and the late Capt. Molten, USN, and Lt. John Bayliss Earle Jr. (SC), USNR, son of Capt. John B. Earle, USN, and Mrs. Earle, of Fort Leavenworth, Kans., were married at 6.30 P. M., 2 Aug. in Christ Episcopal Church, Coronado, Calif. The bride was given in marriage by her great uncle, Capt. William J. Zalesky (MC) USN (ret.).

Mrs. Robert Potter Molten, Jr., was her sister-in-law's only attendant. Lt. A. H. Robnett (MC) USN, was the best man. A reception in the Molten home followed the ceremony. Lieutenant and Mrs. Earle will leave for Norfolk, Va., after a short trip in California.

Col. and Mrs. Geo. H. Forst, XVIII Corps, Ft. DuPont, Del., announce the marriage of their daughter, Peggy Evelyn, to Maj. Fideles A. Link, Army Air Corps, Sunday, 30 July, at the Army Air Base Chapel, Orlando, Fla.

Capt. and Mrs. R. Tully attended the young couple. Immediately following the ceremony, a reception was held at the Orlando Country Club.

Mrs. Link is a graduate of the Roosevelt High School, Minneapolis, Minn., and the State College, San Jose, Calif.

Major Link, the son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Link, St. Louis, Mo., recently returned from overseas and is assigned to the Army Air Base, B-29 School, Dalhart, Texas.

Major and Mrs. Link left for their new station after spending a brief honeymoon at the Seaside Inn, Daytona Beach, Florida.

The marriage of Miss Virginia Anne Ball, of San Francisco, and Capt. Robert Bailey Morrow, of Louisville, Ky., was solemnized at the Church of St. Vincent de Paul in San Francisco on 5 Aug., 1944. Col. George J. Zentgraf, Chaplain of Headquarters Western Defense Command, performed the ceremony and offered the nuptial mass.

The bride, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Coy M. Ball, formerly of Eureka, Calif., given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white satin with a three and a half yard long veil and carried white orchids, with her rosary and prayer book.

The maid of honor was Miss Barbara Meade, of San Francisco, and the best man was Lt. Daniel P. Dowling, of New York City.

The bride is a graduate of the University of California. The bridegroom, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Morrow, is a graduate of Detroit Institute of Technology.

Attendants to the bride were the Misses Barbara Bissinger, Jeanne Knudsen, and Marilyn Walsh. The bridegroom's men were Lt. Ted MacConaghy, Lt. Paul M. Fletcher, and Maj. Lowell T. Bondshu. Ushers were Capt. Walter S. Steffen and Capt. Joseph Jones.

A small reception followed at the Presidio Officers Club. After a brief honeymoon, at Carmel-by-the-Sea, Calif., Captain and Mrs. Morrow will reside in San Francisco.

Col. Joseph Rogers Darnall, MC, USA,

and Mrs. Darnall, announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy, to Ens. William Stewart Dougall, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Stewart Dougall, of Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Darnall was graduated from Monticello Preparatory School in Alton, Ill. She spent her freshman year of college at Duke University, where she was a member of Delta Gamma sorority and also Chi Delta Phi, national honorary literary society.

She then transferred to her father's alma mater, the University of Michigan, where she joined Zeta Phi Eta, national honorary speech fraternity and Senior Girl's Honor Society. She was also vice president and social chairman of Martha Cook dormitory. Graduating in June, Miss Darnall was elected president of the senior class, the first girl to achieve this honor.

The bride-elect is granddaughter of the late Gen. Carl Rogers Darnall, MC, USA, who invented the method and apparatus for purification of drinking water with chlorine. The Darnall General Army Hospital was named in his honor.

Ensign Dougall was an engineering student at the University of Michigan before entering the Naval Air Corps. He received his wings at Corpus Christi, Tex., last August and has since been stationed in Florida and on the West Coast. The wedding will take place when Ensign Dougall returns from overseas duty.

Colonel Darnall is serving overseas as chief of the hospitalization division of the ETO USA.

With all the tradition and ceremony of a military wedding the marriage of Miss Diana Harrison Foote and Capt. James Fugate Lawrence, USMCR, was solemnized at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening at the Church of St. John the Divine, Houston, Texas. The bride is the daughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Percy Wright Foote, of Houston, and Captain Lawrence is the son of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Lawrence, of Asheville, N. C. The service was read by Bishop Clinton S. Quin, assisted by Rev. Thomas W. Summers, rector of the church.

The bride entered with her father, who gave her, in marriage. She wore her mother's wedding gown of ivory duchesse satin, fashioned with a full skirt and

(Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

ANNAPOLIS, MD.
14 August 1944

Comdr. and Mrs. James M. Doyle of York, Pa., returned yesterday after spending several days at Carvel Hall.

Miss Georgetown Bassett is visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Capt. and Mrs. Valentine Pottle at Tilden Gardens in Washington.

Mrs. Dell, wife of Capt. Thomas Dell, USN, and her daughter Miss Jeanne Dell, who have been spending the summer at Carvel Hall, left on Saturday for the West Coast.

Lt. Langdon D. Pickering, Jr., USMC, has returned from the South Pacific and is spending a month's leave with his wife and young son at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Langdon D. Pickering, Ferry Farms.

Mrs. Atkins, wife of Capt. L. M. Atkins, USN, spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. Nettie Steele at her home on Franklin St.

Mrs. Donald E. Rockwell, Jr., wife of Ensign Rockwell, Jr., USN, has returned from Cape Cod, and is staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele of Southgate Ave.

Maj. E. Leslie Medford, Jr., USMC, has returned from the South Pacific and is spending his leave with his parents, Col. E. Leslie Medford, USA, and Mrs. Medford at the Gloucester Apts.

NORFOLK, VA.
17 August 1944

Miss Gloria Regina Cummings whose marriage to Lt. (jg) David Edward Denby, USNR, took place Friday afternoon in Our Lady of Victory Chapel Naval Operating Base, was honored at a number of charming pre-wedding parties. Mrs. Nathan B. Rose and her daughter, Miss Barbara Hinson were hostesses on Tuesday at a pretty tea given in the Ames and Brownley tea room in honor of the bride-elect, the guests numbering twenty. On Thursday evening, a buffet supper was given by Mr. and Mrs. William Francis Cummings at their home on West Princess Anne Road, honoring their daughter and her fiancé. The supper followed the rehearsal for the wedding and the guests who included the bridal party and out of town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Edward Chiles Denby, Miss Harriet Denby and Mrs. John Cummings, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. John Tost, of Roslyn, Long Island; Lt. and Mrs. Robert Warren Sagnette, of Albany, Georgia; Misses Virginia Bailey, of Arlington; Barbara Hinson, Virginia Butler, Martha Cory, and Lt. Comdr. James Boyd, Lt. Richard G. Aronow, Lt. Jack S. David, Lt. Walter E. Robinson and Ensign Thomas B. Markham.

Another popular bride of the week, Miss Lucy Manson whose marriage to Lt. Daniel Monroe Sharpe, USA, took place Saturday, was entertained at several very delightful parties. Among them was the bridesmaids' luncheon given by Mrs. William Q. Lwach at her home on Stanhope Avenue; a luncheon on Thursday given by Mrs. Alfred Green and Mrs. J. G. Price in the tea room of Ames and Brownley when covers were laid for sixteen, and a bridge luncheon on Friday given by the Misses Nancy Harrell and Mary Watkins in Emporia with twelve guests in attendance.

The Locators

(Army—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

THE Locators is a wartime morale organization, having on file at Fort Leavenworth more than 25,000 temporary and permanent addresses of Army Officers' wives, for the purpose of making their whereabouts available to Army friends, relatives and Government officials.

Its organization was sponsored by the Commanding General of the Post, and it is staffed by a group of Army Officers' wives, all volunteers. No addresses are furnished for commercial purposes. There is no charge for this service, but stamps for the reimbursement of postage are appreciated.

The object of The Locators is to list the addresses of all Officers' wives, in order that their work may be 100 per cent efficient. Please send in yours, giving Officers' full name, rank and branch of service, wife's first

name or nickname, and permanent home or forwarding address.

The Locators would appreciate any help you can give in locating the following officers' wives:

Mrs. Keith Allen ("Snags") (AC); Mrs. E. E. Ailing (Col. MC); Mrs. Frank J. Atwood (Jean) (Col. Ord.); Mrs. Reese Bullen (Dorothy) (CA); Mrs. A. R. Cherrington (Frances) (Maj.); Mrs. Douglas Clark (Sally) (Capt.); Mrs. Robert P. Clay (Mary Martha) (Col. FA); Mrs. Phillip B. Davidson, Jr. (Jean) (Lt. Col. Cav.); Mrs. Richard E. Gaspard (Elizabeth) (Lt. AC); Mrs. H. J. Hunt, Jr. (Becky) (Col. Inf.); Mrs. Bernard W. McQuade (Ann) (Lt. Col. Inf.); Mrs. Albert Morgan (Lenora) (Maj. Inf.); Mrs. Russell Moses (Janet) (Col. Inf.); Mrs. Snyder Peebles (Mary Lou) (Lt. Col.); Mrs. Russell A. Ramsey; Mrs. Joseph Shelton (Col. MC); Mrs. C. C. Strawn (Col. KM); Mrs. Nelson M. Walker (Gen. Deceased); Mrs. William S. Whitfield (Capt. Inf.); Mrs. Roger K. Williams (Jeanne) (Lt. AC); Mrs. Chester Williamson.

The Searchlight

(Navy—Address: The Searchlight, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.)

THE following list is much smaller than usual which is due to the many prompt answers we have been receiving lately. We would like to clear as many of the remaining names as possible:

Bake, Mrs. John L., wife Lt. Comdr., USNR; Clifton, Mrs. A. Lee, wife Capt.; Cook, Mrs. R. M., wife, Lt. USMC; Copeman, Mrs. Thos. H., wife Lt. C. 31; Curry, Mrs. Manley Lamar, wife, Lt. Col. USMC; Ervine, Mrs. Wm. L., wife, Capt.; Evans, Mrs. Joseph, wife, Capt.; Fortson, Mrs. Robert Malcolm, wife, Lt. C. USNR; Furer, Mrs. Albert E., wife, Lt. C.; Gray, Mrs. John, wife, Chaplain; Hareburger, Mrs. C. H., wife, Lt.; Heeneberger, Mrs. Harry, wife, Comdr.; Hoffman, Mrs. Harry, wife, Capt.; Jackson, Mrs. C. B., Jr., wife, Comdr.; Johnson, Mrs. Frank L., wife, Comdr.; Knight, Mrs. Page, wife, Lt.; Lupinski, Mrs. H. H., wife, Comdr. USNR; O'Leary, Mrs. V. M., wife, Capt. 20; Perry, Mrs. Wadell H., wife, Capt.; Pugh, Mrs. H. Lamont, wife, Capt. (MC); Renn, Mrs. Joseph B., wife, Capt. 23; Shock, Mrs. Thomas Macy, wife, Capt. 13; Smart, Mrs. P. A., ChC.; Small, Mrs. Ernest G., wife, Capt.; Smith, Mrs. Robert Hall, wife, Comdr.; Sperry, Mrs. E. R., wife, Comdr.; Stowe, Mrs. Ellis S., wife, Capt.; Thomas, Mrs. Wm. E., wife, Major USMC.

Society

(Continued from Preceding Page)

ice of his great-grandfather, General Rene Edward deRussy, who was graduated from the Military in the class of 1811, and who served in the War of 1812, the Mexican War and the Civil War. His grandfather, Col. Rene Edward deRussy, served through the Civil War; his father, also Rene Edward deRussy, served through the Spanish-American War, World War I and World War II, until retired by Statute on 31 Dec. 1943 as a lieutenant colonel. Added to these officers is the name of Lieut. deRussy's great great grandfather, Thomas Benoit deRussy, who served as a lieutenant in the Colonial Navy, during the Revolutionary War, directly under the command of the illustrious Admiral John Paul Jones.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Preceding Page)

square train. Seed pearls and heirloom rosepointe lace trimmed the gown and the long sleeves finished in points over the hands. Her veil of illusion in a matching antique tone fully enveloped the gown and was held in place by a period headress of rosepointe which had been worn by the bride's mother and grandmother at their weddings. She carried a bouquet of white orchids and stephanotis and her only ornament was a bracelet of sapphires, gift from the bridegroom.

Miss Joan Lear Treacy, of Helena,

Mont., cousin of the bride, was maid of honor, and bridesmaids were Miss Betty Hunt Thomas, of Statesville, N. C., and Dorothy Pratt, of Sumter, S. C.

First Lt. Franklin T. Hoernemann, USMCR, was best man, and ushers were Lt. Charles C. Loveless, Lt. James E. Nordeng, Lt. (jg) Louis E. Matthews, William Wright, John V. Cannon and Fred Samp, all of the United States Naval Reserve, stationed at Houston.

Admiral and Mrs. Foote entertained with an informal reception at River Oaks Country Club immediately following the ceremony.

After a brief wedding trip to High Hampton, N. C., Captain and Mrs. Lawrence will be at home at the Norfolk Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., where he will be stationed with a Marine detachment.

The bride attended Vassar and was graduated from the University of North Carolina where she was a member of Alpha Delta Pi sorority. Captain Lawrence graduated from the University of North Carolina and completed his first year of law school at the university before volunteering with the First Division of the Marines. He was in active service at Guadalcanal, New Britain, and New Guinea.

In a ceremony at 8.30 p. m., 25 July, in the Post Chapel at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Miss Virginia Wilson, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Auston M. Wilson, Jr., of Fort Sam Houston, became the bride of Lt. Walter Fletcher Firman, AGD, headquarters 4th Army. Chaplain John T. Axton officiated. The bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. Firman, of Trenton, N. J., who were among the wedding guests.

Col. Wilson gave his daughter in marriage. She was lovely in her gown of white silk net over faille taffeta, the fitted bodice designed with a sheer yoke defined with lace banding and a knife pleated ruffle which formed a deep V in front and back. The long sleeves were edged with the lace banding and ruffle.

Mrs. Robert M. Jones was matron of honor, and Miss Laura Belle Wilson, sister of the bride, was the junior bridesmaid.

Capt. Robert M. Jones assisted as best man, while serving as groomsmen were Capt. Sterling R. Nelson and Lt. John B. Depot.

A reception followed at the quarters of the bride's parents.

The bride is the niece of Gen. and Mrs. George M. Badger, USA, and of Capt. and Mrs. J. C. Clark, USN. She attended the College of William and Mary where she was a member of Alpha Chi Omega Sorority. Lieutenant Firman was graduated from Princeton in 1938 where he was a member of the Key and Seal.

After a stay of 10 days in Corpus Christi, Lieutenant and Mrs. Firman will return to San Antonio to make their home.

Great bowls of gladiolus, anthuriums and calla lilies filled the rooms at the home of Col. and Mrs. I. Bradford Smock, in Honolulu, T. H., for the reception which followed the wedding of their daughter, Doris, to Lt. Barton Lee Fischer, USNR, 19 February.

More than 200 guests, including high

(Continued on Next Page)

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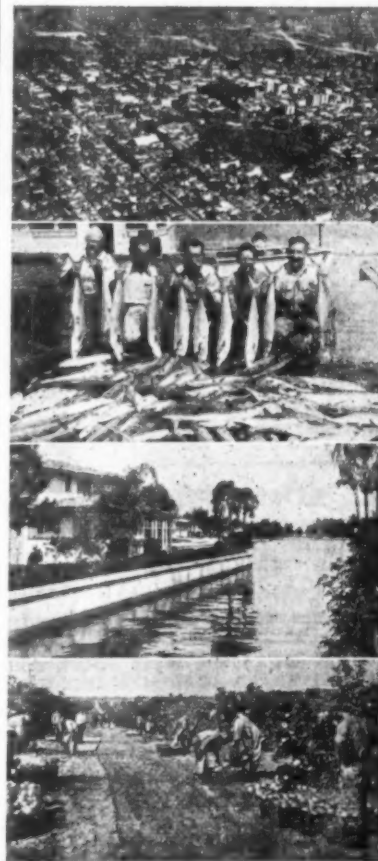


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Army and Navy Journal
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Weddings and Engagements (Continued from Preceding Page)

ranking army and navy officials were present.

In the bridal party were Mrs. Chris Sorenson (Alice Harders), as matron of honor and only attendant to the bride, Lt. (Jg) Richard Stall, USNR, as best man, and ushers, Maj. William Toney, MC, USA, and Lt. (Jg) Howard Young, USNR.

Chaplain James Becker, captain, USA, performed the 4 p. m. ceremony at the Ft. Shafter chapel and Col. I. Bradford Smock, USA, gave his daughter in marriage.

The bride attended the University of

Hawaii and was graduated from Pratt Institute, New York City. She was dietitian for an army hospital for more than a year and is now dietitian at Mid-Pacific Institute. She is a member of the national organization of Army Daughters.

Lieutenant Fischer, son of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Fischer, of Cincinnati, Ohio, attended the University of Cincinnati where he is a member of Delta Tau Delta fraternity.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ralph L. Joyner, USA, of Gainesville, Fla., are announcing the marriage of their daughter, Ensign Edna McDonald Joyner, USNR, to Lt. Frank Hanscom Martin, AUS, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Martin, of Mineral Point, Wis., Tuesday, 18 July, at Norfolk, Va.

The double ring ceremony was per-

formed by candlelight at 8 o'clock in the evening in the chapel at the Norfolk Navy Yard, by Chaplain Creech.

The altar was decorated with ferns, cathedral tapers, and vases of white gladioli flanked by stately palms and formed a picturesque background for the lovely service.

The bride, given in marriage by her father, Lt. Col. Joyner, was gown in cream white woven brocade in traditional line. The fitted bodice emphasized by tiny piping of cream satin, repeated in the buttons up the front and leading to the sweetheart neckline. The long fitted sleeves terminated in points over the hands. The full length wedding veil of imported ivory illusion fell from a wreath of orange blossoms.

Miss Claire Joyner, sister of the bride, was her maid of honor, and the bridesmaid was Miss Frances Goddard, of New York, a classmate and sorority sister of the bride.

Maj. Z. D. Cox, USMC, acted as best man for Lieutenant Martin and Ensign J. K. Casserly, USNR, ushered.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the women's Officers Quarters at the Navy Yard.

Mrs. Martin is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. McDonald, of Gainesville. She received her A. B. degree from Duke University, Durham, N. C., where she was a member of Alpha Phi, International Social Sorority and Theta Alpha Phi, national honorary dramatic fraternity. Lieutenant Martin recently returned from duty in the Mediterranean area.

received from the War Department by Mrs. Flint.

As commander of a regiment that took a leading part in the final assault on Cherbourg in late June, Col. Flint was awarded an Oak Leaf Cluster to the Silver Star he had won last year in Italy.

It was to him that Lt. Gen. Walter von Schlieben and Rear Admiral Hennecke, German commanders of the port, surrendered when they could hold out no longer. He was the ranking Allied officer closest to their position.

Col. Flint had gone through the North African and Sicilian campaigns with his regiment before sailing with it to England last December to take part in the preparations for the invasion. During the African campaign he was for six months special liaison officer with Gen. Giraud. For his services to the French cause he was awarded the French Legion of Honor. He received the Distinguished Service Cross and the Silver Star for gallantry in action in the Mediterranean campaigns.

His regiment adopted a slogan of his invention during the Sicilian campaign, "AAA—Bar Nothing," which it painted on its equipment. "Anything, anyhow, any time—Bar nothing" was the full interpretation. Using the same slogan in its victorious Cherbourg campaign the regiment became widely known for its triumphant rallying cry.

Col. and Mrs. Flint went to Daytona Beach in 1940 and made their home at 245 Tarragona Way, near that of Mrs. Flint's brother, Don J. Emery. Their only daughter, Mrs. Clifton von Kann, and her baby son, Curtis von Kann, are at present with Mrs. Flint. Lt. Col. von Kann is on the Italian front where he recently received the Silver Star for gallantry in action.

Col. Flint was born in St. Johnsbury, Vt. He was graduated from West Point in the class of 1912.

His mother, Mrs. Charles Flint, lives in St. Johnsbury. He is survived also by three brothers, Charles Flint, Tulsa, Okla.; Fred Flint, St. Johnsbury, and Major Raymond Flint, U. S. A., and by two sisters, Mrs. Ernest Clark, East Orange, N. J., and Mrs. Kirk McKay, Lakeland, Fla.

OBITUARIES

Maj. Stanley C. Scott, son of Brig. Gen. Stanley L. Scott, director of Planning for the Army Service Forces, and Mrs. Scott, was killed in action 3 Aug., it was announced this week.

Major Scott was graduated from Washington's Central High School in 1935, and was appointed to the U. S. Military Academy from Indiana, graduating in 1939.

Major Scott was a member of the pentathlon squad in training for the 1940 Olympics which were canceled because of the war. A graduate of the Field Artillery School, he went overseas in October 1943. In addition to his parents he is survived by two brothers, Lt. William B. Scott, with a combat engineer unit stationed in North Carolina, and Gilbert Scott a younger brother.

Capt. James Rivers Adams, USMCR, has been killed in action, according to a telegram received by his mother, Mrs. Martha Rivers Adams, 8 Aug., from Lt. Gen. A. A. Vandegrift, commandant of the United States Marine Corps.

Captain Adams was commissioned in the Marine Corps in July of 1943.

He was the son of the late William Duval Adams, Jr., and Mrs. Adams and was named for his grandfather, Capt. James Rivers, C.S.A. Born in Lynchburg 12 July 1910, he was a graduate of E. C. Glass High School and of Virginia Military Institute. He was a member of the Alumni Executive Committee of V. M. I.

Besides his mother, he is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Davis H. Elliot and Miss Martha Rivers Adams, both of Lynchburg, and a brother, Lieutenant Commander William Duval Adams, USN. He leaves also two children, James Rivers Adams, Jr., and Nancy Flournoy Adams, of Newport, R. I.

Captain Adams was stationed in the Pacific area.

Col. and Mrs. Donovan P. Yeuell have received a message from the Adjutant General that their younger son, Lt. Owens H. Yeuell was killed in action, in France, 17 July. He had been overseas since May.

He was born in Coblenz, Germany, 17 Feb. 1921, while his father was on duty with the Army of Occupation. Being an Army son, he attended school in many places. More recently he went to school in Hawaii, Penn State, and Millard's Prep School in Washington, D. C.

He entered West Point 1 July, 1940, and was graduated in June's 1943 class.

Lieutenant Yeuell is survived by his parents and a brother, Maj. Donovan P. Yeuell, Jr., who is at present overseas in the invasion of Normandy. Prior to going to France, Maj. Yeuell had been on duty in England since September, 1943.

Col. Harry A. Flint died of wounds in France on 25 July according to word

SCHOOL AND CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools and Camps listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly, or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Conn. Ave., Washington 7, D. C.

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Born

ALFRIEND—Born in Memphis, Tenn., 30 July 1944, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William Jeffrey Alfrend, jr., USNR, a daughter, Mary Price.

BAKER—Born at Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 August 1944, to Maj. and Mrs. Warren Paine Baker, USMC, a son, Robert Edward, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Harry O. Baker of West Roxbury, Mass., and of Capt. and Mrs. R. E. Bassler, CEC, USN of the NOB, Norfolk, Va.

BALDWIN—Born at DePaul Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 29 July 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. A. Stuart Baldwin, AAF, a son, Stuart Franzer Baldwin.

BAROODY—Born at Norfolk General Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 2 August 1944, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Anthony James Baroody, USNR, a son, Anthony James Baroody, jr.

BASCOM—Born at Fitzsimmons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 23 May 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Perry W. Bascom, DC, USA, a son, James Frederick.

BERGER—Born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 7 August 1944, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Royal Berger, AC, a son, Arnold Stanley Berger.

BERRY—Born at Doctors Hospital, New York City, 8 August 1944, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Loren Curtis Berry, USNR, a son, Roger Wolcott Berry.

CODDINGTON—Born recently in London, England, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. L. R. Coddington, a daughter, Marilyn Ruth. Sgt. Coddington, who has been in England since early in 1942, is a brother-in-law of Maj. A. L. Revert, Technical Training Director at Truxex Field, Wisc., and an uncle of Lt. W. C. Jackson of Lake Charles Army Air Base, La. Mrs. Coddington is the former Doris Etheridge of Victoria Park, London, England.

DARKE—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Francis J. Darke, SC, a son.

DELANEY—Born at the Naval Operating Base Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 6 August 1944, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Benjamin Osburn Delaney, twins, Benjamin Osburn Delaney, jr., and Susan Mather Delaney.

DUCHARME—Born at LeRoy Sanitarium, New York City, 7 August 1944, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. H. Paré Ducharme, USNR, a son, their first child, Robert Paré. Lt. Comdr. Ducharme is on duty overseas.

ELAM—Born at Georgetown Hospital, Washington, D. C., 25 June 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. J. W. Elam a son, James Warren.

FAZZIO—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 August 1944, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Munzio Fazzio, SC, a daughter.

FRANK—Born in Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 8 August 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Herman B. Frank, Inf., a son.

GENTRY—Born at Mission Hospital, Asheville, N. C., 9 August 1944, to Cpl. and Mrs. Raymond Lee Gentry, USMC, a daughter, Barbara Hawley, granddaughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Donald C. Hawley, USA.

GRAHAM—Born at the Norwalk (Conn.) Hospital 24 July 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. William H. Graham, jr., AAF, a son, William Henry Graham. Capt. Graham is stationed in Washington.

HACKETT—Born in Newport, R. I., recently, to Lt. and Mrs. James Edward Hackett, jr., a son, James Hackett, 3d.

HEYMONT—Born at Station Hospital, Fort Benning, Ga., 8 August 1944, to Maj. and Mrs. Irving Heymont, Inf., a son, Paul Allen.

HIGGINS—Born at Southside Hospital, Farmville, Va., 8 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Gregory L. Higgins, USA, a son.

INMAN—Born in Peekskill, N. Y., 8 August 1944, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Robert Lincoln Inman, USNR, a daughter, Mila Finch Inman. Lt. Inman is on duty in Honolulu.

JOHNS—Born at Wesley Memorial Hospital, Chicago, Ill., 26 July 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Dwight F. Johns, jr., USMC, a son, David Dwight. Lt. Dwight is serving overseas.

KOPAN—Born in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 10 August 1944, to Maj. and Mrs. Loryn E. Kopan, QMC, a son.

LUCKER—Born at Lawrence Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., 8 August 1944, to Comdr. and Mrs. N. Lucker, jr., USN, a son, Nicholas Lucker, III.

MACKENZIE—Born in New York City, recently, to Lt. and Mrs. Charles W. Mackenzie, AAF, a daughter, Kathy.

MAYO—Born in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 10 August 1944, to 2d Lt. and Mrs. Edwin A. Mayo, CMP, a daughter.

MCCURTAIN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 August 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Edmund H. McCurtain, LA, a son.

MEYER—Born at Walter Reed General

Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 August 1944, to Maj. and Mrs. Alexander Melver, FA, a son.

MILLER—Born at Women's Hospital, Baltimore, Md., 26 July 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. John B. Miller, AAF, a son, John Beverly Miller, jr.

MUELLER—Born at Doctors Hospital, New York City, 7 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Robert S. Mueller, jr., USNR, a son, Robert S. Mueller, 3d, grandson of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Melville D. Truesdale, USNR of Greenwich, Conn., and New York City.

NEILL—Born at Vassar Brothers Hospital, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 11 July 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. William Donald Neill, CE, AUS, a son, William Davison Neill.

PATRICK—Born at Thompson Memorial Hospital, Lumberton, N. C., 4 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Reed C. Patrick, AC, AUS, a daughter, Brenda Lee. Lt. Patrick is stationed at Perrin Field, Texas.

PERRY—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 14 August 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Ernest Perry, ORD., a daughter.

PETERS—Born in Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 8 August 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Raymond H. Peters, CE, a son.

PHILIPS—Born at the Lying-In Hospital, New York City, 6 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Gouverneur Morris Phelps, jr., USNR, a son, Nicholas Gouverneur Phelps, Lt. Phelps is on duty in the Pacific.

PURDOW—Born in U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., 11 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Eric S. Purdow, USNR, a son, Eric St. Clair Purdow.

REIN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 August 1944, to Maj. and Mrs. Charles R. Rein, MC, a son.

REISING—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 13 August 1944, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Albert J. Reising, AUS, a son.

RISSE—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 August 1944, to Capt. and Mrs. Hubert E. Risse, CE, a daughter.

RYDEN—Born at Balboa, Canal Zone, 20 May 1944, to Ens. and Mrs. Roy W. Ryden, jr., USNR, a son, Roy Warren Ryden, III, grandson of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Roy W. Ryden, USN.

SCHENK—Born in the Norwalk (Conn.) Hospital, 4 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. Philip K. Schenk, AUS, a son, Philip Knight Schenk.

SCHUSTER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 August 1944, to T. Sgt. and Mrs. Howard D. Schuster, Inf., a son.

SHENK—Born in the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, New York City, 11 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. George Charles Shenk, AUS, a son, Peter Michael. Lt. Shenk is serving overseas.

SHINGLER—Born at Tampa Municipal Hospital, Tampa, Fla., 10 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Herbert I. Shingler, AC, a son, Herbert I. Shingler, III.

SIZEMORE—Born in Georgetown Hospital, Washington, D. C., to Lt. and Mrs. Frank K. Sizemore, a daughter, Lynne Cameron.

SNOUFFER—Born at Fresno, Calif., 10 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. N. Snouffer, USA, a son, Richard Kent Snouffer.

SYKORA—Born at St. Mary's Hospital, Tucson, Arizona, 5 August 1944, to WO (jg) and Mrs. Fred Sykora, AUS, a daughter, Sharon Kae. WO Sykora is serving with the AAF.

WELTER—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 13 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. William T. Welter, AUS, a son.

WHITE—Born at Waterbury (Conn.) Hospital, 5 August 1944, to Lt. and Mrs. John Ogden White, a son, John Ogden White, jr.

WORTHINGTON—Born at Station Hospital, West Point, N. Y., 10 August 1944, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. Worthington, USA (USMA '36), a daughter, Mary Louise, granddaughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Guy V. Henry, USA, Chevy Chase, Md., and of the late Col. George Williams.

Married

ANDERSON-BAILEY—Married in Elmira, N. Y., 8 August 1944, Miss Marie Bailey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Bailey of Elmira, to Mr. Harry Wallis Anderson, jr., son of Col. Harry Wallis Anderson, in command of an Engineer Combat Group now overseas.

ANGUS-STONER—Married in the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, New York, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Lt. (jg) Lorene E. Stoner, USNR, to Lt. David R. Angus, USNR.

ASHLEY-TAYLOR—Married in St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, Princeton, N. J.,

12 August 1944, Miss Joan Mary Taylor, daughter of Prof. and Mrs. Hugh S. Taylor of Princeton University, to Mr. William Whitley Ashley of Johns Hopkins Medical School, son of Capt. and Mrs. Rea E. Ashley, (MC) USNR.

BANKS-HIRES—Married in the Cadet Chapel, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., 11 August 1944, Miss Katherine Virginia Hires to Maj. John McMillan Banks, USA, of Annapolis, Md.

BOLAND-LOWELL—Married in the First Congregational Church, Cambridge, Mass., 22 July 1944, Miss Mary Sharpless Lowell to Lt. Kells Marsh Boland, USNR.

BOLDEMANN-BEHNEMAN—Married in the Riverside Church, New York, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Miss Marjorie Spring Behneman of San Francisco, Calif., to Ens. Glennon Bernard Boldemann, USNT, of San Mateo, Calif.

BROWN-JOHNSON—Married at the summer home of her parents at Northport, Long Island, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Miss Anne H. Johnson to Lt. Arnold Wood Brown, AAF.

CADY-FOLEY—Married in the Church of St. Andrew of Avellino, Flushing, N. Y., 8 August 1944, Miss Margaret Ann Foley to Lt. John Lodge Cady, AAF.

CARROLL-VOITH—Married in the Church of the Nativity, Washington, D. C., 29 July 1944, Miss Eleanor Mary Voith to Capt. Daniel Anthony Carroll, USMCR.

COLEMAN-FRANCIS—Married in Baptist Church, Boykins, Va., 22 July 1944, Miss Natalie Francis to Maj. Laila Franklin Thomas Coleman of Fort Myers.

COLLIGAN-BUESCHER—Married in New York City, 12 July 1944, Miss Marjorie Marion Buescher to Maj. Robert Leicaard Colligan, jr., AC, USA.

CRUCKSHANK-O'BRIEN—Married in St. Mary's Cathedral, Sydney, Australia, 11 August 1944, Miss Nan O'Brien of Sydney to Capt. William C. Cruckshank of Barre, Vt., aide de camp to Brig. Gen. T. E. Wiles.

DARBY-BOXLEY—Married in St. John's Church, Roanoke, Va., 12 August 1944, Miss Caroline Wadley Boxley to Lt. Harwell McCarr Darby, AUS.

DAVIES-KENNY—Married in the chapel of the Riverside Church, New York, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Miss Barbara Kenny of Palm Beach, Fla., to Ens. Frank Dixon Davies, USNR, also of Palm Beach.

DAVIS-GREST—Married in the Brick Presbyterian Church, New York City, 12 August 1944, Ens. Margaret Louise Grest, USNR, to Mr. Carl Fremont Davis, jr., of Rumford, Me.

DENBY-CUMMINGS—Married in Our Lady of Victory Chapel, Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Va., 11 August 1944, Miss Gloria Regina Cummings to Lt. (jg) David Edward Denby, USNR of Brooklyn, N. Y.

DUMONT-KIESELBACH—Married in St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Montclair, N. J., 12 August 1944, Miss Marjorie Eleanor Kieselbach to 2nd Lt. Richard N. Dumont, AAF.

EAKIN-KINKAID—Married in Lexington, Va., recently, Miss Mary Christine Kinkaid to Lt. Edward McCoy Eakin, USN. The young couple will reside in Solomons, Md.

EARLE-MOLTEN—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Coronado, Calif., 2 August 1944, Miss Alice Lalor Molten, daughter of Mrs. Robert Potter Molten and the late Capt. Molten, USN, to Lt. John Bayless Earle, jr., (SC), USNR, son of Capt. and Mrs. John B. Earle, USN.

ESCHER-WATKINS—Married in the Winnetka (Ill.) Congregational Church, 12 August 1944, Miss Jane Watkins to Lt. Robert Alexander Escher, USNR.

FIELD-MATHEWSON—Married in St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Roswell, N. M., 4 August 1944, Miss Joan Marie Mathewson to Lt. Frederick Skiff Field, AAF.

FISCHER-SMOCK—Married in Honolulu, T. H., 19 February 1944, Miss Doris Hutton Smock, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Irwin Bradfield Smock, USA, to Lt. Barton Lee Fischer, USNR. The young couple are at home at 2142 Lanikulu Drive, Honolulu.

FITZER-HESE—Married in the Dwight Memorial Chapel, Yale University, New Haven, Conn., 11 August 1944, Miss Betty Lou Hesse to Lt. Charles H. Fitzner of Rutherford, N. J., stationed at Yale University.

FOOTER-LEDER—Married in Washington, D. C., 13 August 1944, Miss Beverly Doris Leder, to Lt. (jg) Jerome Footer, USNR.

FOX-KELLEY—Married in the Hitchcock Memorial Church, Scarsdale, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Miss Hope Kelley to Ens. Harold Dixon Fox, USNR, son of Dr. Dixon Ryan Fox president of the Union College and formerly a professor of history at Columbia University.

FRAISSINET-LOEB—Married in the Congregational Church, Glen Ridge, N. J., 12 August 1944, Miss Pauline Alice Loeb to Ens. John Mott Fraissinet, USNR.

FULK-COWEN—Married in All Saints' Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Md., 15 August 1944, Miss Catherine Young Cowan, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Edward Garrett Cowen, USA, to Mr. Muri Edmund Fulk, jr.

GEEHRING-HYSLOP—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Takoma Park, Md., 12 August 1944, Miss Rynthia Palmer Hyslop to Lt. (jg) Donald Richard Geehring, USNR.

GERBER-NIVIN—Married at her parents' home in Bethlehem, Pa., 11 August 1944, Miss Nan Nivin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Nivin to Lt. Theodore E. Gerber, USN; son of Col. and Mrs. Theodore E. Gerber, USA.

GREENOUGH-THOMAS—Married in Bar Harbor, Me., 12 August 1944, Miss C. Jane D. Thomas, of New York to Lt. Peter B. Greenough, AAF, recently returned from foreign duty.

HENSLEY-LAYTON—Married in Union Avenue Christian Church, St. Louis, Mo., 4 August 1944, Miss Margaret Elizabeth Layton to Ens. Morgan Francis Hensley, USNR.

HOSKINS-WEST—Married in St. Bartholomew's Church, New York City, recently, Miss Katherine Curtis West of Norfolk, Va., to Ens. Clement Budd Hoskins, USNR.

JORDAN-WHITEHOUSE—Married in Ifley Church, Oxford, England, 22 July 1944, Miss Margaret Anne Whitehouse, daughter of Mr. Edward Whitehouse of Stratford-on-Avon, Warwickshire, and the late Mrs. Whitehouse, to Lt. John Alexander Jordan, AUS, of Portsmouth, Va.

KILBORN-FORD—Married in Christ Methodist Church, New York City, 9 August 1944, Mrs. Eleanor McIntyre Ford to Lt. John W. Kilborn, USNR, on leave of absence from his station in the South Pacific area.

LAWRENCE-FOOTE—Married in the Church of St. John the Divine, Houston, Texas, 9 August 1944, Miss Diana Harrison Foote, daughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Percy Wright Foote, USN-Ret., to Capt. James Fugate Lawrence, USMCR.

LINK-FORST—Married at Army Air Base Chapel, Orlando, Fla., 30 July 1944, Miss Peggy Evelyn Forst, daughter of Col. and Mrs. George H. Forst of Fort DuPont, Del., to Maj. Fideles A. Link, AC.

LINN-SCHRIVER—Married in Lochhaven, Norfolk, Va., 8 August 1944, Miss Jennie Mae Schriver to Lt. (jg) William Emory Linn, USNR.

LOBDELL-CHILDS—Married in St. George Episcopal Church, Rumson, N. J., 8 August 1944, Miss Jane Tillotson Childs to Lt. Francis Lobdell, AAF.

LYONS-WILKINSON—Married in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, New York, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Miss Susybelle Wilkinson, daughter of Col. and Mrs. William Scott Wilkinson, AUS, to 2nd Lt. Charlton Howard Lyons, jr., AUS.

MacGREGOR-RANDALL—Married at the home of her parents in Pelham Manor, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Miss Louise Clare Hopkin Randall to Lt. Franklin Hooper MacGregor, AAF.

MANN-WILES—Married in a cathedral in England, 14 July 1944, 1st Lt. Mildred Wiles, ANC, to Capt. Arthur Seldon Mann, AUS of Norfolk, Va.

MARTIN-JOYNER—Married in the chapel of the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., 18 July 1944, Ens. Edna McDonald Joyner, USNR, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ralph L. Joyner, USA, to Lt. Frank Hanscom Martin, AUS.

MARTIN-YEOMANS—Married in St. John's Episcopal Church in North Bethesda, Md., 12 August 1944, Miss Catherine Yeomans to Lt. Richard Edward Martin, USNR.

MATTOON-LAUCK—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Princeton, N. J., 11 August 1944, Miss Sidney Carol Lauck to Lt. Robert Carnahan Mattoon, USNR.

McCLEES-DOUGHTY—Married in the First Baptist Church, Red Bank, N. J., 10 August 1944, Miss Audrey Marjorie Doughty to Lt. Alexander N. McClees, AAF.

McLAUGHLIN-PARKER—Married in the Episcopal Church of St. James the Less, Scarsdale, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Miss Barbara Parker to Lt. Henry Elwood McLaughlin, USNR.

MILLER-NICHOLS—Married in St. Alban's Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 12 August 1944, Miss Anne Mack Nichols to Lt. Louis Allwine Miller, AUS.

MUNZIG-PARMELEE—Married in Methodist Christ Church, New York City, 12 August 1944, Miss Barbara Parmelee to Ens. Arthur L. Munzig, jr., USNR.

MYER-QUINN—Married in the rectory of the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Pelham, N. Y., Miss Geraldine Anne Quinn to Lt. Robert Rutherford Myer, jr., AAF.

NAYLOR-MANSFIELD—Married in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, 11 August 1944, New York City, Miss Doris Whitlock Mansfield to Capt. William E. Naylor, jr., AAF, of Bend, Ore.

(Continued on Next Page)

Births, Marriages, Deaths (Continued from Preceding Page)

NAYLOR-WESTBROOK—Married in the Dutch Reformed Church, Port Jervis, N. Y., 8 August 1944, Mrs. Helene Emerson Westbrook to Capt. Arthur Hawley Naylor, USMC, recently returned from duty in the South Pacific area.

NEILL-DOUCETT—Married at her home in Scarsdale, N. Y., 5 August 1944, Miss Mary Elizabeth Doucett to Lt. (jg) John Edmonds Neill, USNR.

NEWCOMB-BLOMQUIST—Married in the chapel of the Naval Air Station, Corpus Christi, Texas, 27 July 1944, Miss Eileen Blomquist to Ens. Mark N. Newcomb, USNR.

PICKENS-BALDWIN—Married in the garden of her home in Babylon, Long Island, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Miss Barbara C. Baldwin to Lt. (jg) Marshall W. Pickens, USNR.

PRATT-OFFUTT—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Omaha, Neb., Miss Mary Esterbrook Offutt to Ens. Richardson Pratt, Jr., USNR.

PUTNAM-DOBBS—Married in St. Michael's Church, Litchfield, Conn., 12 August 1944, Miss Durinda Dobbs to Mr. Peter Brock Putnam, son of Col. and Mrs. Brock Putnam of Litchfield.

QUIRK-MOUQUIN—Married in St. Teresa's Church, Summit, N. J., 12 August 1944, Miss Ruth Mary Mouquin to Ens. Edward Joseph Quirk, USNR.

RANDALL-RICHARDS—Married in the chapel of the Presidio, San Francisco, Calif., 3 August 1944, Miss Barbara Richards, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. John Kelvey Richards, USNR, to Capt. Thomas L. Randall, USMC, son of Col. and Mrs. David M. Randall, USMC, of San Francisco, Calif. Mrs. Randall's paternal grandfather was the late Judge John Kelvey Richards, of the US Court of Appeals and her maternal grandfather was the late Rear Admiral Charles Wilson Dyson, USN.

RAPOPORT-SPERANS—Married in Portsmouth, Va., 13 August 1944, Miss Phyllis M. Sperans of New York City, to Lt. (jg) H. Leonard Rapoport, USNR.

RAY-BORNTRAGER—Married in the Grotto of Our Lady of Lourdes, Albany, N. Y., 6 August 1944, Miss Mary Jo Borntrager to Ens. James B. Ray, USCG.

REED-ELLIOTT—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Rockville, Md., 31 July 1944,

Miss Patricia A. Elliott sister of Maj. Richard G. Elliott, AAF, of Washington, to 1st Lt. Charles W. Reed, AAF, who recently returned from sixteen months service in England.

RISING-LAMBERT—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Westfield, N. J., 9 August 1944, Miss Jane Shirley Lambert to Lt. John David Rising, Jr., AAF.

SAWYER-WILKINS—Married in Norview Methodist Church, Norfolk, Va., 5 August 1944, Miss Marie Christine Wilkins to Lt. Vernon Lupton Sawyers, AAF.

SENGSTACK-SLOAN—Married in the Full Gospel Tabernacle, Washington, D. C., 5 August 1944, Miss Mae Sengstack to Lt. Robert C. Sloan, USN.

SHANK-BYRD—Married in St. John's Episcopal Church, Bedford, Va., 12 August 1944, Miss Jacqueline Cary Byrd to M.Sgt. James Edward Shank, AAF.

SHARON-MOELLER—Married at Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Miss Margaret Frances Moeller to Lt. (jg) William A. Sharon, USNR.

SHELLS-MEEHAN—Married in Blessed Sacrament Church, New Rochelle, N. Y., 8 August 1944, Miss Mary Genevieve Meehan to Lt. Robert P. Shells, AAF.

SMITH-KEELER—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, N. Y., 13 August 1944, Miss Kathryn Keeler to Ens. Edward Curtis Smith, USNR.

STEELE-FELDER—Married in Baton Rouge, La., 12 August 1944, Miss June Frances Felder to Lt. William N. Steele, AAF.

STOWELL-EASTON—Married in All Saints Church, Beverly Hills, Calif., 10 August 1944, Miss Mary Easton to Lt. Colles Coe Stowell, AAF, of Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y.

TEASDALE-DAVISON—Married in the First Congregational Church, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 5 August 1944, Miss Phyllis Davison, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Chester O. Davison of Poughkeepsie, to Maj. John Moffett Teasdale, AUS, of Camp Berkeley, Texas.

THOMPSON-SANFORD—Married in the Episcopal Church of the Transfiguration, New York, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Miss Marjorie Sanford of Peoria, Ill., to Capt. Braxton S. Thompson, AAF, of New York City.

TIMBERLAKE-WOLFE—Married recently in the Mount Vernon Methodist Chapel, Washington, D. C., Miss Helen Wolfe to Lt. Thomas Edgar Timberlake, Jr., USA. They are at home at Camp Van Dorn, Miss.

TUSON-BUDD—Married in Ogden Memorial Church, Chatham, N. Y., 12 August 1944, Y2c Charlotte Ward Budd, USNR, to Capt. Richard Franklin Tuson, AUS.

VALE-NEATHERY—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Portsmouth, Va., 5 August 1944, Miss Shirley Mae Neathery to Lt. Charles Harrison Vale, USNR.

VARNER-REHM—Married in the Chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion on Governors Island, 10 August 1944, Miss Norma Claire Rehm to Ens. Carson Hamill Varner, USNR.

WAER-DOWNING—Married in St. Mary's Chapel of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Grand Rapids, Mich., 11 August 1944, Miss Frances Jones Downing, daughter of Mrs. Frederick B. Downing and the late Col. Downing, to T.Sgt. Robert M. Waer, AUS of Grand Rapids.

WALLACE-CARNEY—Married in New York City, 15 August 1944, Miss Catherine Virginia Carney to Ens. Warren J. Wallace, USNR.

WALLACE-CARTER—Married in the rectory of St. Madeleine Sophie Roman Catholic Church, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa., 12 August 1944, Miss Gladys Sheleagh Boake Carter to Ens. James Macaulay Wallace, Jr., USNR.

WELLER-BINGER—Married in New York City, 10 August 1944, Miss Marjorie Frances Binger of Tarrytown, N. Y., to Capt. Robert B. Weller, AUS of New York City.

WHARTON-MARSHALL—Married in St. Patrick's Church, Miami, Fla., 21 July 1944, Miss Marilyn Marshall to Lt. Henry Redwood Wharton, 3d, USMC, son of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Henry R. Wharton, Jr., of Philadelphia, Pa.

WHITLEY-FEERY—Married in the Presbyterian Church, Tazewell, Va., 9 August 1944, Miss Nancy Letitia Feery to Lt. Claude Minton Whitley, AAF, of Maxwell Field, Ala.

WORTHINGTON-JOYNER—Married in New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 12 August 1944, Miss Verna Joyner to Lt. George S. Worthington, USA.

WRIGHT-PLUMMER—Married recently Miss Joy D. Plummer, of New York City, to Lt. John Howie Wright, 3d, AAF.

ZABROW-KOPPLE—Married in New York City, 12 August 1944, Miss Joyce Claire Kopple to Capt. Bernard L. Zarrow, AUS.

Died

ADAMS—Killed in action in the Pacific Area, recently, Capt. James Rivers Adams, USMC, of Lynchburg, Va. Survived by two children, his mother, and a brother, Lt. Comdr. William Duval Adams, USN. Capt. Adams was the grandson of the late James Rivers, CFA, and a close kinsman of the late Maj. Gen. William Cannon Rivers, USA, and of the late Brig. Gen. Tyree Rodes Rivers, USA.

ARNOLD—Died at Waverly Sanitarium, Bethesda, Md., Mrs. Vivian Brewster Arnold, widow of Col. Alfred C. Arnold and sister of Mrs. L. E. Hanson and Mrs. Lamar B. Potter and Aunt of Miss Lydia F. Hanson.

ASPINWALL—Killed in action over Italy, 22 July 1944, Lt. Peter G. Aspinwall, AAF. Survived by his parents and one sister.

BOSWINKLE—Killed in airplane crash at Cove Point, Md., Midshipman Carroll W. Boswinkle, USN, of Roselawn, Ind.

BROOKE—Died in Greenville, N. C., 9 August 1944, Col. James Frank Brooke, MC, USA-Ret. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Allen Irwin Brooke and a daughter, Mrs. R. H. Grinder, wife of Col. Grinder, USA, of Fort Preble, Me.

BRYAN—Died as the result of a motor vehicle accident in New Guinea, Lt. Col. John A. Bryan, USA (USMA '28), son of Col. and Mrs. R. W. Bryan, MC, USA. Also survived by his widow, Mrs. Isabel Carwell Bryan of 4505 LaVante Avenue, Long Beach, Calif., and two sons, John J. aged 14 years and William aged 12 years.

COLBERT—Died in Oakland, Calif., 31 July 1944, Mrs. Sarah Mae Colbert, wife of Capt. William C. Colbert, (SC), USN. Besides her husband she is survived by two daughters, Mrs. H. M. Hemming, wife of Comdr. Hemming of Annapolis, Md., and Miss Elizabeth M. Colbert of Oakland, Calif.

DIXON—Killed in action in Normandy, recently, Lt. Blair J. Dixon, AUS, of Washington, D. C. Survived by his wife and one-year-old daughter of Duluth, Minn.

DYE—Died at his home in Waterbury, Conn., 9 August 1944, Dr. John Sinclair Dye, who served in the late war as a Colonel in the Medical Corps of the Army, father of Lt. Robert C. Dye, USA.

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FIDLER—Killed in action in France, 5 July 1944, Lt. Gordon H. Fidler, AUS, of Silver Spring, Md.

FLINT—Died in France 26 July 1944, of wounds received in action, Col. Harry A. Flint, USA (USMA '12). Survived by his widow, one daughter and one grandchild. Also survived by his mother and a brother, Maj. Raymond Flint, USA.

GILL—Killed in action in France recently, Lt. Col. Edward A. Gill, husband of Mrs. Gill of Baltimore, Md.

GLASS—Died at St. Petersburg, Fla., 11 August 1944, Mr. Charles F. Glass, father of Lt. Gerald L. Glass, USN.

GRAY—Died suddenly at O'Reilly General Hospital, Springfield, Mo., 6 August 1944, Col. William Vincent Gray, USA. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Margaret Guthrie Gray, his mother, Mrs. Mary L. Gray, and a sister, Miss Margaret A. Gray.

HALLIDAY—Killed in action in Italy, Lt. Col. George E. Halliday, of Washington, D. C.

HANES—Killed in airplane crash near New Bern, N. C., Lt. A. D. Hanes, USMC, of Jerseyville, Ill., attached to the Cherry Point (N. C.) Marine Corps Air Station.

HARRELL—Killed in action in France, 12 July 1944, Lt. Hayward S. Harrell of Elizabeth City, N. C.

HARVEY—Killed in action in France, 15 June 1944, Capt. James R. Harvey, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Harvey of Seattle, Wash. In addition to his parents he is survived by his widow, Mrs. Florence Bigelow Harvey and a son, James R. Harvey, III.

HUMPHRIES—Killed in action in France, recently, Lt. Col. William Shepherd Humphries, USA. Survived by his mother, Mrs. John W. Humphries and his widow, Mrs. Madeline Smith Humphries of San Antonio, Texas.

HUNTER—Died in United Hospital, Port Chester, N. Y., 10 August 1944, Mr. Russell Hinman Hunter, son of the late Brig. Gen. George A. Hunter, USA, and brother of Brig. Gen. George B. Hunter, USA-Ret.

IVES—Killed in action, Capt. Norman S. Ives, USN, director of the Port of Cherbourg, France. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Florence Nelson Ives of Portsmouth, N. H.

KENNEDY—Killed in action in operational flight in the European theater of war, Lt. Joseph P. Kennedy, Jr., USNR, son of the former ambassador to the Court of St. James, London, England. Survived by his parents and eight brothers and sisters.

LAVIES—Died in action over Germany, 22 February 1944, Lt. William R. Lavies, AAF, of New York City.

LEE—Died at Circle Terrace Hospital, Alexandria, Va., 9 August 1944, Mrs. Helen Aulick Lee, wife of Col. Morris J. Lee, USA, on duty at the Pentagon Bldg., Washington, D. C. Also survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Aulick, of Georgia.

LOCKWOOD—Died in Boxwood, Mass., 9 August 1944, Mrs. Timothy S. Lockwood, 94 years of age, mother of Mrs. Archibald B. Roosevelt, wife of Lt. Col. Roosevelt son of the late President Theodore Roosevelt.

(Continued on Next Page)

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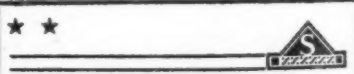
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Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Preceding Page)

LARSON—Killed in Navy patrol bomber crash in lower San Diego (Calif.) Bay, 10 August 1944. Ensign Marvin P. Larson, of Peshatin, Wash.

MEADOWS—Killed in the crash of Army transport plane near Naper, Nebr., 3 August 1944. Capt. Stanley John Meadows, AC. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Betty Moore Meadows and nine months old son, Stanley John, Jr. Mrs. Meadows is staying with her mother, Mrs. George A. Moore, wife of Col. Moore, USA.

MESS—Killed in automobile accident near Alexandria, Va., Dr. William A. Mess of Washington, D. C., brother of Lt. Walter Mess, AUS.

PAINE—Killed in airplane crash at the Patuxent River (Md.) Naval Air Station, 14 August 1944. Lt. (jg) Estes Spalding Paine, of Flushing, N. Y. Survived by his mother of Flushing.

PARROTT—Died at Mt. Alto Hospital, Washington, D. C., 13 August 1944. Col. Robert P. Parrott, USN-Ret., of Washington, D. C.

PEARSON—Killed in Navy patrol bomber crash in lower San Diego (Calif.) Bay, 10 August 1944. Lt. Howard F. Pearson, of San Diego.

PEETE—Killed in airplane crash near New Bern, N. C., T. Sgt. W. C. Peete, USMC, of Joliet, Ill., attached to the Cherry Point (N. C.) Marine Corps Air Station.

PILLSON—Killed in airplane crash at Cove Point, Md., Midshipman Ralph E. Pillson, USN, of Thomaston, Conn.

REDDEN—Killed in practice combat flight, near Jacksonville, Fla., 4 August 1944. Ensign Harvey G. Redden, USNR, of Newark, N. J.

SCOTT—Killed in action 3 Aug., Maj. Stanley C. Scott, USA, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Stanley L. Scott, USA.

SHIELDS—Died at U. S. Naval Air Station, Norman, Okla., 6 August 1944. Lt. Joseph Michael Shields, USMCR, of Pelham Manor, N. Y. Survived by his mother, Mrs. Helen R. Shields, four sisters and a brother of Pelham Manor.

THOMAS—Died at his summer home at Harpswell, Me., 9 August 1944. Lt. Comdr. John Pickering Thomas, USNR, attached to the Naval Intelligence office in Portland, Me. Survived by his widow and two daughters.

TILLINGHAST—Drowned while swimming in Lake Temagami, Ont., 8 August 1944. Mrs. Arthur Tillinghast, wife of Capt. Arthur Tillinghast, MC, AUS, New York Hospital Unit, now serving in the Southwest Pacific area. Survived in addition to her husband, by her parents and a brother all of Cannington, Ont.

WATSON—Killed in action over England, 30 July 1944. Lt. William A. Watson, AAF, of Washington, D. C.

WITHAM—Killed in airplane crash at Cove Point, Md., Lt. W. T. Witham, whose wife and three children live at the Patuxent (Md.) River Naval Air Station.

YUELL—Killed in action in France, Lt. Owens H. Yuell, USA (USMA '43), son of Col. and Mrs. Donovan P. Yuell, USA, and a brother, Maj. Donovan P. Yuell, Jr., USA, who is overseas in France.

Regular Army Officers

The War Department has announced the following temporary promotions of Regular Army Officers:

Lt. Col. to Col.	
Barclay, J. A., OD	Link, E. M., Sig C
Buck, L. N., GSC	Truman, L. W., GSC
Duval, H. H., CAC	Wetherill, R., Inf.
Harvey, T. H., CAC	
Maj. to Lt. Col.	
Adams, L. D., FA	Deano, D. L., VC
Balish, H., Inf.	Gulmond, J. A., JAGD
Brinker, W. E., FA	
Capt. to Maj.	
Cochran, J. M., CAC	Rasmussen, J. H. S., AC
Delaney, W. M., Cav.	
Gunn, A. W., FA	Shadd, W. E., III, Inf.
Harvie, C. T., FA	
1st Lt. to Capt.	
Page, C. W., Jr., Sig C	

Navy Opposes Extra Pay

(Continued from First Page)

cord with the program of the President." The alternative suggestions of the Navy were:

1. Increased pay for persons receiving sea or foreign duty pay who are not receiving additional pay as air or submarine crewmen or as divers.

2. Confining the proposed increases to specific geographic areas, giving the Secretaries of War and the Navy authority to change the areas as the tenor of the war shifted.

3. Making the "flight pay" retroactive.

4. Increasing payments for death and disability.

5. Modifying the bonus bill, S. 1760, to recognize combat service in fixing the rates of "adjusted service pay."

Declaring his opposition to additional pay in war time for performance of any military duty, Secretary Forrester wrote:

"It is the opinion of the Navy Department that no person should receive extra pay for the performance of any military duty in time of war. However, since existing law already provides for increased pay to personnel performing aviation, submarine and diving duty, as well as sea and foreign service duty, there is no desire to disturb the favorable effect of such provisions."

In addition to the types of duty which Mr. Forrester named as now entitling personnel to additional pay, extra compensation also is given to paratroopers, glider crewmen and Army Air Reservists who are not given permanent commissions.

In the Navy also, until recently, \$500 a year for up to seven years' active service was to be paid at time of discharge to Naval Reserve aviators who did not receive permanent appointment. Public law 698 of the 77th Congress authorized suspension of such payments in time of war, and under authority of that act the payments were suspended.

A similar bill to suspend payment of the \$500 bonus to Army Air Reservists was recommended by the War Department many months ago. The bill was reported by the Senate Military Committee but has not been approved by the Senate. The bill, if enacted, would not be retroactive; Air Reservists would have to have to their credit for payment on discharge, if not commissioned in the Regular Army, such sums as had accrued up to the time of approval of the bill.

Pay Act Amendments

(Continued from First Page)

ity with pay of masters.

Permit rated parachutists to continue to receive parachute pay even if not assigned or attached as a member of a parachute unit.

Give nurses and women doctors and other service women right to all allowances and benefits authorized on account of dependents, but only in the case of husband, child or children and parent or parents in fact dependent.

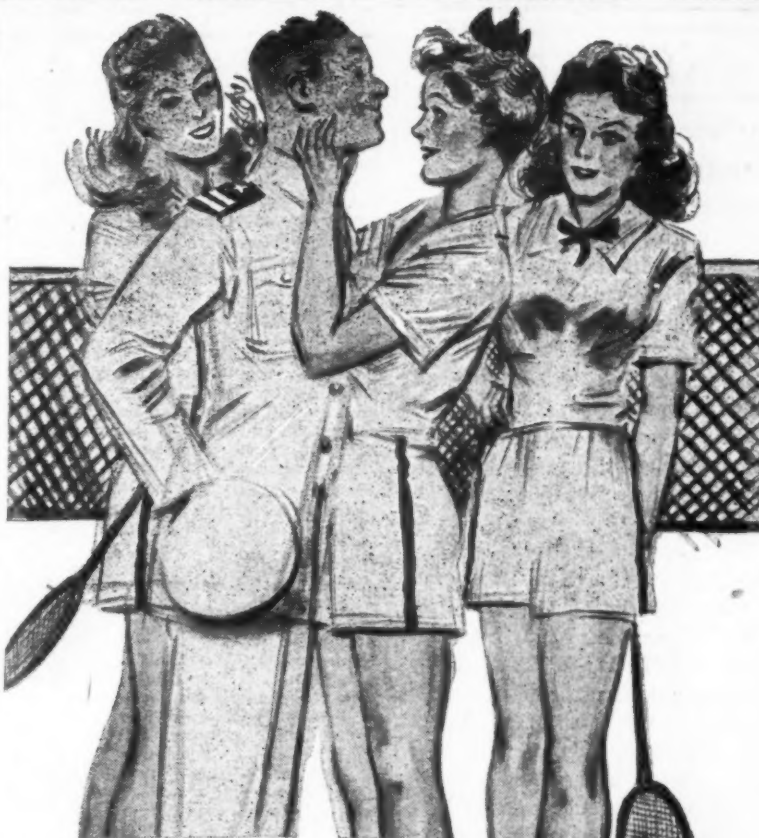
Permit mileage to be paid to members of reserve elements relieved from duty, from place of release to place from which ordered to duty, even if travel is not actually performed between such points.

Give the enlistment allowance to members of reserve components who ship over into the Regular establishments after war, counting active Reserve service as if it has been regular service.

Army and Navy Journal

August 19, 1944

1545



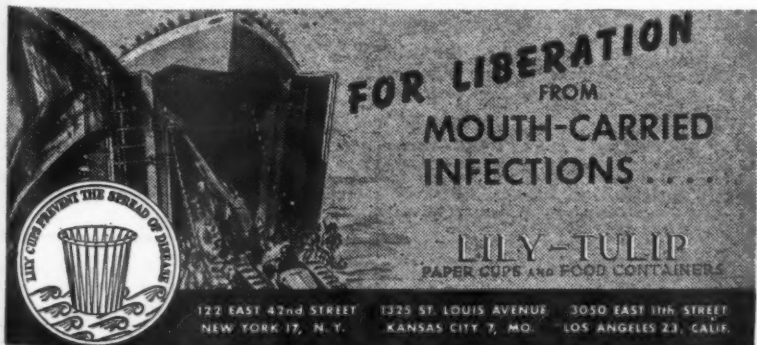
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FINANCE

Financial Digest

The House started debate this week on the Government surplus property which has been variously estimated at from \$75 billion to \$100 billion. Senate action on the bill, the last reconversion bill which they must consider, will probably lag behind such action by the House.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System have reported that bank debits, as reported by banks in 334 leading centers for the month of July, aggregated \$72,950 million. During the past three months total debits for the same centers amounted to \$224,047 million or 14 per cent above the total reported for the corresponding period a year ago. At banks in New York City there was an increase of 15 per cent compared with the corresponding three-months period a year ago, and at the 333 other centers there was an increase of 13 per cent.

An estimated \$75 billion reserve savings in the hands of the public may hold the volume of dollar and consumer credit extended in the two years after the cessation of hostilities in Europe to about 50 per cent of that outstanding in the pre-war period. A recent survey issued this week by Arthur Fertig and Co., accountants and auditors, states that, based on the assumption that hostilities in Europe cease late this year the total volume of consumer installment credit outstanding will probably be at the one and one-half billion dollar level, the lowest at any time during the past six years.

"It is our estimate," the report states, "that the amount of dollar credit as well as the proportionate consumer credit extended will be approximately half of that outstanding in the pre-war period. An increased price level of approximately 20 per cent would call for a total of 60 per cent, as against the estimate of one-half. Such increase would only prevail until production rapidly equaled consumer ability to acquire needed and desired merchandise, at which time the price level would recede and the volume of consumer credit would further recede."

The Federal Reserve Board has announced that rapid expansion of Government expenditures and receipts which has characterized the war is, to all appearances, coming to an end. Predictions are that barring some drastic change in the present situation of the war both expenditures and receipts will continue at the present level. Borrowing needs during the current fiscal year, in view of the currently large Treasury cash balance, should be somewhat smaller than in the fiscal year just ended. An early end of the war would also tend to reduce the amount of borrowing.

Uniform Regulation Clarified

In order to assure maximum conservation of existing materials and production facilities by the use of existing stocks, authority is granted by War Department Circular No. 329, 10 August, to officers of the Army to continue the purchase of service coats with plaited back as described in paragraph 9, AR 600-35, 10 Nov. 1941, so long as present stocks exist.

The provisions of paragraph 1c, AR 600-35, and paragraph 1c, AR 600-40, 31 March 1944, are not to be construed, the circular points out, to prevent the such purchase by officers.

The wearing of either the plaited back service coat or the plain back service coat is optional with the individual officer, and commanding officers are instructed neither to require the purchase nor prescribe the wearing of either coat to the exclusion of the other.

Lt. Gullion Prisoner of War

1st Lt. Allen W. Gullion, Jr., AC, son of Maj. Gen. Allen W. Gullion, former provost marshal general of the Army, who was reported 27 May as missing in action after failing to return from a mission, has now been officially reported to be a prisoner of war interned in Germany.

Lieutenant Gullion received his second lieutenant's commission 1 June 1943, following graduation from West Point. He was commissioned a first lieutenant 1 Dec. 1943.

MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

Recent war risk bonus decisions of the Maritime War Emergency Board indicate that the board is undertaking establishment of world-wide floors below which bonuses will not be cut.

In a formal statement announcing increase in voyage bonus payable to seamen operating in Pacific waters east of the 136th meridian west, the board said:

"While the board remained silent on the subject, the action was interpreted as the first step in the establishment of a world-wide floor below which voyage bonuses would not be cut.

"The decision was further interpreted to mean that the amounts specified in the order would be applicable to other waters as the degree of war risk reaches the level of the eastern Pacific area and that the board would decrease bonuses in several steps in order to adjust the differential between wartime earnings and peacetime wages gradually and on a world-wide basis."

The decision raised the voyage bonus from 25 per cent with a \$30 monthly minimum to 33-1/3 per cent with a \$40 monthly minimum, effective 25 Aug.

Ship Deliveries Slowed

Efforts of the United States Maritime Commission now being directed primarily to the production of vessels needed to meet military requirements are slowing down the merchant ship construction schedule, commission officials said in announcing July production figures.

Commission yards delivered 126 ships with an aggregate of 1,274,433 deadweight tons in July to bring the year's production figures to 990 ships of 9,901,984 deadweight tons. In the corresponding seven months of 1943 the yards had delivered 1,037 vessels of 10,483,331 deadweight tons of generally simpler designs.

Delivery of 13 of the new Victory ships in July, two under June production, is indicative of the conversion of Victory ship hulls to naval and military type ships, it was pointed out.

Twenty-four special type ships were delivered to military services in July. Other vessels delivered in July were: 51 Liberty ships, 10 standard C-type cargo, four concrete cargo, 19 standard tankers, one concrete barge, and four coastal cargo.

Ship Contracts Approved

Contracts for twenty 30,000-barrel tankers and four C-5 bulk cargo tankers have been awarded by the Maritime Commission.

The commission also has authorized two shipping companies to acquire new tonnage for long-term operation.

Mississippi Shipping Company, Inc., will acquire three C-3 passenger-cargo vessels under construction at Ingalls' Pascagoula yards to replace vessels requisitioned by the War Shipping Administration. The vessels will operate between U. S. Gulf ports and the East Coast of South America.

Waterman Steamship Corporation will buy five C-2 cargo ships now building at the Mobile yards of Gulf Shipbuilding Corporation. The vessels will replace others in foreign and domestic trade lost by enemy action.

Awards and Decorations

(Continued from Page 1536)

war.
ACRM L. M. Neale, Jr., USN—Submarine war.

AMM 2c Frank Kuczinski, Jr., USN—Submarine war.

Navy and Marine Corps Medal
GM 3c Sam Varlas, USNR—After the sinking of his ship risked life to save comrades from drowning.

Letters of Commendation
Brig. Gen. H. K. Pickett, USMC—Commended by Army for contributing to the amphibious training of the 81st Div.

Col. D. G. Oglesby, USMC—Commended by Army for contributing to the amphibious training of the 81st Div.

Brig. Gen. Field Harris, USMC—Commended for directing neutralization of enemy air activities, while serving as Comdr. of Solomon Islands.

Letters of Commendation have been issued to the following enlisted men of the U. S. Navy, by the Commander in Chief U. S.

Fleet for courageous conduct as crew members of a Navy Patrol plane in action against an enemy submarine in the Caribbean Sea:

ACO H. I. Towne, USN.
AMM 1c E. E. Draper, USNR.
AR 1c Robert F. Deblin, USN.
AMM 1c Elmer J. Blackledge, USNR.
AR 2c Carl Hodell Walter, USNR.
AMM 2c John M. Bowie, USN.
AMM 2c William J. Hurst, USN.
AMM 2c William H. Williams, USNR.
R 3c Joseph Bernard McKissock, USNR.
For outstanding performance of their duties aboard the USS Claxton, a destroyer in the Southwest Pacific, the following members of the crew were presented with commendation ribbons by their Commanding Officer, Comdr. M. H. Hubbard, USN, in a ceremony aboard ship:
CTM Raymond N. Giunta, USN.
CWT Boleslaw Rusek, USN.
CWT Leo M. Savage, USN.
BM 1c Creighton D. Sims, USN.
GM 2c, Stephen E. McAvine, USN.
SM 2c Kermit R. Kumle, USN.
EM 2c Wilburn L. Carter, USN.
SM 2c Robert Clark, USNR.
GM 3c Beauford Helm, USN.
EM Sterling A. Herbst, USNR.
S 1c James C. Grasham, USNR.
S 1c Thomas S. Ketchik, USNR.
S 1c Lloyd E. Haugen, USNR.

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Final Assault on Japan

A great many men will be needed for the decisive operations in the Pacific to carry through the final assault against Japan. Lt. Gen. Ben Lear, Commanding General, Army Ground Forces, told the United Spanish War Veterans 14 Aug. at Cincinnati, Ohio.

"The conditions," General Lear said, "will be much the same as in 1898 when we volunteered to serve in the Philippines after our time of service has expired." He said:

"Only in a frank and ready acceptance of the full requirements of our national security shall we be able to avoid another such conflict as the one in which we fought today. We hear it often said that we must bring about the total defeat of our enemies in this war so that such a war cannot happen again. In my opinion this will not be the final war unless we are willing to remain strong in a military sense. The truth is that we must not only make certain our enemies are defeated this time. We must maintain a strong America in the years to come, ready to resist and to crush any future threat to our liberty."

"Your officers of the Regular Army have been charged with the organization, training, care, and the leadership of this new and enormous Army. History will write down our quality, and in that writing pass judgment upon all that we have done, or failed to do, in the preparation for battle of our organizations and their individuals. The leaders, of all grades in the American Army, will not escape history. This time they have not been called upon for a spurt of energy and a quick, sharp sacrifice, but for a long pull that will test to the limit their steadiness of nerve and mind, their capacity for one effort after another, their faith in the ideals and beliefs for which many of them will die. This is the supreme test of their moral stamina which is the rock and the sand in the foundation of the American Army. Their history will be written in blood on the battlefields of this war. Be deliberate in your judgment of them."

Waive Pay for Pension

Mechanics for administration of the recently approved act authorizing persons entitled both to retired pay and pension to waive so much of their retired pay as equals the amount of the pension have been agreed upon by the War and Navy Departments and the Veterans' Administration. It was learned this week.

Under the procedure, a veteran receiving retired pay who considers himself to be entitled to pension will apply for the pension to the Veterans' Administration in the customary manner. When that agency approves the claim, it will send with the notification of approval, a form of waiver of retired pay to be signed by the veteran and returned.

When Veterans' Administration receives the waiver it will forward it to the War or Navy Department, as the case may be. That department will note the amount by which retired pay is to be reduced each month, and will notify Veterans' Administration to begin payment of the pension.

The bill, Public Law 314, approved 27 May, will operate to reduce the federal income tax of some personnel since pensions are not taxable whereas retired pay, except in case of physical disability, is taxable.

The statute also may enable some retired personnel to obtain federal civilian jobs who otherwise would be barred because their retired pay exceeded \$2,500, or who, if eligible for such jobs, would be subject to pay deductions under provisions of the Economy Act which provides that civilian pay and retired pay combined shall not exceed \$3,600 per annum.

Assigned to Public Relations

Brig. Gen. Henry A. Barber, Jr., succeeded Brig. Gen. John Magruder, 18 Aug., in the War Department Bureau of Public Relations, taking over the duty of advising correspondents on war background.

General Magruder, who has been on temporary duty in the bureau, returns to his confidential War Department assignment.

General Barber comes to Washington following duty as assistant division commander of the Fourth Division in Normandy.

Vote Law Ban on Information

Acting with a minimum of delay, the Senate Elections Committee this week reported and the Senate and House unanimously passed legislation which would clarify the intention of Congress

that all publications, except those which in their entirety advocate election or nonelection of a specific individual, shall be made available to service personnel.

The bill, S. 2050, is now before the President for approval.

Under terms of the measure, there will be no restriction upon sales of any material at or through post exchanges or ship's service stores or against purchases of any material by "company funds or other similar nonappropriated funds."

Likewise, any individual or corporation, other than a government owned or government controlled corporation, may send any letter, communication, magazine, newspaper or other literature personally to any member of the armed forces.

The bill provides that no restriction shall be placed upon the sending of books, magazines and newspapers of general circulation, unless the selection is necessarily limited by difficulties of transportation or other exigencies of war, in which case the selection must be made in an impartial manner prescribed by the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy.

No restriction shall be placed on motion picture films, radio broadcasts or re-broadcasts, plays or other material presented to the general public in the United States, except that if the Army or Navy re-broadcasts a "political address, it must give equal time if requested to representatives of each party having a Presidential candidate in at least six states."

In the case of servicemen's publications and motion pictures, radio programs, news services and orientation and educational courses originated by the Army and Navy, coverage must be impartial and nonpartisan.

Other material must not, when considered in its entirety, contain political propaganda obviously designed to affect the result of any election for federal office or obviously calculated to create bias for or against a particular candidate in any such election.

Commissions For Hospital Corps

Claiming that there is discrimination against enlisted men on duty in the Medical Departments of the Army and Navy in that they are not encouraged by commissioning them, Representative Dingell, Mich., this week introduced bills, H. R. 5171 and 5172, which provide for such commissioning.

The Surgeon General of the Army would be authorized and directed by H. R. 5171 to appoint as second lieutenants enlisted men who have served 3 years or more in the Medical Department. They would have the pay and allowances of members of the Army Nurse Corps of the same relative rank and length of service; the same authority as the nurses; could advance to the relative rank of superintendent, and would be entitled to the same retirement benefits.

The Surgeon General of the Navy is authorized and directed by H. R. 5172 to appoint as ensigns in the Navy enlisted men who have served 3 years or more in the Hospital Corps of the Navy. The provisions are the same as in the Army bill.

Both bills provide that no member of the Medical Departments shall be subject to their provisions without his consent.

Promotion Forces Out of Job

A retired officer who was automatically raised from \$2,400 to \$2,500 a year in his Farm Security Administration job must relinquish the job, the Comptroller General has ruled (decision B-43367), and must refund all salary paid to him since his promotion.

The Comptroller pointed out that remedial legislation was pending in Congress, but under existing statutes he had no recourse but to find that Capt. William E. Vernon, U.S.A.-Ret., must accept the \$100 a year salary raise and must therefore relinquish his job.

Morale Services Change Name

In order to describe more accurately its increasingly important functions, the name of the Morale Services Division, Army Service Forces, has been changed to the Information and Education Division, the War Department has announced. There will be no change in functions or personnel.

Insignia Changes

Change 1, to AR 600-35 issued by the War Department describes the Bronze Star Medal, authorizes the wear on the shirt of miniature aviation badges, and provides an additional bar for the drive and mechanic award.

The Bronze Star is one and one-half inches in diameter and bears in the center a 3/16 inch raised bronze star. The inscription on the reverse reads: "Heroic or Meritorious Achievement," a space being provided for engraving the name of the recipient. The medal is suspended from a ribbon of the same design as the ribbon bar which has been awarded in lieu of the medal.

Except for flight nurse, aviation badges approximately two inches from tip to tip may be worn optionally on the shirt when worn without the coat.

A mechanic's bar, for automotive or allied trade mechanics, has been added to those worn suspended from the basic drivers and mechanics badge.

Letters to the Editor

Treatment of Japs

Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Unconditional surrender of Japan will call for the physical surrender of a large number of war criminals before any armistice will stop the fighting. A list of their names should be under preparation right now. Whether it will include God-Emperor Hirohito, Emperor Kanto of Manchukuo, Wang Ching-wai of Puppets China, Jose P. Laurel of Puppet Philippines and other high leaders, is speculative. President Franklin Delano Roosevelt has pledged that all Japanese guilty of barbaric acts will be brought to justice. Adjudging death sentences upon war criminals of Japan has precedents.

On February 4, 1868, at Higo (Kobe) during a quasi-war, an armed force of the Bizen Clan, an adherent of Emperor Mutsuhito (Meiji), fired without provocation on the Legations and Flings of America, Britain, Italy, Prussia, Holland and France. The foreigners suffered casualties including wounds to several of our Navy. The Japanese were defeated in the ensuing battle.

The foreign ministers, including our Robert B. Van Valkenburgh, demanded an apology from the Emperor, assurances of non-recurrence, and the capital punishment of the responsible officer—Taki Tensaboro. The Mikado agreed to the demands. He made a formal apology and ordered that Tensaboro commit hara-kiri in the presence of the foreigners. Commander J. Blakely Creighton, American senior Naval officer present, officially represented America at this capital punishment of a Japanese war criminal. Tensaboro ripped up his belly and immediately afterwards his best friend cut off the victim's head with his sword.

Mikado Meiji did not keep his promise to protect foreigners. While ashore with Japanese permission on the third of March in 1898, eleven Frenchmen of the frigate Venus and corvette Duplex were treacherously ambushed and murdered at Sakai, a suburb of Osaka by the retainers of the Prince of Tosa, an adherent of the Emperor.

God-Emperor Meiji agreed to the foreign demands for apology, indemnity, and decapitation of twenty Tosa war criminals under French observation.

Captain Bergasse de Petit Thouars and other Frenchmen witnessed the decapitations, by Japanese executioners, of the war criminals. As the heads slowly dropped off the hour became late. So, Thouars determined that as soon as the eleventh head should have fallen he would suspend operations in order that he and his party might get back safely aboard their ships before dark. That day thus resulted in a "life for a life" with nine guilty war criminals escaping their just punishments.

Some time after this Sakai Affair, Minister Van Valkenburgh was astounded to learn that the eleven war criminals of Sakai who had been beheaded, had been canonized. They were heroes of Japan.

Emperor Meiji also approved of punishments of Chinese war criminals as did the United States, Russia, Britain, France, Germany, Spain, Austro-Hungary, Italy and Belgium. Theodore Roosevelt was President when the Protocol of September 7, 1901, directed that the Chinese war criminals responsible for barbarities during the Boxer War, receive justice. Some were decapitated, others committed suicide according to sentence, still others were exiled, and many more received lesser punishments.

Empress Dowager Tzu Hsi was not included among the punished. This may serve as a precedent to permit the escape of Hirohito. Punishing war criminals of Japan will be a gruesome affair but it is a mission which America, China, Philippines, Netherlands, Britain and India should execute perfectly.

—EDWIN NORTH MCLELLAN,
Lt. Col., U.S.M.C. (Retired).

BUY WAR BONDS

Post-War Employment

Rejecting proposals to provide increased mustering out pay for service personnel and to provide a higher scale of unemployment allowances, financed by the federal government, the Senate last week passed the George post-war demobilization and conversion bill.

The House Ways and Means Committee is now holding hearings on the measure, preparatory to reporting it to the House.

Only provision in the Senate-approved bill directly affecting the services is an injunction to the Secretaries of War and the Navy to discharge from the armed forces "the men and women serving therein during the present war as rapidly as the appropriate department determines that the services of such persons are no longer needed for the prosecution of the war or for national defense" and not to "retain such persons in the armed forces merely for the purpose of preventing unemployment or awaiting opportunities for employment."

Under the George bill, unemployment compensation is left entirely in the hands of the states, with rates to be fixed by the states. It is provided that if any state threatens to incur a deficit the federal government may make certain interest-free advances to the state's unemployment compensation fund.

The federal allowances advocated by Senators Murray and Kilgore and discussed on the first page of the 12 Aug. issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, were attacked as dictatorial and as encouraging people to remain idle rather than to work.

Post-War Policy Group To Meet

The House Select Committee on Post-War Military Policy will resume meetings on 22 Aug. to discuss disposition of surplus property, Representative Woodrum, Va., its chairman, said this week.

The committee has been inactive since it concluded hearings 19 May on the question of amalgamation of the War and Navy Departments into a single defense establishment.

The surplus property disposition, a most timely subject in view of the legislation now going through Congress, will require about a week of open hearings, Mr. Woodrum said.

Program of the committee thereafter is not definite. Several members of the committee, including Representatives Wadsworth, N. Y., and Andrews, N. Y., are anxious that a study of peacetime compulsory military training be undertaken.

In most quarters consensus of opinion is that this matter will not be taken up until after the elections.

Mr. Wadsworth and Senator Gurney, S. Dak., are authors of one peacetime draft measure, while Representative May, Ky., has sponsored a second. Both measures have received the endorsement in principle of the War and Navy Departments, although the two agencies have not committed themselves on details of the bills.

The Joint Chiefs of Staff have set up a four-man group, consisting of Vice Adm. John S. McCain and Rear Adm. James O. Richardson, representing the Navy, and Maj. Gen. Harold L. George and Brig. Gen. William F. Tompkins, representing the Army, to conduct "a thorough examination of the relative advantages, disadvantages and practicability of the following basic systems of organization: two departments—War and Navy; three departments—War, Navy, Air; one Department of War (or of defense)."

Mr. Woodrum said that he had been advised that the matter is still at work but that there was no indication of when their findings would be forthcoming.

Gen. Surles Heads Drive

Maj. Gen. Alexander D. Surles, Director of the War Department's Bureau of Public Relations, has taken over leadership of the War Department's efforts for Community War Fund's campaign for \$4,850,000 in October.

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